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8	UNITED STATES	S DISTRICT COURT
9	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
10	WESTER	N DIVISION
11	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case No.: 8:19-cv-01174-SVW-KES
12	Plaintiff,	Assigned to: Hon. Stephen V. Wilson
13	V.	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN
14	RICHARD VU NGUYEN, A/K/A	SUPPORT OF AMENDED MOTION OF RECEIVER FOR
15	NGUYEN THANH VU, AND NTV FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.,	ORDER AUTHORIZING THE RECEIVER TO DISTRIBUTE
16	Defendants.	FUNDS ON HAND AND FOR RELATED RELIEF;
17		DECLARATIONS OF JEFFREY BRANDLIN AND KYRA
18		ANDRASSY IN SUPPORT THEREOF
19		[Notice of Amended Motion and
20		Motion Filed Concurrently]
21		Date: April 15, 2024 Time: 1:30 p.m. Ctrm: 10A
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TO THE HONORABLE STEPHEN V. WILSON, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE, AND ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

Jeffrey Brandlin, the receiver ("Receiver") appointed by the Court over the assets of NTV Financial Group, Inc., submits the following memorandum of points and authorities in support of his *Amended Motion of Receiver for Order Authorizing the Receiver to Distribute Funds on Hand and for Related Relief* (the "Motion").

I. INTRODUCTION

The Motion amends an earlier-filed motion seeking similar relief in order to update the amount available for distribution, which has increased by \$66,988.18 because of this Court's rulings on the fee applications submitted by the Receiver and his counsel, Smiley Wang-Ekvall, LLP.¹ By the Motion, Jeffrey E. Brandlin, as the Court-appointed Receiver (the "Receiver") of NTV Financial Group, Inc. ("NTV Financial"), bank and brokerage accounts through which defendant Richard Nguyen's and NTV Financial's investors' funds flowed, and property acquired in whole or in part with investor funds (collectively, the "Receivership Entity"), requests authority to distribute the funds on hand to investors such that each investor will have received at least 44.19% of their original investment back. The claims submission process is complete and the Receiver has consensually resolved all disputes with non-insiders regarding the amounts of their claims. Due to the efforts of the Receiver and his team, every investor who would be entitled to a distribution submitted a claim. That is, out of the 100 investor accounts with NTV Financial, the Receiver received 66 claim

¹ As set forth later in this Motion, counsel for the Receiver moved to Raines Feldman Littrell effective January 16, 2024.

submissions. Nearly all of the investors who did not submit claims had already received their full investment back so they would not be entitled to a distribution even if they had filed a claim.

The Receiver is holding \$898,100.33 as of March 4, 2024.² Once the fees previously allowed by the Court are paid, the Receiver will be holding \$730,677.51. He seeks to use all but \$13,689.33 of this sum to make a first and final distribution to non-insider investors so that they will each have received at least 44.19% of their original investment back. The proposed distributions are reflected in the spreadsheet attached as Exhibit "1." In the interest of equity and in accordance with the rising tide distribution methodology detailed below, investors who have already received more than 44.19% of their investment back will not participate in the distribution, and investors who received distributions pre-receivership of less than 44.19% will receive a smaller distribution than investors who did not receive distributions pre-receivership so that all noninsider investors will have received, at least, 44.19% of their original amount invested back. Had the Receiver not been appointed, the only assets that would have been administered would have been the \$457,446 in funds on hand, which would have resulted in a distribution of approximately 23.66% to investors. In other words, the efforts of the Receiver and his team have almost doubled the recovery to harmed investors.

The Receiver understands that the SEC has no objection to the relief sought in the Motion.

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² This figure does not include \$7,227.50 in payments received by special litigation counsel for the Receiver from judgment debtor Michelle Nguyen that is in the process of being paid to the Receiver.

II. BACKGROUND

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A. The Receiver's Appointment

On June 24, 2019, the Receiver was appointed temporary receiver for the Receivership Entity, with full powers of an equity receiver, including, but not limited to, full power over all assets and property belonging to, being managed by or in the possession or control of the Receivership Entity, and was immediately authorized, empowered and directed to take certain actions as set forth in the temporary restraining order and related orders. (See Docket Nos. 14 and 21.) On July 2, 2019, the Court entered the preliminary injunction and related orders [Docket No. 21] ("PI Order"), which, among other things, made the Receiver's appointment permanent. The PI Order was subsequently amended by orders entered on August 9, 2019 [Docket No. 54], August 15, 2019 [Docket No. 58], and September 18, 2019 [Docket No. 71] (the "Amended PI Order"), all of which provided that the Receiver remain as permanent receiver. Under the terms of the Amended PI Order, the Receiver remains as the permanent receiver of the Receivership Entity, "with full powers of an equity receiver, including, but not limited to, full power over all funds, assets, collateral . . . and other property belonging to, being managed by or in possession of or control of [the Receivership Entity]" (Id. at 8-9.)

B. The Receiver's Findings

As previously reported, because NTV Financial did not maintain its own books and records and did not utilize an accounting system, the Receiver had to use bank records and broker account statements to conduct a forensic accounting in order to determine the sources and uses of NTV Financial funds. Based on the Receiver's forensic analysis, the total net investment of non-insider investor claims is \$3,055,201, which was raised from 95 investors, four of whom had two accounts each. Approximately \$1,164,135 was returned to non-insider investors

by NTV Financial, leaving \$1,891,065 in net investments. (See Brandlin Decl. at \P 3.)

C. The Receiver's Recoveries for the Benefit of Investors

The Receiver has recovered significant sums to benefit investors so that investors have fared better as a result of the Receiver's appointment than they would have without it.

Upon the Receiver's appointment, the Receiver took control of petty cash, froze the bank accounts and obtained turnover of the balances, and liquidated the investments in the brokerage accounts, collectively resulting in a \$457,446 recovery. If the SEC had distributed these funds to investors, it would have yielded a 24.18% recovery.³

Because of the Receiver's appointment, additional assets were recovered that have increased the recovery to at least 44.19%. Based on the results of the forensic accounting, the Receiver determined that Richard Nguyen and his then fiancé, Mai Do, had purchased two homes with funds received from investors. The Receiver successfully expanded the scope of the Receivership Estate to include these homes and then sold them, generating net proceeds of \$311,359 that would otherwise not have been recovered. In addition, the Receiver used the forensic accounting to identify parties who received funds from NTV Financial without providing reasonably equivalent value to NTV Financial. The Receiver used this information to pursue fraudulent transfer actions that collectively generated net recoveries to date of \$469,412.64. One party against whom a judgment of \$70,725.95 was entered is making monthly payments to the Receiver, with a remaining recovery of \$38,300.95 to be received over approximately 26 months. After deduction of the 30% contingency fee, the net recovery is estimated to be \$26,810.67.

³ This is calculated as \$457,446 divided by the net investments of \$1,891,605.

1 In a fee application filed in September 2023, the Receiver sought authority 2 to pay (1) the Receiver and his forensic accountants \$44,241.25 in fees that were 3 heldback from a prior authorization, and (2) his counsel \$38,527.64 in fees that 4 were similarly heldback. The Court authorized payment of these amounts in an 5 order entered on February 21, 2024. The Receiver and his counsel also sought 6 allowance and authority to pay the following fees and costs incurred from 7 November 1, 2021, through August 21, 2023: (1) \$117,019.00 in fees to the 8 Receiver and his forensic accountants; and (2) \$22,388.35 in fees and \$5,098.61 9 in costs to his counsel. For the reasons set forth in the Court's order entered 10 February 21, 2024, the Court made downward adjustments to the fees allowed 11 and authorized to be paid. It reduced the amount to be paid to the Receiver to 12 \$67,610.97. It intended to reduce the amount to be paid to counsel for the 13 Receiver to \$19,171.85, but the math was incorrect and the minute order 14 provided for \$22,671.35 to be paid, which was slightly higher than what was 15 requested.⁴ The Receiver is using the lower number for purposes of the motion. 16 Because of the adjustments in the fees, the Court denied the Receiver's first 17 motion to distribute funds because it sought to distribute \$650,000 of funds on 18 hand but, as a result of the Court's downward adjustment to the fees, the amount 19 available for distribution is higher. The Court ordered the Receiver to re-file the 20 motion by March 6, 2024. 21 In the first distribution motion, the Receiver estimated that he would incur

an additional \$22,500 in fees and costs from August 22, 2023, through the actual

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⁴ The discrepancy is because in making the reductions, the Court disregarded a voluntary \$15,000 reduction by the Receiver and a voluntary \$5,000 reduction by his counsel. Thus, the starting point for the Court for counsel's fees should have been \$5,000 higher than the amount requested, which would have been \$27,388.35. However, the Court used \$32,388.35 and calculated the 30% reduction from that number. If calculated off of \$27,388.35, the 30% reduction would reduce the amount to \$10,171.85. The Pagaiyer is using \$10,171.85 in the would reduce the amount to \$19,171.85. The Receiver is using \$19,171.85 in the figures in this Motion.

result of the distribution motion, preparing and filing tax returns for 2023 and 2024, and in connection with making distributions to the investors and closing the estate, including postage charges. His counsel estimated that it would incur an additional \$18,000 in fees and costs from August 22, 2023, forward because of the following tasks that remained at that time: attending the October hearing on the first distribution motion; the cost of translating that motion and the memorandum and related documents into Vietnamese, estimated at \$1,000; copying and postage costs; fielding calls from investors about the motion and the distributions to be made; preparation of a notice of discharge of the Receiver when payments are complete; assisting the Receiver with issues that may arise during the distribution process; and resolving issues with investors who invested through retirement plans that are no longer active. As of the filing of this Motion, the Receiver had actually incurred approximately \$12,500. As of January 15, 2024, Smiley Wang-Ekvall, his counsel, had incurred fees of \$8,770.50 and costs of \$2,020.71, including copying and postage charges related to the original distribution motion. Effective January 16, 2024, the lawyers at Smiley Wang-Ekvall responsible for this matter moved to Raines Feldman Littrell, where they have incurred additional fees, including the fees and costs related to this Motion. The Receiver and his counsel will abide by their prior estimates, although they expect the actual fees and costs to be incurred to be higher than these estimates.

The Investors Have Submitted Claims and the Receiver Has D. **Resolved All Discrepancies and Disputes**

The Receiver previously obtained Court approval of his proposed claim procedure process. (See Docket No. 168.) In June 2022, the Receiver mailed claim packages to each investor and potential creditor with detailed instructions

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for completing the accompanying claim forms. The deadline for the submission of claim forms was 60 days from the date of service, which, in most cases, was August 15, 2022. In addition, the Receiver caused notice of the claims bar deadline to be published in the *Orange County Register* and *VietAmerican Weekly Magazine*. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 5.) Copies of the proofs of publication are attached as Exhibits "2" and "3."

Of 100 investor accounts, the Receiver received 66 claim forms. Nearly all of the accounts that did not return claim forms had already received payouts of their original investments of 100% or greater. The Receiver did not receive any claims from non-investor creditors. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶¶ 6-7.)

Of the returned claim forms, three were returned after the August 15, 2022 deadline. Only two of these claims were submitted by investors who received distributions pre-receivership of less than 44.19%, and thus, would receive distributions through this Motion if their claims are treated as timely. The Receiver understands that these two claims were returned marginally late on August 25 and 26, 2023, because the investors either did not receive the claims packages mailed out by the Receiver or received the claims packages after the deadline. Given the lack of prejudice to other investors, in his business judgment, the Receiver recommends treating these two claims as timely filed. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 7.) The third late-filed claim was submitted by an investor who had already received 57.16% of their investment back so, even if the claim had been timely-submitted, there would be no distribution to that investor.

There are no outstanding issues with disputed claims. The Receiver consensually resolved all discrepancies between his forensic analysis and the records of non-insider investors. (See Brandlin Decl. at \P 8.) The proposed

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allowed amounts of the claims are reflected in Exhibit "1," which refers to investors by number instead of names in order to protect their privacy.

The Receiver identified one insider with an investor account, Michelle Nguyen (the "Insider"). Because the Insider received more than 100% of the amount they invested, the Insider will not participate in the distribution requested through the Motion. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 9.)

Ε. The Receiver's Calculation of the Amount to Distribute

Based on the information provided above, the Receiver has determined that he can distribute \$716,988.18 to investors. After payment of the fees and costs incurred through August 21, 2023, that the Court authorized to be paid, the Receiver will be holding \$730,677.51. Administrative expenses of the Receivership Estate must be paid before investors receive a distribution. As set forth above, the Receiver estimates that he will incur another \$22,500 in fees and costs in connection with making distributions and closing out the Receivership Estate. His counsel expects to incur \$18,000 through the closing of the Receivership Estate. These estimated fees and costs total \$40,500.

The Receiver proposes to use the \$26,810.67 balance of the settlement that is being paid over time for these fees, which places the risk of nonpayment on the Receiver and his counsel rather than on investors. It also enables just one distribution to be made to investors, rather than two. If the Court permits the Receiver and his counsel to be paid up to \$40,500, then the Receiver will need to use \$13,689.33 of the funds on hand for these fees and costs, which leaves a balance of cash on hand for investors of \$716,988.18.

In the unlikely event that the estimated fees and costs prove to have been overestimated so that there is a balance remaining, the Receiver would propose to distribute those funds to investors and in that event, would file a notice of the distribution with the Court. Any future distribution would utilize the same calculation as this distribution.

F. Status of the SEC's Claims Against Richard Nguyen and Mai Do

The SEC recently obtained an order granting its motion for entry of final judgments against Richard Nguyen and Mai Do. The Court entered a disgorgement judgment of \$969,210.07 plus prejudgment interest against Richard Nguyen, penalties of \$969,210.07, and held that he would be jointly and severally liable for the judgment against Mai Do. The Court entered a disgorgement judgment against Mai Do of \$267,889.64, plus prejudgment interest.

III. <u>LEGAL ARGUMENT</u>

As a preliminary matter, it is well-settled that district courts supervising federal equity receiverships have broad discretion to adopt appropriate procedures to administer the assets of and claims against a receivership estate. See *Sec. & Exch. Comm'n v. Capital Consultants, LLC*, 397 F.3d 733, 738 (9th Cir, 2005); *Sec. & Exch. Comm'n v. Hardy*, 803 F.2d 1034 (9th Cir. 1986).

A district court's power to supervise an equity receivership and to determine the appropriate action to be taken in the administration of the receivership is extremely broad. The district court has broad powers and wide discretion to determine the appropriate relief in an equity receivership. The basis for this broad deference to the district court's supervisory role in equity receiverships arises out of the fact that most receiverships involve multiple parties and complex transactions. *See Capital Consultants*, 397 F.3d at 738 (citations omitted).

A. As a Measure of Caution, It is Appropriate to Subordinate Unsecured Creditor Claims Against the Receivership Entity to Investor Claims Against the Receivership Entity

SEC receiverships are equitable proceedings intended to redistribute the proceeds of a fraud to the victims of the underlying entity. Unlike a bankruptcy case, there is no statutory mandate for how assets in a receivership should be distributed. It is therefore within a receiver's discretion to proposed a plan of distribution that classifies claims into different classes for different treatment based on equitable notions. See *SEC v. Credit Bancorp, Ltd.*, 290 F.3d 80, 91 (2d Cir. 2022); *see generally Hardy*, 803 F.2d at 1037-39. Applying these broad discretionary powers, courts tasked with supervising the administration of a receivership in an investment fraud may authorize any distribution protocol for receivership assets on account of allowed claims that is fair and reasonable. See *SEC v. Wealth Mgmt. LLC*, 628 F.3d 323, 332-33 (7th Cir. 2010). One option is to prioritize distributions to investors over distributions to creditors using a constructive trust theory.

California has two statutes that address the circumstances under which a constructive trust can be imposed. California Civil Code § 2223 provides that "One who wrongfully detains a thing is an involuntary trustee . . . for the benefit of the owner." California Civil Code § 2224 provides that "One who gains a thing by fraud, accident, mistake, undue influence, the violation of a trust, or other wrongful act, is . . . an involuntary trustee of the things gained, for the benefit of the person who would otherwise have had it." Thus, under California law, a court may conclude that assets are held in a constructive trust if it finds that "the acquisition of property was wrongful and the keeping of the property by the defendant would constitute unjust enrichment." See *FTC v. Crittenden*, 823 F.Supp. 699, 703 (C.D. Cal. 1993).

The Receivership Entity's sole source of income was funds traceable to investors. Under these circumstances, the Receiver believes it is fair, reasonable, and appropriate to prioritize investor claims to any claims of unsecured creditors by imposing a constructive trust against the Receivership Estate's assets for the benefit of investors, and subordinating all unsecured creditor claims against the Receivership Estate to all investor claims against the Receivership Estate. Even though no alleged creditors submitted claims, because of the hypothetical possibility of an alleged creditor asserting a claim in the future, out of an abundance of caution, the Receiver believes it is appropriate to impose a constructive trust. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 12.) All potential creditors, including taxing authorities, are being served with the Motion.

Accordingly, the Receiver respectfully requests that the Court impose a

Accordingly, the Receiver respectfully requests that the Court impose a constructive trust against the Receivership Estate's assets for the benefit of investors, and subordinate any unsecured creditor claims against the Receivership Estate to all investor claims against the Receivership Estate.

B. It is Appropriate to Make a First and Final Distribution of the Constructive Trust Res to Non-Insider Investors Who Filed Claims Utilizing the Rising Tide Method to Calculate Distributions

The two most common methods of making distributions in federal equity receiverships are the net investment method and the rising tide method. Under the net investment method, each investor would receive a pro rata distribution based on the investor's net loss at the end of the scheme. This approach does not even the playing field between investors who received distributions during the scheme and investors who did not. Instead, because it does not account for withdrawals or payments received during the scheme, the net investment method increases the rate of return for investors who received money during the scheme

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at the expense of the investors who did not. The rising tide method seeks to solve this dilemma. It enables the Receiver to include an investor's prior withdrawals as part of that investor's pro rata distribution, until that investor has received the same percentage as the other investors. The result is that it prevents an investor who previously received withdrawals from benefitting at the expense of investors who did not. See Commodity Futures Trading Comm'n v. Lake Shore Asset Mgmt., 2010 WL 960362, at *9-10 (N.D. Ill. 2010); Commodity Futures Trading Comm'n v. Equity Fin. Grp., LLC, 2005 WL 2143975, at *24 (D.N.J. 2005).

The Receiver believes the distributions should be made in accordance with the rising tide method. If the Receiver were to use the net investment method, then the Receiver would make a pro rata distribution to all of the investors holding allowed claims that would result in all of them receiving an amount equal to 37.96% of their claims.⁵ Investors who received withdrawals during the scheme would fare better than investors who did not, because they would be able to keep the funds that they received and receive another 37.96% of their net investment from the Receiver. Using the rising tide methodology eliminates this disparity. Under this methodology, each investor who has not yet received a distribution on account of their investment will receive a return of 44.19% of the amount that they invested. Investors who previously received a partial return prior to the commencement of the receivership that was less than 44.19% of the amount they invested will receive an amount that will bring their total distribution to 44.19%. Investors who have already received 44.19% of their amount invested will not participate in this distribution. Thus, through the rising

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⁵ This is calculated as the amount proposed to be distributed, which is \$716,988.18, divided by the estimated net investment of the investors, which is \$1,891,605.

tide method, the Receiver's goal is to equalize the distributions between investors to the greatest extent possible. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 13.)

As stated above, the Receiver seeks to make a distribution of \$716,988.17 of the res of the constructive trust to non-insider investors who timely filed claims and who have not already received back 44.19% of their amounts invested. The claim submission process is complete and the funds that the Receiver proposes to distribute are traceable to the funds seized by the SEC, which are required to be used for distributions to investors and the costs of administration of the Receivership Estate. Attached as Exhibit "1" is a spreadsheet with the timely-filed claims, the allowed amount of each claim, any withdrawals received during the scheme, and the proposed amount to be distributed in this distribution. The investor names and addresses are not included in order to protect their privacy. Instead, the only identifying information is their account number and the claim number. Investor claim numbers are on the mailing label affixed to the envelopes with the pleadings being served on investors. Investors with questions about their proposed distribution can call or email the Receiver's office for assistance. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 14.)

C. For Investors Who Have More Than One Account, the Receiver Proposes to Consolidate the Accounts for Purposes of Calculating the Distribution to the Investor

Three investors had more than one account with the Receivership Entity. Often, investors with multiple accounts received one or more distributions from at least one of their accounts but no distributions from the other, or a much smaller distribution. For example, assume that there is an investor who had one account where they had received 90% of their original \$100,000 investment and another account into which they invested another \$100,000 and received no

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distributions. If the accounts are consolidated, then the investor would not participate in this distribution because they have already received \$90,000 on account of the \$200,000 they invested, or 45%. However, if the accounts are not consolidated, then the investor would participate in the distribution for the account on which they received no distributions, receiving approximately \$41,140 for the account where there were no distributions, in addition to having already received \$90,000 for the other account. The Receiver believes that this would be inequitable. The Receiver seeks to avoid this result by consolidating the accounts of investors with two accounts, whether or not the accounts were closed. This ensures that each investor has one account that accurately represents the amount that they invested and the amount that was distributed to them. Only 4 investors are affected by this consolidation. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 15.); See, e.g., Aequitas Mgmt., LLC, 2020 WL 1528249 at *8 (approving the receiver's proposed consolidation of multiple accounts of single investors as an equitable outcome); Equity Fin. Group, LLC, 2005 WL 2143975 at *26 (approving the receiver's consolidation of multiple accounts, even where an investor used different investment vehicles to make the investment and held one account as an IRA and another individually, because "to disregard consolidation would permit this investor to receive a disproportionally larger distribution to those investors who maintained single accounts."). Accordingly, the Receiver requests that the Court authorize the consolidation of multiple accounts held for the benefit of a single investor.

D. The Receiver Request Approval of the Employment of Raines Feldman Littrell LLP Effective January 16, 2024, in Place of Smiley Wang-Ekvall, LLP

Effective January 16, 2024, Smiley Wang-Ekvall, LLP, began the process of winding down its operations and its insolvency group moved to Raines

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Feldman Littrell LLP. The Receiver seeks authority to employ Raines Feldman Littrell LLP as his counsel effective January 16, 2024, to assist him in the last stages of this receivership. The employment will be on the same terms as Smiley Wang-Ekvall's, including the same reduced rates. The compensation will come out of the \$18,000 allocated to fees for counsel from August 22, 2023, forward and if the fees of Smiley Wang-Ekvall and Raines Feldman Littrell are in excess of the amount available, they will share in that sum pro rata. The Receiver requires counsel to assist him in closing out the case, including to file this motion and the pleadings related to discharge, and the Receivership Estate will not be impacted one way or another by the retention because it is the same individual attorneys and on the same terms.

Accordingly, the Receiver requests that the Court approve his employment of Raines Feldman Littrell effective January 16, 2024.

D. Once the Investor Distributions and Payments of Any Approved Professionals Fees Are Made, the Administration of the Receivership Estate Will Be Complete and the Receiver May Be Discharged

Once the distributions to investors clear the bank and the Receiver and his professionals are paid any allowed balance of their approved fees and costs from the remaining settlement that is being paid over time, the Receiver believes that the administration of the Receivership Estate will be substantially complete. At that time, the only remaining asset will be the judgment against Mai Do in the amount of \$372,380.90, which is in addition to the disgorgement judgment recently obtained by the SEC. The Receiver believes this judgment is unlikely to be collectible, although an abstract of judgment was recorded. If by the time the remaining settlement is paid in full there has been no collection on the Mai Do judgment, then the Receiver believes that the Receivership Estate should

nonetheless be concluded, with the judgment considered an unadministered asset as it would in a chapter 7 bankruptcy case. If a recovery is obtained in the future, the Receiver can seek to reopen this case and to be reappointed solely for the purpose of making a further distribution to investors. (See Brandlin Decl. at ¶ 16.)

Therefore, upon the clearing of the investor distributions and the payment of any allowed balance of fees and costs to the Receiver and his professionals, the Receiver believes it will be appropriate to discharge the Receiver. (See id.) Procedurally, the Receiver requests that he be discharged upon his filing of a Notice of Discharge and Exoneration of Bond once investor distributions and the payments to the Receiver and his professionals are made. This Notice will not be filed for some time, so the Receiver will file semi-annual reports with the Court regarding the progress of collection of the settlement.

IV. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the Receiver respectfully requests that the Court enter an order:

- (1) Granting the Motion in its entirety;
- (2) Imposing a constructive trust over the assets of the Receivership Estate for the benefit of the investors in the Receivership Entity;
- (3) Authorizing the subordination of unsecured creditor claims against the Receivership Estate to the claims of the investors against the Receivership Estate;
- (4) Authorizing the Receiver to make a distribution of \$716,988.18, or such other amount as the Court may order, from the *res* of the constructive trust

to non-insider investors who timely filed claims with the Receiver, utilizing the rising tide methodology, as set forth in detail in Exhibit "1";⁶

- (5) Authorizing the Receiver to reserve \$13,689.33 from the cash on hand and to use the \$26,810.67 net amount due from Michelle Nguyen to pay fees and costs in an amount not to exceed \$22,500 for the Receiver and \$18,000 for his counsel for their fees and costs incurred from August 22, 2023, through the conclusion of this case, with any portion of those set asides not used to pay fees and costs to be distributed to investors in the same manner used in this Motion and with any fees and costs in excess of those sums to be written off;
- (6) Approving the consolidation of multiple accounts held for the benefit of a single investor;
- (7) Approving the employment of Raines Feldman Littrell LLP as the Receiver's counsel effective January 16, 2024;
- (8) Providing that the Receiver shall be discharged and his bond exonerated upon his filing of a Notice of Discharge of Receiver and Exoneration of Bond, which he will file after the distributions authorized hereto clear the Receiver's accounts and payments to the Receiver and his professionals are made; and
- (9) Granting such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: March 6, 2024 RAINES FELDMAN LITTRELL LLP

By: /s/ Kyra E. Andrassy
Attorneys for
Jeffrey Brandlin, Receiver

-17-

⁶ If the amount to be distributed is altered, the Receiver will recalculate the distributions accordingly.

10133496.1

Case 8:19-cv-01174-SVW-KES Document 183 Filed 03/06/24 Page 21 of 42 Page ID

DECLARATION OF JEFFREY BRANDLIN

I, Jeffrey Brandlin, declare as follows:

- 1. I am an individual and a Receiver for NTV Financial Group, Inc. in the above-entitled action. I make this declaration in support of my amended motion to approve a first and final distribution in this case and for related relief (the "Motion"). I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein, and if called upon to testify thereto, I could and would competently do so under oath. Unless otherwise defined in this declaration, all terms defined in the Motion are incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. My firm, Brandlin & Associates ("B&A"), and I have reviewed the Receivership Entity's books and records that I caused to be removed from NTV Financial's office, and the document production from the banks and brokerage firms within the scope of the Receiver Estate. Based thereon, B&A, under my supervision, compiled a list of investors and the amounts of their investments.
- 3. Based on that analysis and the claims submission process detailed below, I determined that between 2018 and July 1, 2019, NTV Financial raised at least \$3,055,201 from 95 investors, four of whom had two accounts each. Approximately \$1,164,135 was returned to non-insider investors, leaving \$1,891,065 in net investments.
- 4. As the Receiver, I have pursued several recoveries for the benefit of the Receivership Estate. Upon my appointment, I took control of petty cash, froze the Receivership Entity's bank accounts and obtained turnover of the balances, and liquidated the investments in the brokerage accounts, collectively resulting in a \$457,446.01 recovery. I also recovered and sold three real properties that collectively resulted in a \$312,597 recovery. Additionally, I pursued fraudulent transfer recoveries against 21 different transferees, 18 of which resulted in a recovery. To date, the fraudulent transfer claims have

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- collectively resulted in a recovery of \$469,412.64. In total, to date, I have recovered \$1,239,469.65 for the benefit of the Receivership Estate. I am currently holding \$898,100.33, with another \$7,227.50 in settlement payments expected shortly.
- 5. In June 2022, I caused claim packages with claim forms to be mailed to each investor and potential creditors with detailed instructions for completing the claim forms. The deadline for the submission of claim forms was 60 days from the date of service, which, in most cases, was August 15, 2022. I also caused notice of the claims bar deadline to be published in the *Orange* County Register and VietAmerican Weekly Magazine. True and correct copies of the proofs of publication are attached hereto as Exhibits "2" and "3." We also sent letters to remind investors to file claims by the deadline.
- 6. Of 100 investor accounts identified through B&A's forensic analysis, I received 66 claim forms. Based on our forensic analysis, nearly all of the accounts that did not return claim forms had already received payouts of their original investments of 100% or greater.
- 7. Of the returned claim forms, three were submitted slightly after the August 15, 2022, deadline. Only two of the three late-submitted claims were submitted by investors who received pre-receivership distributions of less than 44.19%, and thus, would receive further distributions if their claims are treated timely. Because these two claims were submitted on August 25 and 26, 2023, and my understanding that the two investors did not timely receive the claims packages, as well as the lack of prejudice to other investors, in my business judgment, I believe these two claims should be treated as timely filed. The third late-filed claim was submitted by an investor who had already received 57.16% of their investment back. No other claim forms were returned after August 15, 2022, and no claim forms were returned by non-investor creditors.

- 8. I am not aware of any outstanding issues with disputed claims and believe that B&A and I have consensually resolved all discrepancies between our forensic analysis and the records of non-insider investors.
- 9. Based on the analysis of my team and I, there is only one investor who was identified as an insider, Michelle Nguyen (the "Insider"). Because the Insider received more than 100% of the amount he or she invested, the Insider will not participate in the distribution proposed in the Motion.
- 10. I previously obtained a judgment of \$70,725.95 that provides for payments over time to the Receivership Estate, with a remaining recovery of \$38,300.95 to be received over approximately 26 months. After deduction of the 30% contingency fee, the net recovery is estimated to be \$26,810.67.
- 11. Rather than making an interim distribution now and a subsequent, final distribution upon completion of the Insider's payments, I believe it is appropriate to make a first and final distribution of \$716,988.18 at this time. From the funds I have on hand, including the \$7,227.50 in settlement payments I should receive shortly, after I pay the fees and costs incurred through August 21, 2023, that were approved by the Court for payment, I will be holding \$730,677.51. I am expecting another \$26,810.67 in net settlement payments from the Insider. My counsel and I have incurred fees and costs since the last fee application, which went through August 21, 2023, and estimate those to be at least \$22,500 for Brandlin & Associates and me and \$18,000 for my counsel. I expect that our fees and costs through the end of this receivership will exceed those estimates, but we will write off any excess amounts.
- 12. I propose to use \$13,689.33 of the funds on hand, plus the \$26,810.67 in expected settlement payments from the Insider to pay these fees and costs. I believe this is in the best interests of investors and will minimize the costs of the receivership by avoiding the administrative cost of a second

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distribution and provide the investors with a larger distribution now without impacting their overall recovery.

- 13. Based on the forensic analysis of B&A, the Receivership Entity's sole source of funds is traceable to investors. I believe it is fair, reasonable, and appropriate to prioritize investor claims to those of unsecured creditors by imposing a constructive trust against the Receivership Estate's assets for the benefit of investors, and subordinating all unsecured creditor claims against the Receivership Estate to all investor claims against the Receivership Estate. Even though no alleged creditors submitted claims, because of the possibility of an alleged creditor asserting a claim in the future, out of an abundance of caution, I believe it is appropriate to impose such a constructive trust.
- 14. I believe that distributions to investors should be made in accordance with the rising tide method. If the net investment method were used, then a pro rata distribution would be made to all of the investors holding allowed claims that would result in all of them receiving a distribution equal to 37.96% of their claims. Investors who received withdrawals during the scheme would fare better than investors who did not, because they would be able to keep the funds that they received and receive another 37.96% of their net investment. In my business judgment, using the rising tide methodology eliminates this disparity. Under this methodology, each investor who has not yet received a distribution on account of their investment will receive a return of 44.19% of the amount that they invested. Investors who previously received a partial return prior to the commencement of the receivership that was less than 44.19% of the amount they invested will receive an amount that will bring their total distribution to 44.19%. Investors who have already received 44.19% of their amount invested will not participate in this distribution.

- 15. Attached as Exhibit "1" is a true and correct copy of a spreadsheet with the timely-filed claims, the allowed amount of each claim, any withdrawals received during the scheme, and the proposed amount to be distributed to each investor using a distribution of \$716,988.18. The investor names and addresses are not included in order to protect their privacy. Instead, the only identifying information is their account number and the claim number. Investor claim numbers are on the mailing label affixed to the envelopes with the pleadings being served on investors. Investors with questions about their proposed distribution can call or email my office for assistance.
- 16. Four investors each had two accounts with the Receivership Entity. For the reasons set forth in the Motion, I believe it is appropriate to consolidate the accounts of these four investors.
- 17. When the proposed distributions to investors clear and myself and my professionals are paid any allowed balance of our approved fees and costs, the administration of the Receivership Estate will be complete. At that time, the only remaining asset will be the judgment against relief defendant Mai Do in the amount of \$372,380.90. In my opinion, this judgment is not collectible. Therefore, upon the clearing of the investor distributions and the payment of any allowed balance of fees and costs to myself and my professionals, I believe it will be appropriate to discharge me as Receiver. If, after being discharged, any recovery from the judgment against Mai Do is obtained, I will seek to reopen the receivership and inform the Court.
- 18. From the period from August 22, 2023, through the date of this declaration, my firm has incurred fees of approximately \$12,500 in connection with preparing for and attending the hearing on the first distribution motion, communicating with investors, and updating the rising tide analysis based on the updated figures. I also need to have the 2023 and 2024 tax returns prepared and

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DECLARATION OF KYRA E. ANDRASSY

- I, Kyra E. Andrassy, hereby declare and state as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice before all courts in the State of California. Effective January 16, 2024, I am a partner with the law firm of Raines Feldman Littrell LLP. Prior to that time, I was a partner at Smiley Wang-Ekvall, LLP, which was Court-approved counsel to Jeffrey Brandlin, the receiver for NTV Financial Group, Inc. Based on my personal knowledge, I assert the facts set forth herein and, if called upon as a witness, I could and would competently testify thereto.
- 2. For the period from August 22, 2023, through January 16, 2024, Smiley Wang-Ekvall had incurred fees of \$8,770.50, which included my time preparing for and attending the hearing on our second and final fee applications and the first distribution motion. In addition, Smiley Wang-Ekvall incurred costs of \$2,020.71, mostly in connection with the postage and copy charges for the fee application and the distribution motion. Since moving to Raines Feldman, I have incurred additional fees preparing this motion and will continue to incur fees attending any hearing, assisting the Receiver with distributions, and preparing the declaration that his administration of the receivership is complete and the related discharge order. I expect these fees, together with those of Smiley Wang-Ekvall incurred since August 22, 2023, to exceed \$18,000 but will agree to write off fees in excess of that amount.
- 3. Raines Feldman Littrell ran a conflicts check of all of the investors and creditors in this case and there are no conflicts to disclose. It will agree to honor the rates charged by Smiley Wang-Ekvall for the duration of this case.

I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the United States of America, that the foregoing is true and correct.

Case 8:19-cv-01174-SVW-KES Document 183 Filed 03/06/24 Page 29 of 42 Page ID #:3472 Executed on March 6, 2024, at Costa Mesa, California. /s/ Kyra E. Andrassy Kyra E. Andrassy -26-MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

10133496.1

EXHIBIT "1"

CALCULATIONS of DISTRIBUTIONS to INVESTORS (USING the RISING TIDE METHOD)

Printed on: 3/5/24 1:43 PM

42

72

20,000.00

TOTAL AMOUNT to be DISTRIBUTED = \$ 716,988

TOTAL PERCENT to be ALLOWED = 44.187%

0.000%

Investors' Claimed Amounts Total **Proposed Distributions** Net Percent Claim Account **Deposits Payouts** Invested of Payout Percent Amount Number \$ 3,055,200 \$ 1,164,135 1,891,065 38.103% 716,988 # \$ 1 31 \$ 40,000.00 6,200.00 \$ 33,800.00 15.500% 44.187% \$ 11,474.88 2 32 5.000.00 6.290.00 (1,290.00)125.800% 0.000% 3 33 5,000.00 6,094.00 (1,094.00)0.000% 121.880% _ 4 34 40,000.00 40,000.00 100.000% 0.000% _ 5 10,000.00 12,188.00 (2,188.00)0.000% 35 121.880% 6 36 15,000.00 2,733.00 12,267.00 18.220% 44.187% 3,895.08 7 37 5,000.00 5,669.00 (669.00)113.380% 0.000% 8 38 5,000.00 6,094.00 (1,094.00)121.880% 0.000% _ 9 39 (429.00)104.290% 0.000% 10,000.00 10,429.00 40 and 10,000.00 1,469.00 8,531.00 44.187% 2,949.72 10 14.690% Account No. 125 (CONSOLIDATED) 11 5,008.00 (8.00)100.160% 0.000% 41 5,000.00 12 42 50,000.00 4,620.00 45,380.00 9.240% 44.187% 17,473.60 43 300,000.00 330,262.00 (30,262.00)110.087% 0.000% 13 14 44 20.000.00 3,186.00 16,814.00 15.930% 44.187% 5,651.44 45 0.000% 15 10,000.00 5,716.00 4,284.00 57.160% 46 20,000.00 20,453.00 (453.00)102.265% 0.000% 16 6,336.00 29,013.76 17 47 80,000.00 73,664.00 7.920% 44.187% 18 48 5,000.00 863.00 4,137.00 17.260% 44.187% 1,346.36 19 49 20,000.00 21,937.00 (1,937.00)0.000% 109.685% 115.180% 20 50 5,000.00 5,759.00 (759.00)0.000% 21 51 40,000.00 3,434.00 36,566.00 8.585% 44.187% 14,240.88 22 52 300,000.00 25,280.00 274,720.00 8.427% 44.187% 107,281.60 23 53 20.000.00 20.000.00 100.000% 0.000% 24 54 47,752.00 44.187% 19,845.60 50,000.00 2,248.00 4.496% 25 55 15,000.00 16,200.00 (1,200.00)108.000% 0.000% 26 56 5,000.00 5,625.00 (625.00)112.500% 0.000% 27 46,000.00 4,015.00 41,985.00 8.728% 44.187% 16,311.11 57 4,118.72 9,700.00 28 58 10,000.00 300.00 3.000% 44.187% 3,203.72 29 59 10,000.00 1,215.00 8,785.00 12.150% 44.187% 30 60 5,000.00 5,425.00 (425.00)108.500% 0.000% 11,000.00 111.200% 0.000% 31 61 12,232.00 (1,232.00)-32 62 30,000.00 33,555.00 (3,555.00)111.850% 0.000% _ 33 63 10,000.00 10,330.00 (330.00)103.300% 0.000% 34 64 10,000.00 949.00 9,051.00 9.490% 44.187% 3,469.72 35 65 11.700% 44.187% 3,248.72 10,000.00 1,170.00 8,830.00 14,227.88 36 66 40,000.00 3,447.00 36,553.00 8.618% 44.187% 37 67 180,000.00 94,239.00 85,761.00 52.355% 0.000% 38 68 5,000.00 5,570.00 (570.00)111.400% 0.000% _ 69 39 10,000.00 10,500.00 (500.00)105.000% 0.000% 40 70 and 30,000.00 21,321.00 8,679.00 71.070% 0.000% _ Account No. 116 (CONSOLIDATED) 41 71 50,000.00 4,662.00 45,338.00 9.324% 44.187% 17,431.60

(1,759.00)

108.795%

21,759.00

		I	nvestors' Claim	ed Amounts			
		Total		Net	Percent	Proposed Dist	ributions
Claim	Account	Deposits	Payouts	Invested	of Payout	Percent	Amount
43	73	20,000.00	20,000.00	- Investeu	100.000%	0.000%	-
44	74	120,000.00	58,205.00	61,795.00	48.504%	0.000%	
45	75	10,000.00	10,145.00	(145.00)	101.450%	0.000%	
46	76	40,000.00	23,197.00	16,803.00	57.993%	0.000%	
47	77	20,000.00	888.00	19,112.00	4.440%	44.187%	7,949.44
48	78	5,000.00	200.00	4,800.00	4.000%	44.187%	2,009.36
49	78	5,000.00	870.00	(870.00)	4.000% n/a	0.000%	2,009.30
50	80	30,000.00	2,167.00	27,833.00	7.223%	44.187%	11,089.16
51	81	30,000.00	2,479.00	27,521.00	8.263%	44.187%	10,777.16
52	82 and	·					<u> </u>
52		40,000.00	10,730.00	29,270.00	26.825%	44.187%	6,944.88
F2		127 (CONSOLIDATED)		(4, 402, 00)	407.0400/	0.0000/	
53	83	20,000.00	21,402.00	(1,402.00)	107.010%	0.000%	
54	84	17,000.00	1,181.00	15,819.00	6.947%	44.187%	6,330.82
55	85	10,000.00	695.00	9,305.00	6.950%	44.187%	3,723.72
56	86	30,000.00	2,058.00	27,942.00	6.860%	44.187%	11,198.16
57	87	15,000.00	968.00	14,032.00	6.453%	44.187%	5,660.08
58	88	5,000.00	347.00	4,653.00	6.940%	44.187%	1,862.36
59	89	40,000.00	1,671.00	38,329.00	4.178%	44.187%	16,003.88
60	90	250,000.00	14,092.00	235,908.00	5.637%	44.187%	96,376.00
61	91	20,000.00	1,258.00	18,742.00	6.290%	44.187%	7,579.44
62	92	35,000.00	1,400.00	33,600.00	4.000%	44.187%	14,065.52
63	93	20,000.00	10,374.00	9,626.00	51.870%	0.000%	-
64	94	20,000.00	21,038.00	(1,038.00)	105.190%	0.000%	-
65	95	5,000.00	5,259.00	(259.00)	105.180%	0.000%	-
66	96 and	45,000.00	20,000.00	25,000.00	44.444%	0.000%	-
		104 (CONSOLIDATED)					
67	97	5,000.00	5,202.00	(202.00)	104.040%	0.000%	-
68	98	10,000.00	317.00	9,683.00	3.170%	44.187%	4,101.72
69	99	49,000.00	1,600.00	47,400.00	3.265%	44.187%	20,051.73
70	100	5,000.00	200.00	4,800.00	4.000%	44.187%	2,009.36
71	101	40,000.00	600.00	39,400.00	1.500%	44.187%	17,074.88
72	102	10,000.00	400.00	9,600.00	4.000%	44.187%	4,018.72
73	103	55,000.00	1,762.00	53,238.00	3.204%	44.187%	22,540.96
74	103	SEE (66) ABOVE	1,702.00	33,238.00	3.204/0	44.10770	22,340.90
75	105	50,000.00	374.00	49,626.00	0.748%	44.187%	21,719.60
76	106	60,000.00		49,020.00	100.000%	0.000%	21,719.00
76	106	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	60,000.00	40 540 00			20.641.60
		50,000.00	1,452.00	48,548.00	2.904%	44.187%	20,641.60
78	108	20,000.00	292.00	19,708.00	1.460%	44.187%	8,545.44
79	109	10,000.00	273.00	9,727.00	2.730%	44.187%	4,145.72
80	110	35,000.00	722.00	34,278.00	2.063%	44.187%	14,743.52
81	111	5,000.00	123.00	4,877.00	2.460%	44.187%	2,086.36
82	112	20,000.00	396.00	19,604.00	1.980%	44.187%	8,441.44
83	113	10,000.00	106.00	9,894.00	1.060%	44.187%	4,312.72
84	114	2,200.00	44,545.00	(42,345.00)	2024.773%	0.000%	-
85	115	25,000.00	264.00	24,736.00	1.056%	44.187%	10,782.80
86	116	SEE (40) ABOVE					
87	117	10,000.00	79.00	9,921.00	0.790%	44.187%	4,339.72
88	118	20,000.00	22.00	19,978.00	0.110%	44.187%	8,815.44
89	119	10,000.00	10,000.00	-	100.000%	0.000%	-
90	120	10,000.00	-	10,000.00	n/a	44.187%	4,418.72
91	121	10,000.00	-	10,000.00	n/a	44.187%	4,418.72

Investors' Claimed Amounts

Net

Percent

Proposed Distributions

0.000% \$

Total

45,000

Totals \$

Claim	Account	:	Deposits		Payouts		Invested	of Payout	Percent	Amount
92	122		-		-		-	n/a	0.000%	-
93	123		10,000.00		-		10,000.00	n/a	44.187%	4,418.72
94	124		-		-		-	n/a	0.000%	-
95	125		-		-		-	n/a	0.000%	-
96	126		-		-		-	n/a	0.000%	-
97	127	SE	E (52) ABOVE							
98	128		100,000.00		-		100,000.00	n/a	44.187%	44,187.20
99	129		10,000.00		-		10,000.00	n/a	44.187%	4,418.72
100	130		-		-		-	n/a	0.000%	-
	Tot	als \$	3,055,200	\$	1,164,135	\$	1,891,065		<u> </u>	\$ 716,988
	II	IVEST	ORS WITH MO	RE T	HAN ONE AC	cou	JNT THAT REQU	IRE CONSOLIDA	ATION	
10	40		10,000		1,469		8,531	14.690%	44.187%	2,950
95	125		10,000		1,409		0,331	14.090% n/a	0.000%	2,930
55		als \$	10,000	\$	1,469	\$	8,531	14.690%	44.187%	\$ 2,950
40	70		20,000		21,260		(1,260)	106.300%	0.000%	-
86	116		10,000		61		9,939	0.610%	0.000%	-
	Tot	als \$	30,000	\$	21,321	\$	8,679	71.070%	0.000%	\$ -
52	82		30,000		10,730		19,270	35.767%	0.000%	-
97	127		10,000		-		10,000	n/a	0.000%	-
	Tot	als \$		\$	10,730	\$	29,270	26.825%	44.187%	\$ 6,945
66	96		20,000		20,000			100.000%	0.000%	
74	104		25,000		20,000		25,000	n/a	0.000%	<u>-</u>
 	104		23,000		-		23,000	11/4	0.000%	-

20,000

\$

25,000

44.444%

EXHIBIT "2"

Case 8:19-cy-01174-SVW-KES Document 183 Filed 03/06/24 Page 35 of 42 Page ID #:3478

1771 S. Lewis Street Anaheim, CA 92805 714-796-2209

5236654

SMILEY WANG-EKVALL, LLP 3200 PARK CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 250 COSTA MESA, CA 92626

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

County of Orange

SS.

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to or interested in the above entitled matter. I am the principal clerk of The Orange County Register, a newspaper of general circulation, published in the city of Santa Ana, County of Orange, and which newspaper has been adjudged to be a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of Orange, State of California, under the date of November 19, 1905, Case No. A-21046, that the notice, of which the annexed is a true printed copy, has been published in each regular and entire issue of said newspaper and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates, to wit:

06/16/2022, 06/23/2022, 06/30/2022, 07/07/2022

I certify (or declare) under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct:

Executed at Anaheim, Orange County, California, on Date: July 07, 2022.

Sandra Campos

Signature

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

Legal No. 0011542911

SMILEY WANG-EKVALL, LLP Kyra E. Andrassy, State Bar No. 207959 kandrassy@swelawfirm.com Michael L. Simon, State Bar No. 300822 msimon@swelawfirm.com 3200 Park Center Drive, Suite 250 Costa Mesa, California 92626 Telephone: 714 445-1000 Facsimile: 714 445-1002

Attorneys for Jeffrey E. Brandlin, Receiver

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DIVISION

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,)	Case No. SACV19-1174-SVW (KESX)
Plaintiff,)	NOTICE OF DEADLINE OF AUGUST 15, 2022, FOR CREDITORS AND INVESTORS OF
v.)	NTV FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. TO SUBMIT PROOFS OF CLAIM TO THE RECEIVER
RICHARD VU NGUYEN, A/K/A NGUYEN THANH VU, AND NTV FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.,)	
Defendants.)	
and)	
MAI DO,)	
Relief Defendants.)	

TO ALL INVESTORS AND CREDITORS OF NTV FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the Court's order entered on March 14, 2022, the deadline for creditors and investors of NTV Financial Group, Inc., to submit their claim forms to the Receiver is August 15, 2022. Claim packages were mailed to the last known address for each investor and creditor on June 15, 2022. Duplicate copies are available from the Receiver by contacting natalie@brandlin.com. Claim forms must be timely returned to the Receiver pursuant to the instructions in the claim package or the investor or creditor will be barred from asserting a claim against the receivership estate or participating in a distribution. Claim forms are not to be filed with the Court.

DATED: June 15, 2022 Respectfully submitted,

SMILEY WANG-EKVALL, LLP

By: /s/ Kyra E. Andrassy KYRA E. ANDRASSY Attorneys for Jeffrey E. Brandlin, Receiver

Publish: Orange County Register June 16, 23, 30, July 7, 2022 11542911

EXHIBIT "3"

2022 06, 2022 SAN BERNARDINO RIVERSIDE | ORANGE COUNTY | POMONA | SAN GABRIEL VALLEY | TEMECULA | HESPERIA... Liên lạc, quảng cáo, xin gọi: **714-478-6331 | 909-395-8850** issue #1344

chuyên viên địa ốc ài và có Tâm

muốn mua hay bán nhà, qua kinh a mình, chúng tôi nghĩ Anh Henry Trần à quý vị nên tìm đến. Trước hết vì anh 1g số không nhiều những chuyên viên thiều kinh nghiệm, am hiểu thị trường, ng việc đàm phán để có thể có lợi nhất hủ của mình. Tuy nhiên quan trọng hơn 1gười rất thành thật, làm việc với tất cả à luôn vì mối quan hệ lâu dài.

được biết anh Henry không những được ri Việt tin tưởng mà anh còn tạo được uy khách hàng thuộc nhiều sắc dân khác. só lẽ cũng dễ hiểu bởi vì ai cũng cần có Tài và có Tâm giúp trong việc hà cửa, một trong những tài sản la đời người.

Nguyễn, Rancho Cucamonga

-510-7796

enry@henryqtran.com

RE/MAX TIME REALTY

10535 Foothill Blvd, Ste 460, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730



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Ship To

FICE OF SMILEY WANG-EKVALL -1000**IRK CENTER DRIVE, RM 250** MESA, CA 92626

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06/22/2022 Merchant_ID: Device ID: Terminal ID: 12:17:42 0080 PPX1.

Sale: Credit

Transaction #: Card Type: Account: Entra:

AMEX **2098 Manual

Amount:

\$200.00

STAN: Auth. Code: Response: AVS Response:

004 280069 AUTH/TKT

Z - 5-Digit Zip Matches

Terms	Due Date	Rep	Ship	Via	F.O.B.
	6/21/2022		6/21/2022		
tem Code		Description		Price Each	Amount
JLL PAG	Full Page ad, Black & White Issue# 1344 Page 36 & page 37 PUBLICATION OF NOTICE		W)	100.00	200.00
•	fiet	Cine	VICAN. EEKLY		a.

\$25 service charge for all returned checks.

considered past due after 30 days from the date the invoice is received, and per month interest charge.

default in the payment, and if this invoice is placed in the hands of a or attorney for collection or legal action, an additional charge equal to the including collection agency and attorney fees and court costs incurred will nount due.

Subtotal	\$200.00
Sales Tax (7.75%)	\$0.00
Total	\$200.00
Payment/Deposit	\$-200.00
Balance Due	\$0.00

10133496.1

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1 2	State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.						
3	(Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made. I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct.						
4	Executed March 6, 2024 at Costa Mesa, California.						
5	Ja'Nita Fisher /s/ Ja'Nita Fisher						
6	Type or Print Name Signature						
7							
8	SERVICE LIST						
9	BY COURT VIA NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING ("NEF"):						
10	Kyra E Andrassy						
11	kandrassy@raineslaw.com,jchung@swelawfirm.com,lgarrett@swelawfirm.com,gcruz @swelawfirm.com						
12	Kelly Curtis Bowers						
13	bowersk@sec.gov • Nathan W. Fransen						
_	nathan@fmattorney.com,deforest@fmattorney.com						
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20	welawfirm.com						
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22							
23	Richard Nguyen & Mai Do Employment Development Wells Fargo Bank N.A.						
24	12632 Jerome Lane Department c/o CSC Lawyers						
	Legal Office 2710 Gateway Oaks Dr., 800 Capital Mall MIC 53 Suite 150N						
25	Sacramento, CA 95814 Sacramento, CA 95833						
26	Trish Nguyen Khanh Hoang Do Henry Pham 15191 Middleborough St. 4437 Watermoor Dr. 10517 Garden Grove Blvd.						
27	Westminster, CA 92683 Riverside, CA 92505 Garden Grove, CA 92843						
28	-28-						
	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES						
	THE TO HOMILES						

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1			
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