# IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

In re:		: :	Chapter 11
JUNIPER GTL LLC.1		:	Case No. 16-31959
		:	
	Debtor.	:	

# JUNIPER GTL LLC'S FIRST AMENDED CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF LIQUIDATION, AS REVISED

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The last four digits of the Debtor's federal tax identification number is 3161. The corporate address of the Debtor is 1001 Fannin, Suite 3950, Houston, Texas 77002.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

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ARTICLE I	DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF INTERPRETATION, COMPUTATION OF TIME AND GOVERNING LAW	
ARTICLE II	TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS	11
ARTICLE III	CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS	12
ARTICLE IV	ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF PLAN	16
ARTICLE V	PROVISIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF PLAN	17
ARTICLE VI	EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES	22
ARTICLE VII	PROVISIONS REGARDING DISTRIBUTIONS	23
ARTICLE VIII	PROCEDURES FOR RESOLUTION OF DISPUTED, CONTINGENT AND UNLIQUIDATED CLAIMS	
ARTICLE IX	CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN	28
ARTICLE X	SETTLEMENT, DISCHARGE, RELEASE, EXCULPATION, INJUNCTIVE AND RELATED PROVISIONS	
ARTICLE XI	VESTING AND PRESERVATION OF CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION	32
ARTICLE XII	RETENTION OF JURISDICTION	33
ARTICLE XIII	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	34

# FIRST AMENDED CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF LIQUIDATION, AS REVISED

Pursuant to title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, Juniper GTL LLC, as debtor and debtor in possession in the above-captioned chapter 11 case, respectfully proposes the following *First Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation, as Revised*:

#### **ARTICLE I**

# DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF INTERPRETATION, COMPUTATION OF TIME AND GOVERNING LAW

- A. Rules of Interpretation, Computation of Time and Governing Law
- For purposes herein: (a) whenever from the context it is appropriate, each term, 1. whether stated in the singular or the plural, shall include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine and the neuter gender; (b) any reference herein to a contract, instrument, release, note or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document shall be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions; (c) any reference herein to an existing document or exhibit Filed, or to be Filed, shall mean such document or exhibit, as it may have been or may be amended, modified or supplemented; (d) unless otherwise specified, all references herein to articles, exhibits and schedules are references to the respective Articles, Exhibits or Schedules hereof or hereto; (e) the words "herein," "hereof" and "hereto" refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Plan; (f) captions and headings of Articles and Sections are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation hereof; (g) the rules of construction set forth in Section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code shall apply; (h) any term used in capitalized form herein that is not otherwise defined but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules shall have the meaning assigned to such term in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, as the case may be; and (i) whenever the Plan or the Plan's Exhibits use the word "including," such reference shall be deemed to mean "including, without limitation.".
- 2. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed hereby, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply.
- 3. Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules apply, and subject to the express provisions of any contract, instrument, release, note or other agreement or document entered into in connection herewith, the laws of the State of New York, giving effect to the conflicts of laws principles thereof, shall govern the construction of the Plan and any agreements, documents, and instruments executed in connection with the Plan, including any rule of law or procedure supplied by federal law as interpreted under the decisions in the State of New York (including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules).

## B. Defined Terms

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings when used in capitalized form herein:

- 1. "Administrative Expense Bar Date" has the meaning set forth in Section II.A.1 of the Plan.
- 2. "Administrative Expense Claim" means any right to payment constituting a cost or expense of administration of the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Sections 503(b) and 507(a)(2) or 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, including: (a) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date of preserving the Estate and operating the Debtor's business; (b) compensation for legal, financial advisory, accounting and other professional services, and reimbursement of expenses awarded or allowed pursuant to Sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code; (c) any indebtedness or obligations incurred or assumed by the Debtor in connection with the conduct of its business after the Petition Date; and (d) all fees and charges assessed against the Estate pursuant to Section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that except as provided herein, the term Administrative Expense Claim does not include any Assumed Liabilities.
  - 3. "Affiliate" has the meaning set forth in Section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 4. "Allowed" means a Claim allowable pursuant to Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or an Administrative Expense Claim allowable pursuant to Section 503 of the Bankruptcy Code: (a) for which a Proof of Claim or request for payment of administrative expense was filed on or before the applicable Bar Date established by the Bankruptcy Court or by other order of the Bankruptcy Court and as to which no objection or other challenge to allowance thereof has been Filed, or if an objection or challenge has been timely Filed, such Claim or Administrative Expense Claim is allowed by a Final Order; (b) for which a Proof of Claim or request for administrative expense is not filed and that has been listed in the Schedules and is not listed as disputed, contingent or unliquidated; or (c) that is deemed allowed under the Plan or by prior order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided, however, that "Allowed Claim" shall not include any Claim subject to disallowance in accordance with Section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 5. "Assumed Liabilities" means those liabilities, leases or executory contracts of the Debtor assumed pursuant to this Plan.
- 6. "Assumed Trade Claims" means the claims of Trade Creditors with whom the Purchaser has reached separate agreement to assume or satisfy such Trade Creditor claim as part of the Sale.
- 7. "Avoidance Action" means any Causes of Action belonging to the Estate under Sections 502(d), 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550 and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code and all proceeds therefrom.
- 8. "Bankruptcy Clerk" means Clerk of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, 515 Rusk Street, Houston, Texas 77002.

- 9. "Bankruptcy Code" means title 11 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time, as in effect on the Confirmation Date, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Case.
- 10. "Bankruptcy Court" means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, or any other court having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case or over any proceedings arising in or related to the Chapter 11 Case.
- 11. "Bankruptcy Rules" means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as amended from time to time, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Case, promulgated pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2075, and the general, local, and chambers rules of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 12. "Bar Date" means, as applicable, the (i) Claims Bar Date, (ii) Governmental Unit Bar Date, or (iii) Administrative Expense Bar Date.
- 13. "Bar Date Order" means the Order Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 501, 502, 503 and 1111(a), Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002 and 3003(c)(3) Establishing Bar Dates For Filing Claims And Approving Form And Manner Of Notice Thereof, entered by the Bankruptcy Court on April 18, 2016 [Docket No. 55].
- 14. "Business Day" means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday, "legal holiday" (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)) or any other day on which commercial banks in New York are required or are authorized to close by law or executive order.
- 15. "Carve-Out" means an amount equal to the aggregate sum of (a) all fees required to be paid pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) and any fees payable to the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court that are (i) incurred prior to the Termination Date, and (ii) included in an Approved Budget, (b) all of the reasonable and documented hourly fees and expenses from time to time incurred by Professionals retained in the Case by Borrower and the Committee that are (i) incurred prior to the Termination Date, and (ii) included in an Approved Budget, (c) a maximum of \$50,000.00 for all of the reasonable and documented hourly fees and expenses from time to time incurred by Professionals retained in the Case by Borrower that are incurred after the Termination Date, and (d) all fees required to be paid pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a)(6) and any fees payable to the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court after the Termination Date.
  - 16. "Cash" means lawful currency of the United States of America.
- 17. "Causes of Action" means, without limitation, all Claims, rights, actions, causes of action, liabilities, obligations, choses in action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, reckonings, bonds, bills, specialties, controversies, promises, damages, judgments, subrogation claims, contribution claims, reimbursement claims, indemnity claims, third-party claims, counterclaims and cross-claims, including all claims arising under state, federal or other non-bankruptcy law, and any avoidance, recharacterization, recovery, subordination or other actions against any Persons or Entities under the Bankruptcy Code, including Sections 506, 509, 510, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 553, and 558 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, of the Debtor or the Estate that are or may be pending or existing on the Effective Date, or that may be brought thereafter, or which are based on any facts or circumstances occurring on or before the Effective Date, based in law or equity or statute, including under the Bankruptcy

Code, whether direct, indirect, known or unknown, derivative, or otherwise and whether asserted or unasserted as of the Effective Date.

- 18. "Chapter 11 Case" means the chapter 11 case styled *In re Juniper GTL LLC*, Case Number 16 -31959, pending in the Bankruptcy Court.
- 19. "Claim" means a claim, as defined by Section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, against the Debtor or against property of the Debtor.
- 20. "Claims Bar Date" means May 27, 2016 at 5:00 p.m. (Central Time) which is the date established by the Bankruptcy Court in the Bar Date Order by which Holders of Claims other than Governmental Unit Claims and Administrative Expense Claims are required to File Proofs of Claim on account of such Claims; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, pursuant to the DIP Orders and the Bar Date Order, the Prepetition Lenders' Claims have been deemed timely filed.
- 21. "Claims Objection Deadline" means 180 days after the Effective Date, or such later date as may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that this deadline may be extended one or more times upon motion by the Liquidating Trustee, without notice to Holders of Disputed Claims in Class 5.
- 22. "Class" means a category of Holders of Claims or Equity Interests as set forth in Article III herein.
- 23. "Collateral" means any property or interest in property of the Estate that is subject to an unavoidable Lien to secure the payment or performance of a Claim.
- 24. "Confirmation" means the entry on the docket by the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court of the Confirmation Order, subject to all conditions specified in Section IX.A herein having been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section IX.C herein.
- 25. "Confirmation Date" means the date upon which the Confirmation Order is entered by the Bankruptcy Court on its docket, within the meaning of Bankruptcy Rules 5003 and 9021.
- 26. "Confirmation Hearing" means the hearing or hearings at which the Bankruptcy Court considers entry of the Confirmation Order.
- 27. "Confirmation Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.
  - 28. "Creditor" means any Holder of a Claim.
  - 29. "Debtor" means Juniper GTL LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.
- 30. "DIP Lender" means Westlake GTL LLC as lender under the DIP Credit Agreement.
  - 31. "DIP Credit Agreement" means that certain Debtor in Possession Loan and

Security Agreement, dated as of April 12, 2016 (as may be amended in accordance with the terms thereof and the terms of any applicable DIP Financing Order), by and between the Debtor, as borrower, and the DIP Lender, as approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the DIP Financing Orders.

- 32. "DIP Loan Claim" means all Claims held by the DIP Lender pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Financing Orders.
- 33. "DIP Financing Orders" means, collectively, the Interim DIP Order and the Final DIP Order, as such orders may be supplemented or extended.
- 34. "Disclosure Statement" means the Disclosure Statement for the Plan as it may be amended, supplemented, or modified from time to time, that is prepared and distributed in accordance with Sections 1125, 1126(b) and/or 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 3018 and/or other applicable law and approved by the Bankruptcy Court in the Disclosure Statement Order.
- 35. "Disclosure Statement Order" means the order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the Disclosure Statement.
- 36. "Disputed" means, with respect to any Claim or Equity Interest, as of the date of determination, any Claim or Equity Interest: (a) listed on the Schedules as unliquidated, disputed or contingent, unless and until it is Allowed pursuant to a Final Order; (b) as to which the Debtor or any other party in interest has Filed a timely objection or request for estimation in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules, which objection or request for estimation has not been withdrawn with prejudice or determined by a Final Order; (c) as to which the deadline for filing objections has not passed (whether or not an objection has been Filed), unless and to the extent such Claim or Equity Interest has been Allowed pursuant to the Plan or an order that is a Final Order; or (d) that is otherwise disputed by the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee or any other party in interest, or is subject to any right of setoff or recoupment, or the Holder thereof is subject to any Claim or Causes of Action, in accordance with applicable law, which dispute, right of setoff or recoupment, Claim or Causes of Action, has not been withdrawn or determined in favor of such Holder by a Final Order. For the avoidance of doubt, none of the Class 1 Claims are Disputed Claims.
- 37. "Effective Date" means the date which is the later of the first Business Day after (i) the Confirmation Order becomes a Final Order or (ii) all conditions specified in Section IX.B herein have been (x) satisfied or (y) waived pursuant to Section IX.C herein.
- 38. "Employee Priority Claim" means any Claim under Sections 507(a)(4) or 507(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.
  - 39. "Entity" means an entity as defined in Section 101(15) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 40. "Equity Interest" means any equity interest in the Debtor, including any issued, unissued, authorized or outstanding member interests together with any warrants, options or contract rights to purchase or acquire such interests at any time, or any claim or interest that is subject to the subordination to the level of any equity interest pursuant to Bankruptcy Code

Section 510(b).

- 41. "Estate" means the estate of the Debtor created pursuant to Section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code upon the commencement of the Chapter 11 Case.
- 42. "Excluded Assets" means those Properties of Borrower with respect to which no Lien or Superpriority Claim shall be granted to Lender as security for the Obligations. The Excluded Assets are comprised only of (i) the Carve-Out, (ii) all cash of Borrower, except for amounts advanced as DIP Loans, (iii) all Chapter 5 Actions and Claims (except those against Westlake, RDS, RCI or their respective Affiliates or representatives, in any capacity), (iv) all estate claims (excluding commercial contract and tort claims associated with any of the Purchased Assets, (v) all other assets, properties and rights owned, held, or utilized by Borrower on and after the Closing Date, other than the Purchased Assets, and (vi) all proceeds from the foregoing (except with respect to the DIP Loans and Chapter 5 Actions and Claims against Westlake, RDS, RCI or their respective Affiliates or representatives, in any capacity.
- 43. "File" or "Filed" means file or filed with the Bankruptcy Court in the Chapter 11 Case.
  - 44. "Final Decree" means the decree contemplated under Bankruptcy Rule 3022.
- 45. "Final DIP Order" means the Final Order (i) Approving Debtor-in-Possession Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 362, 363, 364 and 507 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, 4001 and 9014 and Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, (ii) Authorizing Use of Cash Collateral Pursuant to 11 U.S.C.§§ 105(a), 361, 362 and 363, (iii) Granting Superpriority Administrative Claims, and (v) Granting Related Relief entered by the Bankruptcy Court on May 9, 2016 [Docket No. 113], as such order may be supplemented or extended.
- 46. "Final Order" means an order of the Bankruptcy Court: (i) as to which the time to appeal, petition for certiorari or move for reargument, reconsideration or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal, petition for certiorari or other proceeding for reargument, reconsideration or rehearing is pending; or (ii) if an appeal, writ of certiorari, reargument or rehearing thereof has been sought, such order has been affirmed by the highest court to which such order was appealed or from which certiorari was sought, reargument, reconsideration or rehearing has been denied or resulted in no modification of such order, and the time to take any further appeal, petition for certiorari or move for reargument, reconsideration or rehearing has expired; provided, however, that the possibility of a motion pursuant to Rule 59 or 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or any analogous Bankruptcy Rule or rule governing appellate practice being Filed with respect to such order shall not cause such order to be deemed a non-Final Order.
- 47. "General Unsecured Claim" means any Claim that is not an Administrative Expense Claim, DIP Loan Claim, Priority Claim, Secured Tax Claim, Other Secured Claim, Level 4 Secured Claim, Level 5 Secured Claim or Priority Employee Claim.
- 48. "Governmental Unit" has the meaning set forth in Section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 49. "Governmental Unit Bar Date" means October 11, 2016, at 5:00 p.m. (Central Time) which is the date established by the Bankruptcy Court in the Bar Date Order by which Holders of Governmental Unit Claims are required to File Proofs of Claim on account of such Governmental Unit Claims in accordance with the Bar Date Order.
- 50. "Governmental Unit Claim" means any Claim the Holder of which is a Governmental Unit.
- 51. "Holder" means the Person or Entity holding the beneficial interest in a Claim, Equity Interest or Liquidating Trust Interest.
- 52. "Impaired" means, with respect to any Class of Claims or Equity Interests, a Claim or Equity Interest that is impaired within the meaning of Section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 53. "Impaired Claim" or "Impaired Equity Interest" means a Claim or Equity Interest, as the case may be, classified in an Impaired Class.
- 54. "Interim DIP Order" means the Interim Order (i) Approving Debtor-in-Possession Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C.§§ 105(a), 362, 363, 364 and 507 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002, 4001 and 9014 and Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, (ii) Authorizing Use of Cash Collateral Pursuant to 11 U.S.C.§§ 105(a), 361, 362 and 363, (iii) Granting Superpriority Administrative Claims, (iv) Scheduling a Final Hearing and (v) Granting Related Relief entered by the Bankruptcy Court on April 19, 2016 [Docket No. 57], as such order may be supplemented or extended.
  - 55. "IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service.
- 56. "Level 4 Secured Claim" means those holders of Allowed liens and/or privileges granted to material suppliers [La. R.S. 9:4801(3) and La. R.S. 9:4802(A)(3), equipment lessors [La. R.S. 9:4801(4) and La. R.S. 9:4802(A)(4)] and subcontractors [La. R.S. 9:4802(A)(1)], pursuant to the Louisiana Private Works Act, La. R.S. 9-4801, et. seq.
- 57. "Level 4 Secured Claim Payment" means the aggregate sum owed to holders of Allowed Level 4 Secured claims, payable from the proceeds of the Sale.
- 58. "Level 5 Secured Claim" means those holders of Allowed lien and/or privileges to contractors [La. R.S. 9:4801(1)] and design professionals and surveyors in privity with the Owner [La. R.S. 9:4801(5)], pursuant to the Louisiana Private Works Act, La. R.S. 9-4801, et. seq.
- 59. "Level 5 Secured Claim Payment" means the aggregate available from the proceeds of the Sale after satisfaction of Allowed Claims in (i) Class 1, (ii) Class 3 (if any), (iii) Class 4, and (iv) \$300,000 earmarked for Class 5.
  - 60. "Lien" means a lien as defined by Section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code.
  - 61. "Liquidating Trust" means the liquidating trust established on the Effective Date,

in accordance with the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement, for the benefit of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, to which the Liquidating Trust Assets will be transferred and liquidated in accordance with the terms of this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement; the Liquidating Trust shall conduct no business and shall qualify as a liquidating trust pursuant to Treasury Regulations § 301.7701-4(d).

- 62. "Liquidating Trust Agreement" means the trust agreement between the Debtor, and the Liquidating Trustee that, among other things, creates and establishes the Liquidating Trust, describes the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Liquidating Trustee, and provides for the liquidation and distribution of proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets, which trust agreement shall be substantially in the form filed in the Plan Supplement.
- 63. "Liquidating Trust Assets" means the Vested Causes of Action (except for any Causes of Action released by order of the Bankruptcy Court or by operation of this Plan), as well as cash in the amount of \$300,000.
- 64. "Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries" means each Holder of a Liquidating Trust Interest.
- 65. "Liquidating Trust Interest" has the meaning set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.
- 66. "Liquidating Trustee" means such Person or Entity appointed as trustee for the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, which appointment is acceptable to the Debtor and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 67. "Local Rules" means the Bankruptcy Local Rules for the Bankruptcy Court, as amended from time to time.
- 68. "Official Bankruptcy Forms" means the Official and Procedural Bankruptcy Forms, prescribed by the Judicial Conference of the United States, in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 9009.
- 69. "Other Administrative Expense Claim" means any Administrative Expense Claim other than a Professional Fee Claim.
- 70. "Other Secured Claim" means any Secured Claim other than a Claim held by a Level 4 Secured Creditor, Level 5 Secured Creditor or Secured Tax Claim.
  - 71. "Permissible Investments" has the meaning set forth in Section V.C.7 of the Plan.
  - 72. "Person" means a person as defined in Section 101(41) of the Bankruptcy Code.
  - 73. "Petition Date" means April 14, 2016.
- 74. "Plan" means this First Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, as Revised, including all exhibits, supplements, appendices, and schedules hereto, either in its present form or as it may be altered, amended, modified or supplemented from time to time in accordance

with the terms hereof, the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

- 75. "Plan Supplement" means the compilation of documents and form of documents, schedules and exhibits, including the Liquidating Trust Agreement, to be Filed on or before seven (7) days prior to the Voting Deadline and which may be amended from time to time until Confirmation.
- 76. "Plan Support Parties" means those parties which are signatories to that certain Stalking Horse and DIP Financing Agreement dated March 13, 2016, as amended and restated on April 12, 2016 and amended on May 8, 2016.
- 77. "Priority Claim" means any Priority Non-Tax Claim, Priority Employee Claim or Priority Tax Claim.
- 78. "Priority Employee Claim" means Allowed claims held by employees of the Debtor pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(4).
- 79. "Priority Non-Tax Claim" means a Claim accorded priority in right of payment under Section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than a Priority Tax Claim, Administrative Expense Claim or Priority Employee Claim.
- 80. "Priority Tax Claim" means an unsecured Claim of a Governmental Unit of the kind specified in Sections 502(i) or 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 81. "Professional" means a Person or Entity employed pursuant to a Final Order in accordance with Sections 327 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services rendered prior to the Confirmation Date, pursuant to Sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code, or for which compensation and reimbursement has been allowed by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 82. "Professional Fee Claim" means any Claim for fees and expenses (including hourly, transaction, and success fees) for services rendered by Professionals in the Chapter 11 Case.
- 83. "Professional Fee Claim Bar Date" has the meaning set forth in Section II.A.3 of the Plan.
  - 84. "Proof of Claim" has the meaning set forth in Bankruptcy Rule 3001.
- 85. "Pro Rata" means the proportion that an Allowed Claim in a particular Class bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims in such Class.
- 86. "Purchaser" means Westlake; provided that Purchaser also shall include RCI solely for the purposes of providing part of the consideration to Debtor and the representations and warranties in <u>Sections 4.2-4.4, 5.3, 5.6, 5.7, and 5.8</u> of the Asset Purchase Agreement between Debtor. Westlake and RCI.
  - 87. "RCI" means Richard Construction, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

- 88. "RDS" means Richard Design Services Inc., a Delaware corporation.
- 89. "Record Date" means the date as of which the identity of Holders of Claims or Interests is set for purposes of determining the identity of Entities entitled to receive a ballot(s) and vote on the Plan.
- 90. "Released Party" or "Released Parties" means the Debtor, the Estate, each of the Plan Support Parties and the DIP Lender, and each of their respective successors and predecessors and current and former control persons, trustees or beneficiaries, direct or indirect shareholders or members, officers, directors, employees, affiliates, principals and agents (and each of their respective attorneys, consultants, financial advisors, investment bankers, accountants, and other retained professionals), in each case solely in their capacities as such.
- 91. "Sale" means the sale transaction transferring title to all, or substantially all, of the Debtor's assets to the winning bidder pursuant to Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.
- 92. "Schedules" mean the schedules of assets and liabilities and the statement of financial affairs that were filed by the Debtor in accordance with Section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Official Bankruptcy Forms and the Bankruptcy Rules, as they may be amended and supplemented from time to time [Docket Nos. 22, 23 and 152].
- 93. "Secured Claim" means (a) any Claim to the extent reflected in the Schedules or upon a Proof of Claim as a Secured Claim, that is secured by a Lien on Collateral, which Lien is valid, perfected and enforceable under applicable law or by reason of a Final Order, or that is subject to setoff pursuant to Section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the value of such Collateral as determined pursuant to Section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, or (b) any Claim Allowed under this Plan as a Secured Claim.
  - 94. "Secured Tax Claims" means a Secured Claim held by a Governmental Unit.
- 95. "Subordinated Claim" means collectively all Claims arising pursuant to those certain (i) Loan Agreement and Promissory Note dated as of March 4, 2016, between Borrower and RCI, (ii) Loan Agreement and Promissory Note dated as of March 4, 2016, between Borrower and Lender, (iii) Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of March 11, 2016, between Borrower and RCI, and (iv) Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of March 11, 2016, between Borrower and Lender, (v) Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of March 24, 20016, between Borrower and Lender, (vi) Third Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated March 31, 2016, between Borrower and Lender, and (vii) all other instruments, documents and agreements relating to the foregoing evidencing the Pre-Petition Loan Obligations, along with all amendments, modifications, supplements or restatements of any of the foregoing.
  - 96. "Trade Creditor" means a vendor, supplier or other trade creditor of the Debtor.
  - 97. "Treasury Regulations" means title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 98. "Unimpaired" means, with respect to a Class of Claims, a Claim that is not impaired within the meaning of Section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 99. "U.S. Trustee" means the Office of the United States Trustee for Region 7.
- 100. "Vested Causes of Actions" means all Avoidance Actions belonging to the Estate that are being transferred to the Liquidating Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Purchaser is the winning bidder and closes the Sale, any Causes of Action against Westlake, the Purchaser, RCI or RDS, or any other their representatives, are hereby waived and released and do not become a Vested Cause of Action.
- 101. "Voting Agent" means Donlin, Recano & Company, Inc., or such other entity as approved by order of the Bankruptcy Court to assist in the Plan balloting process.
- 102. "Voting Deadline" means the deadline to vote on the Plan as set by the Bankruptcy Court.
  - 103. "Westlake" means Westlake GTL LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

#### **ARTICLE II**

# TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

- A. Administrative Expense Claims
  - 1. Administrative Expense Bar Date

All Other Administrative Expense Claims that are not subject to payment in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court not later than ten (10) days before the date scheduled for the Confirmation Hearing (the "Administrative Expense Bar Date"), and objections (if any) to such Other Administrative Expense Claim may be filed no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date. Any Holder of an Other Administrative Expense Claim who fails to file a timely request for the payment of an Other Administrative Expense Claim as provided in this paragraph: (a) shall be forever barred, estopped and enjoined from asserting such Other Administrative Expense Claim against the Debtor, or the Liquidating Trust Assets (or filing a request for the allowance thereof), and the Debtor, the Estate, and the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be forever discharged from any and all indebtedness or liability with respect to such Other Administrative Expense Claim; and (b) such Holder shall not be permitted to participate in any distribution under the Plan on account of such Other Administrative Expense Claim.

For the avoidance of doubt, Persons or Entities seeking awards by the Bankruptcy Court for Professional Fee Claims shall not be required to comply with the Administrative Expense Bar Date; instead Professional Fee Claims are governed by Article II.A.3 and the Professional Fee Claim Bar Date. Further, for the avoidance of doubt, the DIP Lender's Administrative Claim is Allowed by operation of the DIP Financing Orders and the DIP Lender shall not be required to file any further claim in connection with the Administrative Expense Bar Date.

# 2. Treatment of Other Administrative Expense Claims

Each Holder of an Allowed Other Administrative Expense Claim shall, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Other Administrative Expense Claim, be paid either (i) in Cash, in full, on, or as soon as practicable following, the later of (x) the Effective Date, (y) the date such Claim becomes due and payable in the ordinary course of business, or (z) the date of entry of a Final Order allowing such Other Administrative Claim, or (ii) on such other terms and conditions as may be agreed between the Holder of such Claim, on the one hand, and the Debtor, or the Liquidating Trustee (as applicable), on the other hand; provided, however, that if the Purchaser is the winning bidder at the Sale, the DIP Lender's Allowed Administrative Claim, and any and all DIP Loan Claims will be deemed to have been cancelled, discharged and satisfied, in full, via the credit bid of the Purchaser. In such event, there will be no further payment or distribution to the DIP Lender on account of its DIP Loan Claims.

#### 3. Treatment of Professional Fee Claims

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, all Persons or Entities seeking awards by the Bankruptcy Court of Professional Fee Claims for compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred on behalf of the Estate prior to the Effective Date shall file, on or before the date that is forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date (the "*Professional Fee Claim Bar Date*"), their respective applications for final allowances of compensation for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred. The Debtor or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall pay each Professional Fee Claim within fifteen (15) days after such claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

The Debtor or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, are authorized to pay compensation for services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred after the Effective Date by their respective Professionals in the ordinary course of business and without the need for Bankruptcy Court approval.

# 4. Treatment of Priority Tax Claims

Each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, shall, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed claim receive (i) in Cash, in full, on, or as soon as practicable following, the later of (x) the Effective Date, (y) the date such Allowed Priority Tax Claim becomes due and payable in the ordinary course of business, or (z) the date of entry of a Final Order allowing such Priority Tax Claim, or (ii) on such other terms and conditions as may be agreed between the Holder of such Claim, on the one hand, and the Debtor, or the Liquidating Trustee (as applicable), on the other hand.

#### **ARTICLE III**

# CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

#### A. Summary

The categories listed below classify Claims against and Equity Interests in the Debtor for

all purposes, including voting, confirmation and distribution pursuant hereto and pursuant to Sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or Equity Interest shall be deemed classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Equity Interest qualifies within the description of that Class and shall be deemed classified in a different Class to the extent that any remainder of such Claim or Equity Interest qualifies within the description of such different Class. A Claim or Equity Interest is in a particular Class only to the extent that such Claim or Equity Interest is Allowed in that Class and has not been paid or otherwise satisfied prior to the Effective Date.

## **Summary of Classification and Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests**

Class	Claim	<b>Status</b>	Voting Right
1	Level 4 Secured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
2	Level 5 Secured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
3	Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired	Deemed to Accept
4	Priority Employee Claims	Unimpaired	Deemed to Accept
5	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
6	Subordinated Claims	Impaired	Deemed to Reject
7	Equity Interests	Impaired	Deemed to Reject

#### B. Classification, Treatment and Voting

#### 1. Class 1 – Level 4 Secured Claims

- (a) Classification: Class 1 comprises the Allowed Level 4 Secured Claims.
- (b) *Treatment*: Each Holder of an Allowed Class 1 Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Claim, funds from the Level 4 Secured Claim Payment equal to the principal amount of each Holder's Allowed Class 1 Claim, Holders of Class 1 Claims expressly waiving and releasing any Claim for interest, fees, or other costs that could be asserted pursuant to the Louisiana Private Works Act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Purchaser is the winning bidder at the Sale, the Class 1 Claim of RCI shall be deemed to be discharged and fully satisfied via the credit bid of the Purchaser. In such event, there will be no distribution to the Class 1 Claim of RCI under this Plan.
- (c) On the satisfaction of the obligations set forth in this paragraph, the Liens securing such Allowed Class 1 Claim shall be deemed released, terminated and extinguished, in each case, without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any Person or Entity; provided, however, in the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale) requests that the Holder of a Class 1

Claim execute any Lien release or other similar document (whether or not in recordable form), each Holder of a Class 1 Claim shall execute such document. In the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale), requests the execution of a Lien release, all costs associated with such release shall be paid by the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale).

(d) *Voting*: Class 1 is Impaired and the Holders of Class 1 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 2. Class 2 – Level 5 Secured Claims

- (a) Classification: Class 2 comprises the Allowed Level 5 Secured Claims.
- Treatment: Each Holder of an Allowed Class 2 Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Claim, a Pro Rata distribution from the Level 5 Secured Claim Payment calculated on the principal amount of the Allowed Class 2 Claim, Holders of Level 5 Secured Claims expressly waiving and releasing any Claim for interest, fees, or other costs that could be asserted pursuant to the Louisiana Private Works Act. On the satisfaction of the obligations set forth in this paragraph, the Liens securing the Allowed Class 2 Claim shall be deemed released, terminated and extinguished, in each case, without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any Person or Entity; provided, however, in the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale) requests that the Holder of a Class 2 claim execute any Lien release or other similar document (whether or not in recordable form), each Holder of a Class 2 Claim shall execute such document. In the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale), requests the execution of a Lien release, all costs associated with such release shall be paid by the Purchaser (or other winning bidder at the Sale).
- (c) *Voting*: Class 2 is Impaired and the Holders of Class 2 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 3. Class 3 – Other Secured Claims

- (a) Classification: Class 3 comprises the Other Secured Claims.
- (b) *Treatment*: Each Holder of an Allowed Class 3 Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Class 3 Claim on or as soon as practicable following the Effective Date, at the sole discretion of the Debtor, or, as applicable: (i) Cash equal to the Allowed amount of such Other Secured Claim; (ii) receipt of any Collateral securing such Claim; (iii) treatment that leaves unaltered the legal, equitable and contractual rights to which such Allowed Other Secured Claim entitles the Holder of such Claim; or (iv) such other treatment as may be agreed upon with the Holder of such Allowed Other Secured Claim, on the one hand, and the Debtor or the , as applicable, on the other hand. On the full payment or other satisfaction of the obligations set forth in this paragraph, the Liens securing the Allowed Other Secured Claims shall be deemed released, terminated and extinguished, in each case without

further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any Person or Entity.

(c) *Voting*: Class 3 is unimpaired and pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the Holders of Class 3 Claims are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Therefore, votes from Class 3 claimants will not be solicited.

# 4. Class 4 – Priority Employee Claims

- (a) Classification: Class 4 comprises the Allowed Priority Employee Claims.
- (b) *Treatment:* To the extent it has not already been satisfied pursuant to prior Bankruptcy Court Order, each Holder of an Allowed Class 4 Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Claim, payment in full, in cash, equal to the amount of such Allowed Class 4 Claim. Payments to holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims shall commence on the later of (i) fifteen (15) days following the Effective Date, or (ii) the first Business Day after such claim becomes an Allowed Claim.
- (c) *Voting:* Class 4 is unimpaired and pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), the Holders of Class 4 Claims are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Therefore, votes from Class 4 claimants will not be solicited.

#### 5. Class 5 – General Unsecured Claims

- (a) Classification: Class 5 comprises the Allowed General Unsecured Claims.
- (b) *Treatment*: Each Holder of an Allowed Class 5 Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Allowed Claim, ratable rights to the Liquidating Trust Assets. The allowance and distributions from the Liquidating Trust will be determined by the Liquidating Trustee, as otherwise governed by the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Purchaser is the winning bidder and closes the Sale, (i) all Assumed Trade Claims shall be deemed discharged and fully satisfied, via payment from the Purchaser so that there will be no further payment or distribution on account of such Assumed Trade Claims under this Plan and (ii) any Allowed Class 5 Claim of RCI or RDS shall be deemed fully satisfied so that there will be no further payment or distribution on account of such Claims under this Plan.
- (c) *Voting*: Class 5 is Impaired and the Holders of Claims in Class 5 are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

#### 6. Class 6 – Subordinated Claims

(a) Classification: Class 6 comprises the Allowed Subordinated Claims.

- (b) *Treatment:* No distribution will be made under the Plan on account of any Allowed Class 6 Claim.
- (c) *Voting:* Class 6 is Impaired and pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 1126(g) is deemed to have rejected the Plan. Therefore, votes from holders in Class 6 will not be solicited.

# 7. Class 7 – Equity Interests

- (a) Classification: Class 7 comprises the Equity Interests.
- (b) *Treatment*: No distributions shall be made under the Plan on account of any Equity Interest. As of the Effective Date, any and all Equity Interests are cancelled and deemed discharged without any further notice or order.
- (c) *Voting*: Class 7 is Impaired and pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 1126(g) is deemed to have rejected the Plan. Therefore, votes from holders in Class 7 will not be solicited.

#### **ARTICLE IV**

#### ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF PLAN

## A. Voting Classes

Holders of Claims in each Impaired Class of Claims are entitled to vote as a Class to accept or reject the Plan. Class 3 and Class 4 are unimpaired and, by operation of Bankruptcy Code Section 1126(f), claimants in such Classes are deemed to have accepted the Plan. Classes 6 and 7 are deemed to reject the Plan because the Holders of Class 6 Claims and Class 7 Interests will receive no distribution on account of their Claims/Interests. Accordingly, they will not be solicited to vote.

## B. Acceptance by Impaired Classes

An Impaired Class of Claims shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan if the (a) Holders (other than any Holder designated pursuant to Section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of at least two-thirds in amount of the Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan and (b) Holders (other than any Holder designated pursuant to Section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of more than one-half in number of the Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan.

#### C. Elimination of Vacant Classes

Any Class of Claims or Interests that does not have a Holder of an Allowed Claim or a Claim temporarily Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court as of the date of the Confirmation Hearing shall be deemed eliminated from the Plan for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan and for purposes of determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan by such Class pursuant to Section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### D. Failure to Vote

If the Holders of Claims in a particular Impaired Class of Claims were given the opportunity to vote to accept or reject the Plan, but no Holders of Claims in such Impaired Class of Claims voted to accept or reject the Plan, then such Class of Claims shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan.

## E. Non-Consensual Confirmation

To the extent that any Impaired Class rejects the Plan or is deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtor will request confirmation of the Plan pursuant to Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor reserves the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw this Plan or any document in the Plan Supplement, including to amend or modify it to satisfy the requirements of Section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, if necessary, subject to Section XIII.D of the Plan.

#### **ARTICLE V**

#### PROVISIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF PLAN

# A. Liquidation of the Debtor

The Plan contemplates the liquidation and winding up of the Debtor following the Sale. All remaining property of the Estate and of the Debtor following the closing of the Sale shall vest automatically in the Liquidating Trust clear of any and all Claims, Liens and Equity Interests, except for those Claims and Liens expressly provided for in the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 1141(b) and (c), without the need for any further notice or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any Person or Entity, except for any asset that is expressly excluded or disclaimed and the Liquidating Trust Assets

## B. Liquidating Trust

#### 1. Establishment of Liquidating Trust

On the Effective Date, the Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee, on their own behalf and on behalf of Holders of Allowed Claims in Class 5, shall execute the Liquidating Trust Agreement and shall take all other steps necessary to establish the Liquidating Trust for the benefit of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan.

## 2. Funding of Liquidating Trust

The Liquidating Trust will be irrevocably vested with (i) cash in the amount of \$300,000 and (ii) the Avoidance Actions.

# 3. Appointment of Liquidating Trustee

The Liquidating Trustee shall be acceptable to the Debtor and approved by the

Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date.

# 4. Transfer and Vesting of Liquidating Trust Assets in Liquidating Trust

Notwithstanding any prohibition on assignability under applicable non-bankruptcy law, on the Effective Date and periodically thereafter if additional Liquidating Trust Assets become available, the Debtor shall be deemed to have automatically transferred to the Liquidating Trust all of its right, title and interest in and to all of such additional Liquidating Trust Assets, and in accordance with Sections 1123 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, all such assets shall automatically irrevocably vest in the Liquidating Trust free and clear of all Claims and Liens, subject only to the Allowed Claims of the applicable Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, as set forth in the Plan, and the reasonable fees and expenses of administering the Liquidating Trust, including the reasonable fees and expenses of the Liquidating Trustee, as provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Thereupon, the Debtor shall have no interest in or with respect to such additional Liquidating Trust Assets or the Liquidating Trust, except to the extent that the has or acquires an Allowed Claim against the Liquidating Trust (whether through purchase, assignment, subrogation or otherwise). The Debtor hereby expressly preserves and transfers to the Liquidating Trust all of its rights, claims and causes of action including without limitation, all Causes of Action including those identified in the Disclosure statement and all other claims and causes of action. The Debtor has not investigated whether there exist potential Causes of Action, other than Avoidance Actions, that would belong to the estate. By way of example, the Debtor has not conducted any investigation into any of the pre-petition transactions or advances by any parties including Insiders. Further, the Debtor has not conducted any investigation into how the Debtor was managed prior to the appointment of the CRO, Mr. Rush. If any such claims or Causes of Action exist, the Debtor intends that any and all such actions are fully preserved and transferred to the Liquidating Trust so that the Liquidating Trustee can conduct its own investigations and pursue any such causes of action for the benefit of the beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust. Any parties, particularly Insiders who managed the Debtor or entered into transactions with the Debtor are advised that their actions (or inactions) may give rise to possible claims by the Estate which will be preserved and transferred to the Liquidating Trust, upon the Effective Date.

## 5. Preservation of Confidences and Attorney-Client Privilege

To effectively investigate, defend or pursue the Liquidating Trust Assets, including any Causes of Action, the Debtor, the Liquidating Trust, Liquidating Trustee and all counsel thereto, must be able to exchange information with each other on a confidential basis and cooperate in common interest efforts without waiving any applicable privilege. Given the common interests of the parties and the Liquidating Trust's position as successor to the Liquidating Trust Assets, sharing such information in the manner described in the previous sentence to the extent necessary, shall not waive or limit any applicable privilege or exemption from disclosure or discovery related to such information.

6. Treatment of Liquidating Trust for Federal Income Tax Purposes; No Successor-in-Interest

The Liquidating Trust shall be established for the primary purpose of liquidating its

assets, in accordance with Treas. Reg. § 301.7701-4(d), with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business, except to the extent reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of the Liquidating Trust. Accordingly, the Liquidating Trustee shall in an expeditious but orderly manner, liquidate and convert to Cash the Liquidating Trust Assets, including the Vested Causes of Action, make timely distributions of the proceeds therefrom to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, as the case may be, and not unduly prolong their duration. The Liquidating Trust shall not be deemed a successor in interest of the Debtor for any purpose other than as specifically set forth herein or in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

The Liquidating Trust is intended to qualify as a "grantor trust" for federal income tax purposes with the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries treated as grantors and owners of the Liquidating Trust. For all federal income tax purposes, all parties (including the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee, and the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries) shall treat the transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets by the Debtor to the Liquidating Trust, as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, as a transfer of such assets by the Debtor to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries entitled to distributions from the Liquidating Trust Assets, followed by a transfer by such beneficiaries to the Liquidating Trust. Thus, the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries shall be treated as the grantors and owners of a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes.

As soon as practicable after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee (to the extent that he or she deems it necessary or appropriate in his or her sole discretion) shall value the Liquidating Trust Assets in the Liquidating Trust, based on the good faith determination of the Liquidating Trust, and shall apprise the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries of such valuation. The valuation shall be used consistently by all parties (including the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee, and the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries) for all federal income tax purposes. The Bankruptcy Court shall resolve any dispute regarding the valuation of the Liquidating Trust Assets.

The right and power of the Liquidating Trustee to invest the Liquidating Trust Assets transferred to the Liquidating Trust, the proceeds thereof, or any income earned by the Liquidating Trust, shall be limited to the right and power to (i) invest the Liquidating Trust Assets (pending distributions in accordance with the Plan) in (a) short-term direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States of America, (b) short-term obligations of any agency or corporation which is or may hereafter be created by or pursuant to an act of the Congress of the United States as an agency or instrumentality thereof or (c) such other investments as the Bankruptcy Court may approve from time to time; or (ii) deposit such assets in demand deposits or certificates of deposit at any bank or trust company, which has, at the time of the deposit, a capital stock and surplus aggregating at least \$1,000,000,000 (collectively, the "Permissible Investments"); provided, however, that the scope of any such Permissible Investments shall be limited to include only those investments that a liquidating trust, within the meaning of Treas. Reg. § 301.7701-4(d), may be permitted to hold, pursuant to the Treasury Regulations, or any modification in the IRS guidelines, whether set forth in IRS rulings, other IRS pronouncements or otherwise.

Subject to the provisions of this Article V, the Liquidating Trustee shall distribute to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries all net Cash income plus all net Cash proceeds from the liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets (including as Cash for this purpose, all Cash equivalents) at such time intervals as decided by the Liquidating Trustee in his or her discretion,

pursuant to the terms of the Plan. The Liquidating Trust shall make distributions no less frequently than once per twelve-month period, such period to be measured from the Effective Date; *provided*, *however*, that the Liquidating Trustee may, in his or her sole discretion, cause the Liquidating Trust to retain an amount of net Cash proceeds or net Cash income reasonably necessary to maintain the value of its assets or to meet Claims and contingent liabilities (including Disputed Claims). The Liquidating Trustee may also determine that in a given period or on the anniversary of the Effective Date, there are insufficient assets to make a distribution.

The Liquidating Trustee shall require any Liquidating Trust Beneficiary or other party receiving a distribution to furnish to the Liquidating Trustee in writing his or its Employer or Taxpayer Identification Number as assigned by the IRS and the Liquidating Trustee may condition any distribution to any Liquidating Trust Beneficiary or other party receiving a distribution upon receipt of such identification number.

# 7. Liquidating Trustee's Authority and Duties

From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall serve as trustee of the Liquidating Trust and shall have all powers, rights and duties of a trustee, as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Among other things, the Liquidating Trustee shall: (i) hold and administer the Liquidating Trust Assets, (ii) have the sole authority and discretion on behalf of the Liquidating Trust to evaluate and determine strategy with respect to the Vested Causes of Action, and to litigate, settle, transfer, release or abandon and/or compromise in any manner any and all such Vested Causes of Action on behalf of the Liquidating Trust on any terms and conditions as it may determine in good faith based on the best interests of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, (iii) have the power and authority to retain, as an expense of the Liquidating Trust, attorneys, advisors, other professionals and employees as may be appropriate to perform the duties required of the Liquidating Trustee hereunder or in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, (iv) make distributions to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries as provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan, (v) have the right to receive reasonable compensation for performing services as the Liquidating Trustee and to pay the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of any counsel, professionals, advisors or employees as may be necessary to assist the Liquidating Trustee in performing the duties and responsibilities required under the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, (vi) file, litigate, settle, compromise or withdraw objections to Claims as set forth in Section VIII.A herein, (vii) be considered an estate representative under Section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets and (viii) have the right to provide periodic reports and updates to its Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries regarding the status of the administration of the Liquidating Trust Assets, including the Vested Causes of Action, and the assets, liabilities and transfers of the Liquidating Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, the Liquidating Trust shall not be funded with, and the Liquidating Trustee shall not have any authority, powers, or duties with respect to any of the Excluded Actions. The Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee shall have no obligation to file any tax returns for the Debtor.

# 8. Termination of Liquidating Trust

The Liquidating Trust will terminate as soon as practicable, but in no event later than the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Effective Date; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, on or prior to the date of such termination, the Bankruptcy Court, upon motion by a party in interest, may extend the term

of the Liquidating Trust for a finite period, if such an extension is necessary to liquidate such Liquidating Trust Assets or for other good cause. Notwithstanding the foregoing, multiple extensions may be obtained so long as Bankruptcy Court approval is obtained prior to the expiration of each extended term; <u>provided further</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Liquidating Trustee receives an opinion of counsel or a favorable ruling from the IRS that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes.

# 9. Termination of Liquidating Trustee

The duties, responsibilities and powers of the Liquidating Trustee shall terminate in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

## 10. Exculpation; Indemnification

The Liquidating Trustee, and its respective professionals, shall be exculpated and indemnified pursuant to and in accordance with the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

#### 11. Preservation of Records and Documents

The Debtor, and the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall: (i) take commercially reasonable efforts to preserve all records and documents (including any electronic records or documents) related to the Liquidating Trust Assets (including the Vested Causes of Action) for a period of five (5) years from the Effective Date or, if actions with respect to any applicable Vested Causes of Action are then pending, until the Liquidating Trustee notifies the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries such records are no longer required to be preserved; and (ii) provide the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries and their respective counsel, agents and advisors, with reasonable access to such records and documents including at a reasonable time and location.

## 12. Discovery

The Liquidating Trust shall be authorized to employ Bankruptcy Rule 2004 and any other bankruptcy tools of discovery available to the Estate until the Chapter 11 Case is closed.

# C. Termination and Discharge of FTI Consulting and the Managers of the Debtor

Upon the Effective Date, the existing managers of the Debtor and FTI Consulting, Inc's role as chief restructuring officer and any and all management roles of the Debtor, shall be discharged and terminated. Further, such Persons are authorized to file such governance documents as they deem necessary in their sole discretion, to effectuate the Plan, without any further notice to or approval by the Bankruptcy Court.

## D. Binding Effect

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, on and after the Effective Date, the Plan shall bind all Holders of Claims and Equity Interests.

## E. Cancellation of Notes, Instruments, Debentures and Equity Securities

On the Effective Date, except to the extent provided otherwise in the Plan, any agreement, note, instrument, certificate or other document evidencing or creating any Claim or Equity Interest in or against the Debtor shall be automatically cancelled and terminated and of no further force and effect as respects the Debtor, without any further act or action and deemed surrendered without further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order or rule and the obligations of the Debtor (but not of any third party) under the agreements, notes, instruments, certificates or other documents governing such Claims and Equity Interests shall be discharged.

#### **ARTICLE VI**

#### EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

# A. Assumption and Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Any executory contract or unexpired lease that has not expired by its own terms on or prior to the Effective Date and that (i) the Debtor has not assumed and/or assigned or rejected with the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) is not identified as an Assumed Liability, or (iii) is not the subject of a motion to assume the same pending as of the Effective Date, shall be deemed rejected by the Debtor, and the entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute approval of such rejection pursuant to Sections 365(a) and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code.

#### B. Rejection Claims; Cure of Defaults

If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease results in damages to the counterparty or counterparties to such contract or lease, any Claim for such damages, if not heretofore evidenced by a Proof of Claim that has been timely Filed, shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the Debtor or the Liquidating Trust, as applicable, or their properties, successors or assigns, unless a Proof of Claim is timely Filed with the Claims Agent and served upon the Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee and their respective counsel on or before (x) thirty (30) days after the later to occur of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date of entry of an order by the Bankruptcy Court authorizing rejection of a particular executory contract or unexpired lease, or (y) such other date as may be ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

Any monetary amounts by which each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed is in default shall be satisfied, pursuant to Section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, by payment of the default amount in Cash on the Effective Date or on such other terms as the parties to each such executory contract or unexpired lease may otherwise agree. The list(s) of the Assumed Contracts will be filed and served on the relevant counterparties at least 14 days prior to the Plan voting deadline and, as may be agreed with the counterparty and the Debtor, may be modified from time to time prior to the Effective Date. The proposed list of the Assumed Contracts, which may be modified by the Debtor prior to the confirmation hearing, shall identify the executory contract(s) and/or unexpired lease(s) sought to be assumed, the counterparties thereto, the proposed Cure Obligations as of the projected Effective Date, including any cure

amounts that the Debtor believes must be paid, and a description of the proposed adequate assurance of future performance as required by section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Any objection to the (a) the amount of any cure payments for the Assumed Contracts, (b) the ability of the to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed, or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption, shall be filed and served on the Debtor within 14 days after the filing of the relevant list of Assumed Contracts. In the event an objection is filed, the Debtor shall attempt to resolve such objection prior to the Plan voting deadline. To the extent the parties are unable to consensually resolve such objection prior to the Plan voting deadline, such objection and any amounts to be paid under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code will be determined at the Confirmation Hearing or as otherwise agreed to by the parties or ordered by the Court. In the event that a dispute remains unresolved as of the Effective Date regarding (a) the amount of any cure payments, (b) the ability of the to provide "adequate assurance of future performance" (within the meaning of Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed, or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the cure payments required by Section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be made within a reasonable time following the entry of a Final Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. Pending the Bankruptcy Court's ruling on such dispute, the executory contract or unexpired lease at issue shall be deemed assumed by the Debtor unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. However, any such "deemed" assumption shall not affect any counterparty's rights and/or remedies under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, which shall be preserved pending final resolution notwithstanding the "deemed" assumption.

#### **ARTICLE VII**

#### PROVISIONS REGARDING DISTRIBUTIONS

## A. *Time and Method of Distributions*

Any distributions and deliveries to be made under this Plan shall be made on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, unless otherwise specifically provided for by this Plan. If any payment or act under this Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

# B. Liquidating Trust Distributions

The Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, or such other Person or Entity as may be designated in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, will make the distributions to Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries required under the Plan in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement and in accordance with the priorities set forth herein and the other provisions of the Plan, and administer and liquidate any assets in the Liquidating Trust and otherwise wind down the Estate, including the following: (a) general administration costs (e.g., trustee/trust fees, etc.), (b) access to and review of information for any and all potential Claims,

(c) access to and review of information for any and all Vested Causes of Action, (d) analysis and assessment related to Claims objection/resolution, (e) analysis and assessment related to Vested Causes of Action, (f) preparation of Claims objection/resolution, (g) preparation of Vested Causes of Action (excluding the actual prosecution thereof) and (h) distribution of proceeds (e.g., claims agent, etc.). Whenever any distribution to be made under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement is due on a day other than a Business Day, such distribution shall be made, without interest, on the immediately succeeding Business Day, but any such distribution will have been deemed to have been made on the date due.

## C. Reserve for Disputed Claims

The Debtor, or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, may maintain a reserve for any distributable amounts required to be set aside on account of Disputed Claims and shall distribute such amounts (net of any expenses, including any taxes relating thereto), as provided herein and in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, as such Disputed Claims are resolved by Final Order, and such amounts shall be distributable in respect of such Disputed Claims as such amounts would have been distributable had the Disputed Claims been Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date, provided that no interest shall be distributable or accrue with respect thereto.

# D. Manner of Distribution Under Plan and Liquidating Trust

Any distribution in Cash to be issued under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall, at the election of the issuer, be made by check drawn on a domestic bank or by wire transfer from a domestic bank.

#### E. Delivery of Distributions

Subject to the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 2002(g), and except as otherwise provided herein, distributions and deliveries to Holders of record of Allowed Claims shall be made at the address of each such Holder set forth on the Debtor's books and records unless superseded by the address set forth on Proofs of Claim filed by any such Holders. By the Effective Date, the Debtor shall provide the Liquidating Trustee with the addresses and access to other books and records relating to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, including all taxpayer identification information.

#### F. Undeliverable Distributions

## 1. Holding of Undeliverable Distributions

If any distribution to the Holder of an Allowed Claim under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement is returned as undeliverable, no further distributions shall be made to such Holder unless and until the issuer of the distribution is notified in writing of such Holder's thencurrent address. Any Holder ultimately receiving a distribution that was returned as undeliverable shall not be entitled to any interest or other accruals of any kind on such distribution. Nothing contained in the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall require the issuer of any distribution to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim.

#### 2. Failure to Claim Undeliverable Distributions

Any Holder of an Allowed Claim that does not assert its rights pursuant to the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement to receive a distribution within three (3) months from and after the date such distribution is returned as undeliverable shall have such Holder's Claim for such undeliverable distribution discharged and shall be forever barred from asserting any such Claim against the Debtor, the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee and its respective professionals, or the Liquidating Trust Assets. In such case, any consideration held for distribution on account of such Claim shall belong to the Liquidating Trust for distribution by the Liquidating Trustee to the remaining Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. After final distributions have been made in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, if the amount of undeliverable Cash remaining is less than \$15,000, the Liquidating Trustee, in his or her sole discretion, may donate such amount to a charity without further notice or order of the Bankruptcy Court.

## G. Compliance with Tax Requirements/Allocation

The issuer of any distribution under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust shall comply with all applicable tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any Governmental Unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan or the Liquidating Trust shall be subject to any such applicable withholding and reporting requirements. For tax purposes, distributions received in respect of Allowed Claims will be allocated first to the principal amount of such Claims, with any excess allocated to unpaid accrued interest, if any.

## H. Time Bar to Cash Payments

Checks issued on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within sixty (60) days from and after the date of issuance thereof. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made directly to the issuer of the check by the Holder of the Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued. Any claim in respect of such a voided check shall be made within three (3) months from and after the date of issuance of such check. After such date, all Claims in respect of voided checks shall be discharged and forever barred, and the Liquidating Trust shall be entitled to retain all monies related thereto for distribution to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement.

## I. Distributions After Effective Date

Distributions made after the Effective Date to Holders of Claims that are not Allowed as of the Effective Date, but which later become Allowed, shall be deemed to have been made on the Effective Date. Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, no interest shall be payable on account of any Allowed Claim not paid on the Effective Date.

#### J. Fractional Dollars; De Minimis Distributions

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, payments of fractions of

dollars will not be made. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a dollar under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust would otherwise be called for, the actual payment made will reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest dollar (up or down), with half dollars being rounded down. No payment shall be made on account of any distribution less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) with respect to any Allowed Claim unless a request therefor is made in writing to the issuer of such payment on or before ninety (90) days after the Effective Date; *provided*, *however*, the Liquidating Trustee may make a payment of any amount with respect to any Allowed Class 6 Claim in its sole discretion.

## K. Setoffs/Recoupment

The Debtor, or the Liquidating Trustee (as applicable) may, pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law, set off or recoup against any Allowed Claim and the distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan or Liquidating Trust Agreement on account thereof (before any distribution is made on account of such Claim), the Claims, rights and Causes of Action of any nature the Debtor, or the Liquidating Trust may hold against the Holder of such Allowed Claim; *provided*, *however*, that neither the failure to effect such a setoff or recoupment nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor, or Liquidating Trust of any such Claims, rights and Causes of Action that the Debtor or the Liquidating Trust may possess against such Holder; and, *provided*, *further*, that nothing contained herein is intended to limit any Creditor's rights of setoff or recoupment prior to the Effective Date in accordance with the provisions of Sections 362 and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or other applicable law.

# L. Preservation of Subordination Rights by Estate

Except as otherwise provided herein, all subordination rights and claims relating to the subordination by the Debtor or the Liquidating Trustee of any Allowed Claim shall remain valid, enforceable and unimpaired in accordance with Section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.

#### **ARTICLE VIII**

# PROCEDURES FOR RESOLUTION OF DISPUTED, CONTINGENT AND UNLIQUIDATED CLAIMS

#### A. Prosecution of Objections to Disputed Claims

Upon the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for pursuing any objection to the allowance of all Disputed Claims in Class 5 with respect to which an objection has been filed with the Bankruptcy Court and notice thereof has been given to the Holder of the Disputed Claim. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor shall have the right to object to the allowance of Claims with respect to which they dispute liability or allowance in whole or in part and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust shall be responsible for pursuing any objection with respect to Administrative Claims, Professional Fee Claims or Priority Claims. In the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder which closes the Sale) desires to object to Allowed Claims in Class 1, such entity shall provide (i) notice, in writing, to the Debtor, or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, of its intention to pursue such objections and such notice shall

disclose whether the Purchaser (or other winning bidder which closes the Sale) will pursue such objection on its own account and desires either the Debtor or Liquidating trustee, as applicable, to do so and (ii) fund a segregated escrow, or similar account, in the amount of the Filed Class 1 Claims. All costs of pursuing objections to Claims in Class 1, shall be paid by the Purchaser (or other winning bidder which closes the Sale) and in the event the Purchaser (or other winning bidder which closes the Sale) seeks to have either the Debtor, or Liquidating trustee, as applicable, pursue such objections, appropriate arrangements must be to be negotiated with the Debtor, or Liquidating Trust, as applicable. Absent such agreement and a written notice by the Debtor, or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, that such party is willing to accept the responsibility for objecting to Claims in Class 1 or 3, neither the Debtor, nor the Liquidating Trustee will have any obligation to pursue any objections to Class 1 Claims. Moreover, in the event that objections to Class 1 Claims are pursued, pursuant to this paragraph, any amounts not paid to Holders of Allowed Class 1 Claims out of the segregated funds, after satisfaction of all costs and fees associated with such objections, shall be refunded back to the entity that provided such funding. In any event, the power and authority to pursue objections to Class 1 Claims shall be transferred and assigned to the Purchaser (or other winning bidder), the Debtor, or Liquidating Trustee), as applicable, consistent with this paragraph and all of the Debtor's rights, claims and defenses as to Class 1 Claims shall reside in the party pursuing such objections.

The Liquidating Trustee shall have the authority to file, settle, compromise or withdraw any objections to Disputed Claims in Class 5 (within any parameters as may be established by the Liquidating Trust Agreement) without approval of the Bankruptcy Court. However, the Bankruptcy Court may nevertheless consider motions to approve any compromises and settlements in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 9019.

Unless otherwise provided herein or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, all objections to Disputed Claims shall be served and filed by the Claims Objection Deadline.

## B. Estimation of Claims

The Debtor, prior to the Effective Date, and thereafter the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, as applicable, may at any time request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any contingent or unliquidated Claim pursuant to Section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code regardless of whether the Debtor or the Liquidating Trustee previously has objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection. The Bankruptcy Court will retain jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to any Claim, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection. Subject to the provisions of Section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code, in the event that the Bankruptcy Court estimates any contingent or unliquidated Claim, the amount so estimated shall constitute the maximum Allowed amount of such Claim. If the estimated amount constitutes a maximum limitation on the amount of such Claim, the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, may pursue supplementary proceedings to object to the allowance of such Claim. All of the aforementioned objection, estimation and resolution procedures are intended to be cumulative and not necessarily exclusive of one another. Claims may be estimated and subsequently compromised, settled, withdrawn or resolved by any mechanism approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

# C. Controversy Concerning Impairment

If a controversy arises as to whether any Claims or Class of Claims are Impaired under the Plan, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and a hearing, determine that controversy before the Confirmation Date.

## D. Payments and Distributions on Disputed Claims

- 1. Notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, any issuer of a distribution hereunder may, in its discretion, pay the undisputed portion of a Disputed Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the issuer of a distribution hereunder will set aside for each Holder of a Disputed Claim such portion of Cash it believes solely in its discretion necessary to provide required distributions if that Claim were an Allowed Claim, either based upon the amount of the Claim as filed with the Bankruptcy Court or the amount of the Claim as estimated by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 2. At such time as a Disputed Claim becomes, in whole or in part, an Allowed Claim, the issuer of a distribution hereunder shall distribute to the Holder thereof the distributions, if any, to which such Holder is then entitled under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust. Such distribution, if any, will be made as soon as practicable after the date that the order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court allowing such Disputed Claim becomes a Final Order. No interest will be paid on Disputed Claims that later become Allowed, or with respect to any distribution in satisfaction thereof to a Holder.

## **ARTICLE IX**

# CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE PLAN

## A. Conditions Precedent to Confirmation

The following are conditions precedent to confirmation of this Plan that must be (i) satisfied or (ii) waived in accordance with Section IX.C below:

- 1. The entry of the Sale Order in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtor and the DIP Lender.
- 2. The entry of the Disclosure Statement Order in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtor and to the Plan Support Parties.
- 3. The entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtor and to the Plan Support Parties.
- 4. The Plan Supplement and all of the schedules, documents, and exhibits contained therein shall have been Filed in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Debtor and the Plan Support Parties and approved by the Bankruptcy Court.
  - 5. The occurrence of the Confirmation Date.

# B. Conditions Precedent to Effective Date of Plan

The following are conditions precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan that must be (i) satisfied or (ii) waived in accordance with Section IX.C below:

- 1. Confirmation shall have occurred.
- 2. There shall not be in effect on the Effective Date any (i) Order entered by a U.S. court, (ii) any order, opinion, ruling or other decision entered by any other court or governmental entity or (iii) United States or other applicable law staying, restraining, enjoining or otherwise prohibiting or making illegal the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated by the Plan.
- 3. All other actions and documents necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed, including execution of the Liquidating Trust Agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the Debtor and to the Plan Support Parties.
- 4. The Liquidating Trust Agreement shall have been fully executed and the Liquidating Trust Assets shall have been transferred to the Liquidating Trust.

# C. Waiver of Conditions Precedent

Only the Debtor and, as applicable, the Plan Support Parties, may waive the conditions listed in Article IX of the Plan, and such waiver may be without notice to parties in interest or the Bankruptcy Court and without a hearing.

# D. Effect of Non-Occurrence of Effective Date

In the event that the conditions to the occurrence of the Effective Date have not been timely satisfied or waived pursuant to Section IX. C., and upon notification Filed by the Debtor with the Bankruptcy Court, the Confirmation Order shall be vacated and the Debtor and all parties in interest shall be restored to the *status quo ante*. If the Confirmation Order is vacated this Plan shall be null and void in all respects and nothing contained in this Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall: (1) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Equity Interests in, the Debtor; (2) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor or any other Person or Entity; or (3) constitute an admission, acknowledgment, offer or undertaking by the Debtor in any respect.

#### ARTICLE X

# SETTLEMENT, DISCHARGE, RELEASE, EXCULPATION, INJUNCTIVE AND RELATED PROVISIONS

## A. Compromise and Settlement of Claims, Equity Interests, and Controversies

Pursuant to Sections 363 and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and in consideration for the distributions and other benefits provided pursuant to the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall constitute a good faith compromise of substantially all Claims,

Equity Interests, and controversies relating to the contractual, legal, and equitable rights that a Holder of a Claim or Equity Interest may have with respect to any Claim or Equity Interest or any distribution to be made on account of such Claim or Equity Interest. The entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the compromise or settlement of all such Claims, Equity Interests, and controversies, as well as a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such compromise or settlement is in the best interests of the Debtor, the Estate, and Holders, and is fair, equitable, and reasonable. In accordance with the provisions of the Plan, pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a), without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, after the Effective Date, the may compromise and settle claims against it.

# B. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Interests

Pursuant to Sections 1141(a), (c), and (d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and notwithstanding any language to the contrary in such sections, except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument or other agreement or document created pursuant to the Plan, the distributions, rights and treatment that are provided in the Plan shall be in complete satisfaction, discharge, and release, of Claims, Equity Interests, and Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever by any Person or Entity, including any interest accrued on any Claims from and after the Petition Date, whether known or unknown, against, liabilities of, Liens on, obligations of, rights against, and Equity Interests in, the Debtor, the Estate, or any of their assets or properties, regardless of whether any property shall have been distributed or retained pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claims and Equity Interests, including demands, liabilities, and Causes of Action that arose before the Effective Date, any liability (including withdrawal liability) to the extent such Claims or Equity Interests relate to services performed by employees of the Debtor before the Effective Date and that arise from a termination of employment, any contingent or non-contingent liability on account of representations or warranties issued on or before the Effective Date, and all debts of the kind specified in Sections 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i) of the Bankruptcy Code, in each case whether or not: (1) a Proof of Claim based upon such debt, right, or Equity Interest is Filed or deemed Filed pursuant to Section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code; (2) a Claim or Interest based upon such debt, right, or Equity Interest is Allowed pursuant to Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (3) the Holder of such a Claim or Equity Interest has accepted the Plan, effective as of the Effective Date. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Confirmation Order shall be a judicial determination of the complete and full discharge of all Claims and Equity Interests by any Person or Entity, subject to the Effective Date occurring. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date, all property of the Estate shall vest in the, free and clear of all Claims and Equity Interests of any Person or Entity and with the full and complete discharge of any and all Claims, Equity Interests or Causes of Action of any Person or Entity.

# C. <u>Injunction</u>

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, all Persons and Entities shall be permanently enjoined, from and after the Effective Date, from (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind on account of or relating to any

Claim or Equity Interest against the Debtor, the Estate or its assets, or the or its assets, unless a previous order modifying the stay provided under Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code was entered by the Bankruptcy Court; (b) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree or order against the Debtor, the Estate or the Liquidating Trust; (c) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind against the property or interests in property of the Debtor, the Estate or the Liquidating Trust, in each case in respect of any Claims or Equity Interests arising prior to the Confirmation Date; and (d) commencing or continuing in any manner any Claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any Claims or Causes of Action that have been or could be asserted by or on behalf of the Debtor or the Estate or that are derivative or duplicative of any such Claims or Causes of Action, that are released pursuant to the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

## D. Necessity and Approval of Releases and Injunctions

The releases and injunctions set forth in this Article X are integral and critical parts of the Plan and the settlements implemented pursuant to the Plan, the approval of such releases pursuant to the Confirmation Order is a condition to the occurrence of the Effective Date, and all the Released Parties have relied on the efficacy and conclusive effects of such releases and injunctions and on the Bankruptcy Court's retention of jurisdiction to enforce such releases and injunctions when making concessions pursuant to the Plan and by agreeing to, accepting, and supporting the settlement and treatment of their respective Claims, Causes of Action, and other rights under the Plan.

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Sections 1123(a)(5), 1123(b)(3), and 1123(b)(6), as well as Bankruptcy Rule 9019, entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the releases and injunctions set forth in this Article X, which includes by reference each of the related provisions and definitions contained in the Plan, and further, shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's finding that such releases and injunctions are: (1) in exchange for the good and valuable consideration provided by the Released Parties; (2) a good faith settlement and compromise of the Claims and Causes of Action released by such releases; (3) in the best interests of the Debtor, the Estate, and all Creditors; (4) fair, equitable, and reasonable; (5) given and made after due notice and opportunity for hearing; and (6) a bar to any of the releasing parties as set forth herein asserting any Claims or Causes of Action released pursuant to such release.

## E. Exculpation

The Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee, and the Liquidating Trust, and their respective officers, directors, employees, and agents (and their respective attorneys, consultants, financial advisors, investment bankers, accountants, and other retained professionals) shall neither have nor incur any liability to any Person or Entity (including any Holder of a Claim or Equity Interest) for any pre- or post-petition act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with or related to the formulation, negotiation, preparation, dissemination, implementation, administration, confirmation or occurrence of the Effective Date, the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with the Plan or any other prepetition or postpetition act taken or

omitted to be taken in connection with, or in contemplation of, the restructuring of the Debtor or the Chapter 11 Case.

#### **ARTICLE XI**

#### VESTING AND PRESERVATION OF CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION

## A. Vesting of the Vested Causes of Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Vested Causes of Action shall, on the Effective Date, automatically and irrevocably vest in the Liquidating Trust free and clear of liens, claims, encumbrances and interests. The Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, shall have the exclusive right, authority, and discretion to institute, commence, pursue, prosecute, abandon, settle, or compromise any and all Vested Causes of Action (under any theory of law, including the Bankruptcy Code, and in any court or other tribunal) without the consent or approval of any third party and without any further order of the Bankruptcy Court, except as otherwise provided herein or in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee, in accordance with Section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, and on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, shall serve as a representative of the Estate and shall retain and possess the sole and exclusive right to commence, pursue, settle, compromise or abandon, as appropriate, any and all Vested Causes of Action, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, in any court or other tribunal.

# B. Reservation of Rights Regarding Vested Causes of Action

The Debtor and, after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, reserve all rights to pursue any and all Vested Causes of Action, and the Debtor hereby reserves the rights of the Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, to pursue, administer, settle, litigate, enforce and liquidate consistent with the terms and conditions of the Plan such Vested Causes of Action.

Unless Vested Causes of Action against a Person or Entity are expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, or any Final Order, the Debtor (before the Effective Date) and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust (post-Effective Date), expressly reserve all Vested Causes of Action for later adjudication, and no Person or Entity may rely on any alleged failure to list, specify, or otherwise disclose any particular Vested Causes of Action in connection with the Plan as a defense in any litigation regarding such Vested Causes of Action. In addition, the Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust and any successors in interest thereto, expressly reserve the right to pursue or adopt any Vested Causes of Action not so waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled that are alleged in any lawsuit in which the Debtor are a defendant or an interested party, against any Person or Entity, including the plaintiffs and co-defendants in such lawsuits.

#### **ARTICLE XII**

#### **RETENTION OF JURISDICTION**

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain such jurisdiction over any matter arising under the Bankruptcy Code, or arising in or related to the Chapter 11 Case or the Plan after Confirmation and after the Effective Date, and any other matter or proceeding that is within the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334, 28 U.S.C. § 157, or 28 U.S.C. § 1367, including jurisdiction to:

- 1. Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Equity Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Expense Claim and the resolution of any and all objections to the allowance or priority of Claims;
  - 2. Grant or deny any applications for allowance of Professional Fee Claims;
- 3. Resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which the Debtor is party or with respect to which the Debtor may be liable and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom;
- 4. Ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished pursuant to the provisions hereof;
- 5. Decide or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters and any other matters, including all Vested Causes of Action and objections or estimations to Claims or Equity Interests, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date, or that, pursuant to the Plan, may be instituted by (i) the Liquidating Trustee or Liquidating Trust, or (ii) any other Person or Entity after the Effective Date; *provided*, *however*, that the Liquidating Trustee and the Liquidating Trust shall reserve the right to prosecute the Vested Causes of Action in all proper jurisdictions;
- 6. Enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or consummate the provisions hereof and of all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Liquidating Trust Agreement;
- 7. Resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the consummation, interpretation or enforcement of the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or any Person's or Entity's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan or Liquidating Trust Agreement including those relating to determining the scope and extent of the Liquidating Trust Assets;
- 8. Issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Person or Entity with consummation or enforcement of the Plan, except as otherwise provided herein;

- 9. Resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes with respect to the releases, injunctions and other provisions contained in Article X hereof and enter any orders that may be necessary or appropriate to implement and enforce such releases, injunctions and other provisions;
- 10. Enter and implement any orders that are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;
- 11. Determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or related to this Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order, the Liquidating Trust Agreement or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Liquidating Trust Agreement;
- 12. Resolve any issues that arise in connection with the administration of and distributions from the Liquidating Trust; and
  - 13. Enter an order and/or Final Decree concluding the Chapter 11 Case.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this article to the contrary, nothing herein shall prevent the Liquidating Trustee from commencing and prosecuting any Vested Causes of Action before any other court or judicial body which would otherwise have appropriate jurisdiction over the matter and parties thereto, and nothing herein shall restrict any such courts or judicial bodies from hearing and resolving such matters.

#### **ARTICLE XIII**

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

#### A. *Immediate Binding Effect*

Subject to Article IX hereof and notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(h), or 7062 or otherwise, upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the terms of the Plan and the Plan Supplement shall be immediately effective and enforceable and deemed binding upon the Debtor, the , and any and all Holders of Claims or Equity Interests (irrespective of whether their Claims or Equity Interests accepted the Plan), all Persons or Entities that are parties to or are subject to the settlements, compromises, releases, discharges, and injunctions described in the Plan, each Person or Entity acquiring property under the Plan, and any and all non-debtor parties to executory contracts and unexpired leases with the Debtor.

## B. Plan Supplement

The Plan Supplement may be inspected in the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court or its designee during normal business hours. Holders of Claims and Equity Interests may obtain a copy of the Plan Supplement by contacting the Voting Agent, or by emailing <a href="mailto:balloting@donlinrecano.com">balloting@donlinrecano.com</a>, and include "Juniper" in the subject line. The documents contained in the Plan Supplement are an integral part of the Plan and shall be approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

# C. Payment of Statutory Fees and Provision of Reports

The Debtor shall be responsible for timely payment of United States Trustee quarterly fees incurred pursuant to Section 1930(a) of Title 28 of the United States Code as of the Confirmation Date. Any fees due as of the Confirmation Date, will be paid in full, on or before the Effective Date. After confirmation, the Liquidating Trustee shall pay the United States Trustee quarterly fees as they accrue until the Chapter 11 Case is converted, dismissed or closed, whichever occurs first. Further, the Liquidating Trustee shall be responsible for filing post-Confirmation quarterly reports with the United States Trustee until the Chapter 11 Case is converted, dismissed or closed, in a format prescribed by the United States Trustee.

# D. Plan Modification/Amendment

Subject to the limitations contained in the Plan:

- 1. The Plan may be amended or modified with the consent of the Debtor (a) before the Confirmation Date, to the extent permitted by Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code; (b) after the Confirmation Date and prior to substantial consummation of the Plan, as defined in Section 1101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent the Debtor institutes proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to Section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or the Confirmation Order or to accomplish such matters as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and effects of the Plan; *provided* that prior notice of such proceedings shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules or Orders of the Bankruptcy Court; or (c) after the entry of the Confirmation Order, upon order of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with Section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; *provided*, *further*, that the Plan will not be amended, modified or revoked without the consent of the Debtor, and the written consent of the Plan Support Parties to the extent any amendment, modification or revocation materially affects any of the Plan Support Parties.
- 2. The Debtor reserves the right to modify or amend the Plan upon a determination by the Bankruptcy Court that the Plan is not confirmable pursuant to Section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. To the extent permissible under Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code without the need to re-solicit acceptances, the Debtor reserves the right to sever any provisions of the Plan that the Bankruptcy Court finds objectionable. Entry of a Confirmation Order shall mean that all modifications or amendments to the Plan since the solicitation thereof are approved pursuant to Section 1127(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and do not require additional disclosure or re-solicitation under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.
- 3. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee may amend or modify, upon order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Plan in accordance with Section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan in such manner as may be necessary to carry out the purpose and intent of the Plan solely as to Class 5, and/or the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trustee or Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

# E. Revocation of Plan

The Debtor reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation

Date and to file subsequent plans of reorganization or liquidation. If the Debtor revokes or withdraws the Plan, or if Confirmation or the Effective Date does not occur, then (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Equity Interest or Class of Claims or Equity Interests), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant hereto, shall be deemed null and void, and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Equity Interests in, the Debtor or any other Person or Entity, (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor or any other Person or Entity, or (c) constitute an admission of any sort by the Debtor or any other Person or Entity.

#### F. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person or Entity named or referred to herein shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Person or Entity.

# G. Reservation of Rights

Except as expressly set forth herein, this Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court shall enter the Confirmation Order. None of the filing of this Plan, any statement or provision contained herein, or the taking of any action by the Debtor with respect to this Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Plan Supplement shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtor with respect to the Holders of Claims or Equity Interests prior to the Effective Date.

#### H. Good Faith

Confirmation of the Plan shall constitute a conclusive determination that: (a) the Plan, and all the transactions and settlements contemplated thereby, have been proposed in good faith and in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules; (b) the solicitation of acceptances or rejections of the Plan has been in good faith and in compliance with all applicable provisions of Bankruptcy Code, and the Bankruptcy Rules; and, (c) in each case, all the Released Parties have acted in good faith in connection therewith.

## I. Section 1146 Exemption

Pursuant to Section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, under this Plan, (i) the issuance, distribution, transfer or exchange of any debt, equity security or other interest in the Debtor; (ii) the creation, modification, consolidation or recording of any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security interest, or the securing of additional indebtedness by such or other means; (iii) the making, assignment or recording of any lease or sublease; or (iv) the making, delivery or recording of any deed or other instrument of transfer under, in furtherance of, or in connection with, this Plan, including any deeds, bills of sale, assignments or other instrument of transfer executed in connection with any transaction arising out of, contemplated by, or in any way related to this Plan shall not be subject to any document recording tax, mortgage recording tax, stamp tax or similar government assessment, and the appropriate state or local government official or agent shall be directed by the Bankruptcy Court to forgo the collection of any such tax

or government assessment and to accept for filing and recording any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax or government assessment.

All subsequent issuances, transfers or exchanges of securities, or the making or delivery of any instrument of transfer by the Debtor in the Chapter 11 Case, whether in connection with a sale pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, shall be deemed to be or have been done in furtherance of this Plan.

#### J. Further Assurances

The Holders of Claims receiving distributions hereunder and all other parties in interest shall, from time to time, prepare, execute and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

## K. Service of Documents

Any pleading, notice or other document required by the Plan to be served on or delivered upon the Debtor shall be sent by first class U.S. mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

*To the Debtor:* 

King & Spalding LLP 1100 Louisiana, Suite 4000 Houston, TX 77002

Attention: Mark W. Wege, Esq. and Edward L. Ripley, Esq.

Facsimile: 713.751.3290

email: mwege@kslaw.com and eripley@kslaw.com

To the United States Trustee:

Attn: Nancy L. Holley, Esq. Bob Casey Federal Building 515 Rusk Street Houston, Texas 77002

To the DIP Lender:

Westlake GTL, LLC c/o Hogan Lovells US LLP Attn: Mark Heimlich One Tabor Center, Suite 1500 1200 Seventeenth Street Denver, Colorado 80202 email: mark.heimlich@hoganlovells.com Richard Design Services Inc Attn: Mike Krautz, CFO 750 Pearl St. Beaumont, TX 77701 email: mike.krautz@rig-rds.com

Gable Gotwals Attn: John Dale 1100 ONEOK Plaza 100 West 5th St. Tulsa, OK 74103

email: jdale@gablelaw.com

## L. Transactions on Business Days

If the date on which a transaction may occur under this Plan shall occur on a day that is not a Business Day, then such transaction shall instead occur on the next succeeding Business Day.

## M. Filing of Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtor may file with the Bankruptcy Court such agreements and other documents as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and provisions hereof.

## N. Post-Effective Date Fees and Expenses

From and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, shall, in the ordinary course of business and without the necessity for any approval by the Bankruptcy Court, pay the reasonable professional fees and expenses incurred by the Liquidating Trust, and any professionals retained by such Liquidating Trust, related to the consummation and to the implementation of this Plan, except as otherwise provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

## O. Severability

The provisions of this Plan shall not be severable unless such severance is agreed to by the Debtor or, if after the Effective Date, by the and the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, and such severance would constitute a permissible modification of this Plan pursuant to Section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

## P. Conflicts

To the extent any provision of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Disclosure Statement, or any document executed in connection therewith or any documents executed in connection with the Confirmation Order (or any exhibits, schedules, appendices, supplements or amendments to any of the foregoing) conflicts with, or is in any way inconsistent with, the terms

of this Plan, the terms and provisions of the Plan shall govern and control and to the extent any provision of the Plan conflicts with, or is in any way inconsistent with, the terms and provisions of the Confirmation Order, the terms and provisions of the Confirmation Order shall govern and control.

## Q. Term of Injunctions or Stays

Unless otherwise provided herein or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays in effect in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Sections 105 or 362 of the Bankruptcy Code or any order of the Bankruptcy Court and still extant on the Confirmation Date (excluding any injunctions or stays contained in this Plan or the Confirmation Order), shall remain in full force and effect until the closing of the Chapter 11 Case in accordance with Section XIII.S of the Plan. All injunctions or stays contained in this Plan or the Confirmation Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

# R. Entire Agreement

This Plan and the Plan Supplement supersede all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings and representations on such subjects, all of which have become merged and integrated into this Plan.

# S. Closing of the Chapter 11 Case

The Liquidating Trustee shall promptly, upon the full administration of the Chapter 11 Case, file with the Bankruptcy Court all documents required by the Bankruptcy Rules and any applicable orders of the Bankruptcy Court to close the Chapter 11 Case.

## T. Change of Control Provisions

Any acceleration, vesting or similar change of control rights under any employment, benefit or other arrangements triggered by the consummation of this Plan shall be waived or otherwise cancelled under this Plan.

[SIGNATURE ON NEXT PAGE]

Dated: May 18, 2016 Respectfully submitted,

# Juniper GTL LLC

By: /s/ David Rush

Name: David Rush

Title: Chief Restructuring Officer

# Counsel:

Mark W. Wege (Texas Bar No. 21074225) Edward L. Ripley (Texas Bar No. 16935950) Jason S. Sharp (Texas Bar No. 24079897) KING & SPALDING, LLP 1100 Louisiana, Suite 4000 Houston, Texas 77002 Telephone: 713-751-3200

Counsel for the Debtor and Debtor in Possession