

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION**

In re:

RAZZOO'S, INC., *et al.*,

Debtors.¹

Chapter 11

Case No. 25-90522 (ARP)

(Jointly Administered)

JOINT COMBINED CHAPTER 11 PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

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ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEBTORS

Dated: March 11, 2026

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are: Razzoo's, Inc. (9753) and Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. (9608).

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INTRODUCTION

The above-captioned Debtors hereby propose the following Plan, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1121, for the resolution of outstanding Claims against, Interests in, and expenses incurred by the Debtors. The Debtors are the Proponents of this Plan within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1129.

As discussed in greater detail herein, during these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors sold substantially all of their Assets. The Sale of the Purchased Assets discussed herein did not generate sufficient proceeds to pay all expected Claims against the Estates. This Plan proposes to establish a Liquidating Trust for the purposes of liquidating any remaining Assets and distributing available Cash to pay Administrative Expense Claims, Secured Claims (to the extent not already paid), Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, and finally, to make distributions to Holders of General Unsecured Claims.

ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS OR INTERESTS ENTITLED TO VOTE TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THIS PLAN ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THIS PLAN CAREFULLY AND, IN ITS ENTIRETY, BUT PARTICULARLY INCLUDING THE EXCULPATIONS AND INJUNCTIONS SET FORTH IN ARTICLE VIII, BEFORE VOTING ON THIS PLAN.

This document also encompasses the Disclosure Statement required pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1125. No materials other than this Plan (including the Disclosure Statement incorporated herein) and any Exhibits attached hereto or referenced herein have been authorized by the Plan Proponents for use in soliciting acceptances or rejections of this Plan. All references in the remainder of this document to “this Plan” will be deemed to be references to “this Plan and the Disclosure Statement included within this Plan.”

The Disclosure Statement included in this Plan has been conditionally approved by the Bankruptcy Court. The Bankruptcy Court will consider final approval of the Disclosure Statement at the Confirmation Hearing scheduled for **April 22, 2026 at 1:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time)**. The Confirmation Hearing will be held before The Honorable Judge Alfredo Pérez of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, 515 Rusk, 4th Floor, Courtroom 400, Houston, Texas 77002. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Bankruptcy Court without further notice except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing.

Objections to final approval of the Disclosure Statement or to Confirmation of the Plan must be filed and served on or before **April 13, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time)**. Unless an objection is timely filed and served, they may not be considered by the Bankruptcy Court at the Confirmation Hearing.

**ARTICLE I.
DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF INTERPRETATION,
CONSTRUCTION OF TERMS, COMPUTATION OF TIME, AND GOVERNING LAW**

A. Defined Terms

For purposes of this Plan, except as expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires, all capitalized terms not otherwise defined shall have meanings ascribed to them in this Article. Any term used in this Plan that is not defined herein but is defined in the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. Whenever the context requires, such terms shall include the plural as well as the singular number, the masculine gender shall include the feminine, and the feminine gender shall include the masculine.

Administrative Claim means a Claim, Cause of Action, right, or other liability, or the portion thereof, that is entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code sections 326, 327, 330, 503(b), 506(c), 507(a)(2), 507(b), and 1103, including: (i) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Debtors' Petition Date of preserving the Bankruptcy Estates and/or in connection with operating the Debtors' business (such as wages, salaries, or payments for goods and services); (ii) Professional Compensation Claims; and (iii) all fees and charges assessed against the Bankruptcy Estates under 28 U.S.C. § 1930.

Administrative Claim Bar Date means, except as provided in Article III herein, the first Business Day that is thirty (30) days after the Effective Date or such earlier deadline as established by an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Affiliate has the meaning prescribed in Bankruptcy Code section 101(2).

Allowed means, with respect to any Claim or Interest, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, a Claim or Interest allowable under Bankruptcy Code section 502 that: (i) has been allowed by a Final Order, including but not limited to any Final Order estimating Claims for purposes of confirming this Plan; (ii) either has been Scheduled as a liquidated, non-contingent, undisputed Claim in an amount greater than zero in the Debtors' Schedules, as the same may from time to time be amended in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules or order of the Bankruptcy Court, or is the subject of a timely filed and liquidated Proof of Claim as to which either no objection to its allowance has been filed (either by way of objection or amendment to the Schedules) within the periods of limitation fixed by the Bankruptcy Code or by any order of the Bankruptcy Court, or any objection to its allowance has been settled, waived through payment, or withdrawn, or has been denied by a Final Order; or (iii) is expressly allowed in a liquidated amount in the Plan; *provided, however*, that with respect to an Administrative Claim, "Allowed" means an Administrative Claim as to which a timely request for payment has been made in accordance with this Plan (if such written request is required) or other Administrative Claim, in each case as to which (a) a timely objection has not been filed, or (b) a timely objection is filed and such objection has been settled, waived through payment, or withdrawn, or has been denied by a Final Order.

APA means that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated December 2, 2025, by and between Debtors Razzoo's, Inc. and Razzoo's Holdings, Inc., as Sellers, and ThirtyThree97 LLC, as Buyer.

Assets means all of the rights, title, and interests of either Debtor in and to property of whatever type or nature (including real, personal, mixed, intellectual, tangible, and intangible property).

Avoidance Actions means any and all actual or potential Claims and Causes of Action that may be commenced before or after the Effective Date, to avoid a transfer of property or an obligation incurred by either of the Debtors pursuant to any applicable section of the Bankruptcy Code, including sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 553(b), and 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, or under similar or related state or federal statutes and common law.

Ballot(s) means the forms of ballots served by the Debtors to the Voting Classes to solicit acceptances or rejections of the Plan.

Bankruptcy Code means title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532, *et seq.*

Bankruptcy Court means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division.

Bankruptcy Estate(s) or **Estate(s)** means the estates of the Debtors created under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code upon the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, and all Estate Property comprising each estate.

Bankruptcy Rules means, collectively, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the Official Bankruptcy Forms, as amended, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as amended and as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases or proceedings therein, and the Bankruptcy Local Rules of the Bankruptcy Court, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Cases or proceedings therein, as the case may be.

Bar Date means February 8, 2026, the date set forth in the *Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case* [Docket No. 43] by which Proofs of Claim must be filed with respect to such Claims, other than Administrative Claims, Claims held by Governmental Units, or other Claims or Interests for which the Bankruptcy Court entered an order excluding Holders of such Claims or Interests from the requirement of filing Proofs of Claim.

Business Day means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or a “legal holiday” (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).

Buyer means ThirtyThree97 LLC, and its respective Affiliates and assigns, as applicable.

Cash means cash and cash equivalents constituting Estate Property, including bank deposits, checks, and other similar items in legal tender of the United States of America.

Cause(s) of Action means any claims, interests, damages, remedies, causes of action, demands, rights, actions, suits, obligations, liabilities, accounts, defenses, offsets, powers, privileges, licenses, Liens, indemnities, guaranties, and franchises of any kind or character whatsoever, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, contingent or non-contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, secured or unsecured, assertible, directly or derivatively, matured or unmatured, suspected or unsuspected, in contract, tort, law, equity, or otherwise. This term also specifically includes: (i) all rights of setoff, counterclaim, or recoupment

and claims under contracts or for breaches of duties imposed by law; (ii) the right to object to or otherwise contest Claims or Interests; (iii) Avoidance Actions; and (iii) such claims and defenses as fraud, mistake, duress, and usury, and any other defenses set forth in section 558 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Chapter 11 Case(s) means, with respect to a Debtor, such Debtor's case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code commenced on the Petition Date in the Bankruptcy Court, which cases are being jointly administered under the case styled *In re: Razzoo's, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 25-90522.

Claim means a claim against any portion of the Debtors' Estates, whether or not asserted, as defined in section 105(5) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Claims and Noticing Agent means Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC, the Claims, noticing, and solicitation agent retained by the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases in accordance with the Bankruptcy Court's *Order Authorizing the Employment and Retention of Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC as Claims, Noticing and Solicitation Agent* [Docket No. 7].

Claims Register means the official register of Claims maintained by the Claims and Noticing Agent.

Class(es) means a category of Claims or Interests as described in the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1122(a).

Closing means the closing of the Sale of the Purchased Assets and Assumed Liabilities with Buyer on December 29, 2025, and effective as of the Effective Time of 12:01 a.m. on December 30, 2025, in accordance with, and as such terms and conditions are more fully set forth and defined in, the Sale Order and APA.

CM/ECF means the Bankruptcy Court's Case Management and Electronic Cases Filing system.

Committee means the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases.

Confirmation means entry by the Bankruptcy Court of the Confirmation Order confirming this Plan.

Confirmation Date means the date of entry by the Bankruptcy Court of the Confirmation Order.

Confirmation Hearing means the hearing held by the Bankruptcy Court to consider Confirmation of the Plan.

Confirmation Order means the order of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129.

Consummation means the occurrence of the Effective Date.

Current Directors and Officers means the directors and officers of the Debtors who were directors and officers of the Debtors as of the Petition Date.

Debtor(s) means Razzoo's, Inc., and Razzoo's Holdings, Inc., each individually a Debtor.

DIP Commitment means the aggregate principal amount of up to \$4,000,000 committed by the DIP Lender pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet to finance the Debtors' operations during the Chapter 11 Cases.

DIP Facility means the debtor-in-possession financing, consisting of the DIP New Money Loans and DIP Roll-Up Loan, provided by the DIP Lender to the Debtors during the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet and in accordance with the Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

DIP Lender means ThirtyThree97 LLC, solely in its capacity as lender, pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet and Final DIP Order, and as successor and assign of First Horizon Bank in its capacity as original lender under the Prepetition Loan Documents, DIP Term Sheet and Interim DIP Order.

DIP Liens means all liens and security interests granted to the DIP Lender to secure the DIP Obligations in accordance with the Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order.

DIP Obligations means all liabilities, fees and interest owed by the Debtors to the DIP Lender in connection with the DIP Facility pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet, Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

DIP Loan Claims means the Claims on account of the DIP Obligations held by the DIP Lender (*i.e.*, the sum of the DIP New Money Loans and DIP Roll-Up Loan comprising the entire DIP Facility, together with any and all fees and accrued but unpaid interest) arising under or relating to the DIP Term Sheet, the Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order, in the total aggregate principal amount of up to \$14,040,412.98.

DIP New Money Loans means the multi-draw term loans in the aggregate DIP Commitment amount of \$4,000,000 advanced by the DIP Lender to Debtors during the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet, Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

DIP Roll-Up Loan means the conversion of the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt to loans under the DIP Facility approved by the Bankruptcy Court during the Chapter 11 Cases, and which is comprised of the aggregate principal amount owed to FHB under the Prepetition Loan Documents, together with the accrued and unpaid interest, default interest, prepayment premiums, and other fees thereon, which DIP Roll-Up Loan was deemed "rolled up" and consolidated with the DIP New Money Loans under the DIP Term Sheet pursuant to the terms of, and subject to the conditions set forth in the Final DIP Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court.

DIP Term Sheet means that certain Comprehensive DIP Term Sheet agreement, dated October 6, 2025, by and between the Debtors, as borrowers, and First Horizon Bank, as lender, which, among other things, provided for senior secured priming debtor-in-possession financing to the Debtors during the Chapter 11 Cases, together with all amendments, modifications, supplements thereto and any related DIP Loan Documents as defined in the Final DIP Order. A copy of the DIP Term Sheet is attached to the Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order.

Disclosure Statement means the disclosure statement portions of this *Joint Combined Chapter 11 Plan and Disclosure Statement* filed by the Debtors, as such document may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

Disputed Claim means a Claim in a particular Class as to which a Proof of Claim has been filed or is deemed to have been filed under applicable law or an Administrative Claim as to which an objection has been filed in accordance with the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, and such objection has not been withdrawn or determined by a Final Order. For purposes of the Plan, a Claim is a Disputed Claim prior to any objection to the extent that: (i) the amount of a Claim specified in a Proof of Claim exceeds the amount of any corresponding Claim scheduled by the Debtors in their respective Schedules; (ii) any corresponding Claim scheduled by the Debtors in the Schedules has been scheduled as disputed, contingent or unliquidated, irrespective of the amount scheduled; (iii) no corresponding Claim has been scheduled by the Debtors in the Schedules; or (iv) the Claim is subject to disallowance pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502(d).

Distribution Record Date means the Confirmation Date.

Effective Date means the date that is the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date, on which (i) no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect, and (ii) all conditions to the effectiveness of the Plan have been satisfied or waived as provided in the Plan.

Entity means any Person, estate, trust, Governmental Unit, or UST, as set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 101(15).

Estate Property means all right, title, and interest in and to any and all property of every kind or nature, owned by the Debtors or their respective Estates on the Petition Date, as the case may be, as defined by Bankruptcy Code section 541.

Exculpated Parties means, collectively, and in each case solely in their capacities as such during the Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors, the Committee, and the Committee's individual members.

Executory Contract means an executory contract, as such term is used in Bankruptcy Code section 365, to which any Debtor is a party or beneficiary.

Exhibit means an exhibit annexed to the Plan.

Final Order means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court, as entered on the docket in the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases, the operation or effect of which has not been stayed, reversed, or amended and as to which order or judgment (or any revision, modification, or amendment thereof) the time to appeal or seek review or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for review or rehearing was filed or, if filed, remains pending.

Final DIP Order means the Bankruptcy Court's *Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtors To (A) Obtain Senior Secured Priming Superpriority Postpetition Financing, (B) Use Cash Collateral, and (C) Grant Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims, (II) Modifying the Automatic Stay, and (III) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 137].

First Horizon Bank or **FHB** means First Horizon Bank, as prepetition lender and administrative agent for certain lenders under the Prepetition FHB Loan Documents.

General Unsecured Claim means an Unsecured Claim that is not: (i) an Administrative Claim; (ii) a Professional Compensation Claim; (iii) a Priority Tax Claim; or (iv) a Priority Non-Tax Claim.

Governmental Unit means any governmental unit, as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(27).

Holder means: (i) as to any Claim, (a) the owner or holder of such Claim as such is reflected on the Proof of Claim filed with respect to such Claim, or (b) if no Proof of Claim has been filed with respect to such Claim, the owner or holder of such Claim as such is reflected on the Schedules or the books and records of the Debtors or as otherwise determined by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, or (c) if the owner or holder of such Claim has assigned or transferred the Claim to a third party and the Debtors have received sufficient written evidence of such assignment or transfer, the assignee or transferee; and (ii) as to any Interest, (a) the owner or holder of such Interest as such is reflected on any Proof of Interest filed with respect to such Interest, or (b) if no Proof of Interest has been filed with respect to such Interest, the record owner or holder of such Interest as shown in the corporate records maintained by the Debtors or as otherwise determined by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Impaired or **Impairment** means, with respect to a Class of Claims or Interests, a Class of Claims or Interests that is impaired within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124.

Insider has the meaning set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 101(31).

Intercompany Interest means an Interest in Debtor Razzoo's, Inc. held by Debtor Razzoo's Holdings, Inc.

Interest or **Equity Interest** means any ownership interest in the Debtors as of the Petition Date, including, but not limited to, an interest in any issued, unissued, authorized or outstanding shares or stock, including ordinary shares, common stock, preferred stock, or other instrument evidencing any fixed or contingent ownership interest in the Debtors, whether or not transferable, together with any warrants, options, or contractual rights to purchase or acquire such interests at any time and all rights arising with respect thereto.

Interim DIP Order means the Bankruptcy Court's *Interim Order (I) Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Obtain Senior Secured Priming Superpriority Postpetition Financing; (B) Use Cash Collateral; and (C) Grant Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims, (II) Modifying the Automatic Stay, (III) Scheduling a Final Hearing, and (IV) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 60].

IRS means the Internal Revenue Service.

Judicial Code means title 28 of the United States Code, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1–4001.

Lien means a lien, security interest, or other interest or encumbrance asserted against any Estate Property as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(37).

Liquidating Debtors means, collectively, Razzoo's, Inc. and Razzoo's Holdings, Inc., or any successors or assigns, by merger, consolidation, or otherwise, on and after the Effective Date.

Liquidating Trust means the Cajun Café Liquidating Trust established pursuant to Article V of this Plan.

Liquidating Trust Agreement means an agreement setting forth the terms, conditions, and economic arrangement pursuant to which the Liquidating Trustee will perform his or her duties under this Plan.

Liquidating Trust Assets means any and all Estate Property and Assets constituting Excluded Assets as defined in the APA, including (i) all Avoidance Actions, Causes of Action and other claims for relief constituting Retained Causes of Action, together with the proceeds thereof; and (ii) all other remaining Assets, including the Debtors' Cash on hand as of the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that the term Liquidating Trust Assets expressly excludes any Cash segregated by the Debtors for payment to Professionals and other Persons, Entities or Governmental Units pursuant to applicable Final Orders of the Bankruptcy Court until such time as the foregoing Claims are paid in full and excess segregated Cash, if any, reverts to the Liquidating Trust as a Liquidating Trust Asset.

Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries means the Holders of Allowed Claims or Interests receiving beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust under this Plan.

Liquidating Trustee means the Person, or any successor thereto, selected by the Debtors and identified in the Liquidating Trust Agreement who shall be charged with overseeing the tasks outlined in this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Other Secured Claim means a Secured Tax Claim or miscellaneous Secured Claim that is not a Priority Tax Claim or the Claim arising from the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt.

Person means and includes natural persons, corporations, limited partnerships, general partnerships, joint ventures, trusts, land trusts, business trusts, unincorporated organizations, or other legal entities, regardless of whether they are governments, agencies, or political subdivisions thereof.

Petition Date means October 1, 2025, the date on which the Debtors commenced their Chapter 11 Cases.

Plan means this *Joint Combined Chapter 11 Plan and Disclosure Statement* filed by the Debtors, as such document may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

Plan Documents means, collectively, those documents in furtherance of Consummation of the Plan or to be executed in order to consummate the transactions contemplated under the Plan, which may be filed by the Debtors with the Bankruptcy Court.

Plan Distribution means any initial, periodic, or final payment or transfer of consideration to Holders of Allowed Claims made under this Plan.

Plan Supplement means a supplement or supplements to the Plan in a form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, containing certain documents and forms of documents, and Exhibits relevant to the implementation of the Plan, as such documents may be amended from time-to-time, which may include: (a) a schedule of Retained Causes of Action, (b) the Liquidating Trust Agreement containing the identity of the Liquidating Trustee, and (c) the Liquidation Analysis.

Prepetition Collateral means substantially all of the Debtors' existing and after-acquired personal property and real property Assets securing the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition FHB Loan Documents.

Prepetition FHB Credit Agreement means that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of May 22, 2022, by and between the Debtors, as borrower, and First Horizon Bank, as lender.

Prepetition FHB Loan Debt means the outstanding balance of the Senior Secured Pre-petition Loans owed to First Horizon Bank as of the Petition Date pursuant to the Prepetition Loan Documents in the aggregate amount of approximately \$9,571,410.39.

Prepetition FHB Loan Documents means, collectively, the Prepetition FHB Credit Agreement together with the Revolving Loan Note, Collateral Agreement, Trademark Security Agreement and other loan documents as more fully defined and set forth in the Final DIP Order.

Priority Non-Tax Claim means a Claim asserted under Bankruptcy Code sections 507(a)(3-7 and 9-10).

Priority Tax Claim means a Claim asserted under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8).

Pro Rata means the proportion that an Allowed Claim or Interest in a particular Class bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims or Interests in that Class.

Professional means an Entity: (i) employed pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with sections 327, 328, 363, or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code and to be compensated for services rendered prior to or on the Effective Date, pursuant to sections 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, and 363 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) awarded compensation and reimbursement by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Professional Compensation Claim means a Claim for compensation or reimbursement of expenses of a Professional incurred on and after the Petition Date and prior to the Effective Date, including fees and expenses incurred in preparing final fee applications and participating in hearings on such applications, and requested in accordance with the provisions of Bankruptcy Code sections 326, 327, 328, 330, 331, 502(b) or 1103.

Professional Compensation Claim Bar Date means, except as provided in Article III herein, sixty (60) calendar days after the Effective Date.

Professional Compensation Claim Objection Deadline means twenty-one (21) calendar days after the earlier to occur of (i) the filing of the Professional Compensation Claim; or (ii) the Professional Compensation Claim Bar Date.

Proponents means the Debtors.

Proof of Claim means a proof of Claim filed against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases by the applicable Bar Date.

Proof of Interest means a proof of Interest filed against the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases by the applicable Bar Date.

Purchased Assets means all of the Debtors' Assets included in the Sale to Buyer pursuant to, and as expressly defined in, the APA and Sale Order. For the avoidance of doubt, this term expressly excludes those certain Assets and Estate Property of the Debtors designated as Excluded Assets in the APA.

Retained Causes of Action means those Causes of Action set forth in the attached **Exhibit C**, which Causes of Action are being retained pursuant to Article VIII herein.

Sale means the sale of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets and Estate Property to Buyer pursuant to the Sale Order and APA.

Sale Order means the Bankruptcy Court's *Order (I) Approving Asset Purchase Agreement and Authorizing the Sale of the Debtors' Assets Outside the Ordinary Course of Business, (II) Authorizing the Sale of Assets Free and Clear of All Liens, Claims, Encumbrances and Interests, (III) Authorizing the Assumption and Assignment of Certain Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases, and (IV) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 202], approving the Sale of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets to the Buyer as more fully set forth in the APA.

Schedules means, collectively, the Schedules of Assets and Liabilities, Schedules of Equity Security Holders, and the Statements of Financial Affairs filed by the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases at Docket Nos. 140, 141, 142 and 143, as may be further amended, modified, or supplemented.

Secured Claim means a Claim: (i) secured by a Lien on collateral to the extent of the value of such collateral, as determined in accordance with section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) subject to a valid right of setoff pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Secured Tax Claim means a Secured Claim for taxes held by a Governmental Unit, including cities, counties, school districts, and hospital districts: (i) entitled by statute to assess taxes based on the value or use of real and personal property and to obtain an encumbrance against such property to secure payment of such taxes; or (ii) entitled to obtain an encumbrance on property to secure payment of any tax Claim specified in Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8). Secured Tax Claims shall not include any such Claims secured by Liens or security interests that are avoidable, unperfected, subject to subordination, or otherwise unenforceable.

Statutory Fees means all fees and charges assessed against the Estates pursuant to sections 1911 through 1930 of chapter 123 or title 28 of the United States Code.

Subordinated Claim means a Claim that is subordinated to General Unsecured Claims according to: (i) a contract or agreement; (ii) a Final Order declaring that such Claim is subordinated in right

or payment; or (iii) any applicable provision of the Bankruptcy Code, including Bankruptcy Code section 510, or other applicable law. Subordinated Claims specifically include any Claim for punitive damages provided for under applicable law.

Transition Services Agreement or ***TSA*** means that certain *Transition Services Agreement* dated December 29, 2025 by and among the Debtors and Buyer.

Unexpired Lease or ***Lease*** means a lease to which either Debtor is or was a party, and that is or was subject to assumption or rejection under Bankruptcy Code section 365.

Unimpaired means, with respect to a Class of Claims or Interests, a Class of Claims or Interests that is not impaired within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124.

Unsecured Claim means a Claim that is not a Secured Claim and that is not entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(1-9). The term specifically includes, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 506(a), any Claim asserted against the Debtors to the extent that such Claim is greater than the value of the Lien securing such Claim, any Claim for damages resulting from rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease under Bankruptcy Code section 365, any tort Claims or contractual Claims or Claims arising from damage or harm to the environment and, and any Claim not otherwise classified under the Plan.

UST means the Office of the United States Trustee.

Voting Class(es) means Classes 3 and 4 under the Plan.

Voting Deadline means April 13, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time) as the date and time established by the Bankruptcy Court for voting to accept or reject this Plan.

B. Rules of Interpretation and Construction of Terms

For purposes of this Plan: (i) any reference in this Plan to a contract, instrument, release, indenture, or other agreement or document being in a particular form or on particular terms and conditions means that such document shall be substantially in such form or substantially on such terms and conditions; (ii) any reference in this Plan to an existing document or Exhibit filed or to be filed means that document or Exhibit as it may have been or may be amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified; (iii) unless otherwise specified, all references in this Plan to Sections or Articles are references to Sections or Articles of or to this Plan; (iv) the words “herein,” “hereto,” “hereunder,” and other words of similar import refer to this Plan in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of this Plan; (v) captions and headings contained in the Plan are inserted for convenience and reference only, and are not intended to be part of or to affect the interpretation of the Plan; (vi) wherever appropriate from the context, each term stated in either the singular or the plural includes the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine, and neuter gender; (vii) any reference to an Entity as a Holder of a Claim or Interest includes the Entity’s successors and assigns; (viii) unless specifically noted otherwise, any reference to docket numbers of documents filed in the Chapter 11 Cases are references to docket numbers under the Bankruptcy Court’s CM/ECF system for Case No. 25-90083; and (ix) the rules of construction set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 102 and the Bankruptcy Rules shall apply.

C. Computation of Time

All times referenced in this Plan are prevailing Central Time. In computing any period of time, date, or deadline prescribed or allowed in the Plan, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006 shall apply. If the date on which a transaction may or must occur pursuant to the Plan shall occur on a day that is not a Business Day, then such transaction shall instead occur on the next succeeding Business Day.

D. Governing Law

Except as otherwise provided herein, and subject to the provisions of any contract, certificate of incorporation, by-law, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into in connection with the Plan, the rights and obligations arising pursuant to the Plan shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, applicable federal law, including the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

E. Reference to Monetary Figures

All references in the Plan to monetary figures shall refer to currency of the United States of America, unless otherwise expressly provided.

F. Incorporation of Documents by Reference

This Plan incorporates by reference certain documents relating to the Debtors that are not presented herein or delivered herewith. The documents that have been filed in the Chapter 11 Cases are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety, including all amendments thereto filed prior to the date set for Confirmation, including the Debtors' Schedules. Documents and pleadings filed in the Chapter 11 Cases are available by visiting: (i) the Debtors' restructuring website at: <https://www.bankruptcy.angeiongroup.com/rzo>; or (ii) the website maintained by the Bankruptcy Court at <http://www.txs.uscourts.gov/bankruptcy>.

**ARTICLE II.
DISCLOSURES REGARDING THE DEBTORS AND CHAPTER 11 CASES**

The information in this Article constitutes the Disclosure Statement and is provided in accordance with the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1125. This information includes, among other things, (i) general information about the business, property, and operations of the Debtors, (ii) the events leading to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, and (iii) certain significant events which have occurred to date in the Chapter 11 Cases. To the extent this Article describes events or pleadings that have been filed in the Chapter 11 Cases or ancillary litigation, if any, such matters and events are qualified in their entirety by the actual pleadings filed in the Chapter 11 Cases and ancillary litigation. To the extent of any inconsistencies between the descriptions in this Article and such pleadings, such pleadings shall control. All of such pleadings are on file with the Bankruptcy Court or the courts where such ancillary matters are pending and may be obtained from the respective courts for review.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT MAY NOT BE RELIED ON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO DETERMINE HOW TO VOTE ON THE DEBTORS' PLAN (AS

AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME), AND NOTHING CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL CONSTITUTE AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY BY ANY PARTY, OR BE ADMISSIBLE IN ANY PROCEEDING INVOLVING THE DEBTORS OR ANY OTHER PARTY, OR BE DEEMED CONCLUSIVE ADVICE ON THE TAX OR SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE PLAN ON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST OR INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS. ANY PERSON OR ENTITY BUYING OR SELLING A CLAIM BASED ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, DOES SO AT ITS OWN RISK.

THIS PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN. IN ADDITION, THIS PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAVE NOT BEEN REQUIRED TO BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER APPLICABLE NON-BANKRUPTCY LAW. PERSONS OR ENTITIES TRADING IN OR OTHERWISE PURCHASING OR SELLING OR TRANSFERRING SECURITIES SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN IN LIGHT OF THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THEY WERE PREPARED.

THE DEBTORS HAVE ATTEMPTED TO PRESENT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ACCURATELY AND FAIRLY. THE ASSUMPTIONS UNDERLYING THE ANTICIPATION OF FUTURE EVENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT REPRESENT AN ESTIMATE BY THE DEBTORS, BUT BECAUSE THESE ARE ONLY ASSUMPTIONS OR PREDICTIONS OF FUTURE EVENTS (MOST OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE DEBTORS' CONTROL), THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE EVENTS WILL OCCUR.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING HEREIN TO THE CONTRARY, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL STATEMENTS IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND IN THE PLAN CONCERNING THE HISTORY OF THE DEBTORS' BUSINESSES, THE PAST OR PRESENT FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE DEBTORS, CERTAIN PROJECTIONS FOR THE FUTURE LIQUIDATION OF THE DEBTORS, TRANSACTIONS TO WHICH ANY DEBTOR WAS OR IS A PARTY, OR THE EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN ON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND EQUITY INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS ARE ATTRIBUTABLE EXCLUSIVELY TO THE DEBTORS AND NOT TO ANY OTHER PARTY. NONE OF THE ATTORNEYS, ACCOUNTANTS, OR OTHER PROFESSIONALS RETAINED BY THE DEBTORS MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS CONCERNING SUCH INFORMATION.

NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED BY THE DEBTORS IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN OR THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OTHER THAN AS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE EXHIBITS ATTACHED HERETO OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE OR REFERRED TO HEREIN AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATION MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON AS

HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE DEBTORS. SUCH ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIONS SHOULD BE REPORTED TO COUNSEL FOR THE DEBTORS, WHO IN TURN SHALL DELIVER SUCH INFORMATION TO THE BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR ACTION AS MAY BE DEEMED APPROPRIATE. THE DELIVERY OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WILL NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES IMPLY THAT THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS CORRECT AS OF ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF. HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO REVIEW THE DOCKET IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES IN ORDER TO APPRISE THEMSELVES OF EVENTS WHICH OCCUR IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES BETWEEN THE DATE OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE CONFIRMATION DATE.

A. Purpose of This Disclosure Statement

The purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide the Holders of Claims entitled to vote on the Plan with adequate information to make an informed judgment about the Plan. This information includes, among other things; (a) a summary of the Plan and an explanation of how the Plan will function, including the means of implementing and funding the Plan; (b) general information about the businesses, property, and operations of the Debtors; (c) the events leading to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases; and, (d) a summary of significant events which have occurred to date in the Chapter 11 Cases.

B. Important Dates

Event or Deadline	Date and Time
Disclosure Statement Approval Hearing	March 18, 2026 at 4:00 (prevailing Central Time)
Voting Deadline	April 13, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time)
Confirmation Objection Deadline	April 13, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time)
Confirmation Hearing	April 22, 2026 at 1:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time)

C. Who May Vote

Only the Holders of Claims which are “Impaired” under the terms and provisions of the Plan are permitted to vote to accept or reject the Plan. For purposes of the Plan, only the Holders of Claims in the Voting Classes may vote to accept or reject the Plan. **Accordingly, a Ballot for acceptance or rejection of the Plan is only being provided to members of the Voting Classes.**

D. How to Vote

Each Holder of a Claim in a Voting Class should read this Plan and its Exhibits in their entirety. After carefully reviewing, please complete any enclosed Ballots you received by marking your vote with respect to the Plan and then returning all Ballots pursuant to the instructions provided. If you have an Impaired Claim in more than one Class, you should receive a separate Ballot for each such Claim. If you receive more than one Ballot, you should assume that each Ballot is for a separate Impaired Claim and you should complete and return all such Ballots. If you believe you are a member of a Voting Class and did not receive a Ballot, if your Ballot is damaged

or lost, or if you have any questions concerning voting procedures, please contact the Debtors' counsel.

In order to be counted, Ballots must be duly completed, executed and received no later than the Voting Deadline of April 13, 2026 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Central Time). All Ballots should be returned either by regular mail, hand delivery, overnight delivery, or electronic submission to:

First Class Mail:

Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC
c/o Angeion Group
Re: Razzoo's, Inc., *et al.*
Attn: Voting Department
P.O. Box 2053
New York, NY 10272-2042

Overnight Courier or Hand Delivery:

Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC
c/o Angeion Group
Re: Razzoo's, Inc., *et al.*
Attn: Voting Department
200 Vesey Street, 24th Floor
New York, NY 10281

E. Acceptance of Plan and Votes Required for Class Acceptance

As the Holder of a Claim in a Voting Class, your vote on the Plan is extremely important. You may be contacted by the Debtors or their representatives with regard to your vote on the Plan. Pursuant to Section 1126(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, an Impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted the Plan if:

- (i) the Holders (other than any Holder designated pursuant to section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of at least two-thirds in dollar amount of the Allowed Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan; and
- (ii) the Holders (other than any Holder designated pursuant to section 1126(e) of the Bankruptcy Code) of more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims actually voting in such Class have voted to accept the Plan.

If a Holder of a Claim holds more than one Claim in any one Class, all Claims of such Holder in such Class shall be aggregated and deemed to be one Claim for purposes of determining the number of Claims in such Class voting on the Plan; *provided, however*, that to the extent a Holder of a Claim in a Voting Class holds Claims against more than one of the Debtors, the Claims shall be tabulated for voting and Confirmation purposes as votes in separate subclasses – *i.e.*, Class 3(a) and 3(b), or 4(a) and 4(b).

To meet the requirement for Confirmation of the Plan under the “cramdown” provisions of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to any Impaired Class of Claims which votes to reject, or is deemed to have rejected, the Plan, the Debtors would have to show that all Classes junior to the rejecting Class will not receive or retain any property under the Plan unless all Holders of Claims in the rejecting Class receive or retain under the Plan property having a value equal to the full amount of their Allowed Claims. A more complete description of the implementation of the “cramdown” provisions of the Bankruptcy Code pursuant to the Plan is set forth below.

F. The Debtors' Business

1. General Background and Corporate History.

The Razzoo's brand has a demonstrated history of success throughout Texas, including a loyal guest base in the DFW Metroplex. The first Razzoo's opened in 1991 in Dallas, Texas with the goal of filling a market need for Cajun culture and cuisine. Bolstered by positive cash flow and customer enthusiasm for the concept, Razzoo's grew to six (6) total locations in Texas by 1996, and fourteen (14) total locations by 2001, including the first out-of-state store in Concord, North Carolina. As growth continued, Razzoo's reached a peak of twenty-four (24) locations across Texas, North Carolina and Oklahoma. Due to various market factors and the liquidity issues described below, the Debtors closed one underperforming location in 2024. A detailed listing of the Debtors' restaurants in September 2025, shortly before the Petition Date, is set forth below:

STORE #	NAME	CITY	STATE	OPEN DATE
1	Keystone	Dallas	TX	6/20/1991
2	Sundance	Fort Worth	TX	12/20/1992
3	Cityview	Fort Worth	TX	2/2/1995
4	Mesquite	Mesquite	TX	5/1/1995
5	Lewisville	Lewisville	TX	12/5/1995
6	Arlington	Arlington	TX	9/7/1996
7	Stafford	Stafford	TX	1/14/1999
8	Irving	Irving	TX	5/15/2000
9	Concord	Concord	NC	1/22/2001
10	Cedar Hill	Cedar Hill	TX	7/22/2008
11	Round Rock	Round Rock	TX	2/9/2009
12	Harker Heights	Harker Heights	TX	5/13/2010
13	McKinney	McKinney	TX	9/5/2011
14	Firewheel	Firewheel	TX	2/13/2012
15	Tyler	Tyler	TX	11/11/2013
16	Alliance	Alliance	TX	1/13/2014
17	Spring	Spring	TX	9/8/2014
18	College Station	College Station	TX	8/14/2015
19	Pasadena	Pasadena	TX	5/14/2018
20	Lubbock	Lubbock	TX	8/27/2018
21	OKC	Oklahoma City	OK	10/7/2019
22	Corpus Christi	Corpus Christi	TX	10/25/2021
23	Burleson	Burleson	TX	8/21/2023



The Debtors' long-standing commitment to their core values enabled them to succeed across market tiers and ultimately achieve a sector-leading per-person-average in the casual dining space. In 2024, the Debtors saw total sales of \$76.6 million, Store-Level EBITDA of \$9.6 million, and Adjusted EBITDA of approximately \$3.3 million. In September 2025, prior to commencing these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors closed three (3) additional underperforming locations in Pasadena (TX), Corpus Christi (TX) and Oklahoma City (OK). Thus, twenty (20) locations remained in operation as of the Petition Date.

2. Prepetition Debt.

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors' most significant liabilities consisted of their secured debt obligations. Specifically, prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors executed that certain Prepetition FHB Loan Documents with First Horizon Bank and incurred the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt, which was secured by Liens on the Prepetition Collateral consisting of substantially all of the Debtors' Assets. As of the Petition Date, the outstanding balance of the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt owed to First Horizon Bank was approximately \$9,650,674.

In addition to the Claims arising from the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt, the Debtors incurred unsecured debt obligations owed to various creditors. In the ordinary course of their business, the Debtors entered into certain Lease agreements with their various landlords and engaged in numerous strategic relationships with service providers which were critical to maintaining operations and the value of the Debtors' Estates. Due to the various liquidity issues described herein, the Debtors lacked the cash flow necessary to meet all of their Lease obligations and miscellaneous trade payables. The Debtors estimate that they owed at least \$3.1 million in unsecured trade debt as of the Petition Date. A more detailed description and listing of the Debtors' estimated liabilities as of the Petition Date, including Secured Claims and Unsecured Claims, is set forth in the Debtors' Schedules filed in the Chapter 11 Cases. *See* Docket Nos. 140 and 142.

3. Equity Interests.

Debtor Razzoo's, Inc. is the wholly-owned subsidiary of Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. Accordingly, all of the Equity Interests of Razzoo's, Inc. are owned and held by Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. The common stock Equity Interests of Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. as of the Petition Date are set forth in the Schedules filed by the Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases. *See* Docket No. 143.

G. Events Leading to the Chapter 11 Cases

As more fully set forth below, various factors have led the Debtors to commence these voluntary Chapter 11 Cases. These factors include the detrimental impact on the Debtors' sales caused by general market conditions and increased competition, burdensome Lease obligations for the Debtors' various store locations, and the inability to service the Prepetition FHB Loan Debt owed to First Horizon Bank.

1. Market Conditions and Competition Impacting Sales.

Most significantly, the Debtors experienced a decline in sales due, in large part, to (i) shifts in consumer spending habits, shifting consumer preferences for convenience, affordability, delivery and innovation in part attributed to the impact of COVID-19 on consumer behavior, general market conditions, geopolitical and economic uncertainty; and (ii) heavy media presence and discounting from competitors in the casual dining space. Recently, macro-economic factors like inflation and higher interest rates have led to many consumers opting to "trade down" to fast-casual or quick-service restaurants in order to stretch their budgets. Recognizing this, many key competitors such as Chili's and Applebee's utilized aggressive marketing and value-oriented promotions which negatively influenced Razzoo's guest traffic. Thus, the Debtors' sales continued to be unfavorable to forecasts in light of the heavy competition among casual dining chains to attract consumers searching for best value to fit their strained budgets.

Moreover, as a Cajun-inspired brand, sales at Razzoo's fluctuated seasonally, and typically reached their peak during crawfish season. Despite the crawfish season starting earlier in 2025 than 2024, increased competition for crawfish drove retail selling prices down and the Debtors experienced a decrease in sales this season relative to prior years. Despite the benefits realized from ongoing cost-saving initiatives implemented by the Debtors' experienced management team,

the Debtors' liquidity situation left them unable to service their ongoing Lease and debt service obligations as described below.

2. Burdensome Leases.

Razzoo's did not own any real estate. Rather, in the ordinary course of business, the Debtors entered into numerous long-term Unexpired Leases for each of their store locations. While the amounts and terms varied by Lease, the Debtors' total monthly Lease obligations due to their landlords was approximately \$650,000. As a result of the declining sales volumes, the Debtors' long-term Lease obligations became increasingly burdensome on their liquidity situation with a sizeable portion of their monthly cash flow dedicated to rent. In the months leading up to the Petition Date, the Debtors undertook a store-by-store analysis to identify underperforming locations and Leases that were unprofitable or untenable on a long-term basis. Thereafter, in September 2025, the Debtors elected to exit certain unprofitable Leases immediately prior to commencing these Chapter 11 Cases and closed their store locations in Pasadena (TX), Corpus Christi (TX) and Oklahoma City (OK).

In addition to other cost savings realized by the closures, the Debtors' recurring monthly rent obligations entering these Chapter 11 Cases were reduced by approximately \$110,000. With the breathing room afforded by the automatic stay following the Petition Date, the Debtors would continue their store performance analysis and determine if the rejection of additional Leases during the Chapter 11 Cases was necessary or appropriate to right-size their operations.

3. Inability to Service Prepetition Secured Debt Obligations.

Ultimately, the terms of the Prepetition Loan Agreement with First Horizon Bank proved too costly. Indeed, the Prepetition Loan Agreement underwent multiple amendments and modifications covering, among other things, the Prepetition Lender's waiver of certain defined Specified Defaults. As of September 2024 – the date the Third Amendment to the Prepetition Loan Agreement was executed – the outstanding principal balance of the Prepetition Secured Debt was \$11,926,678.00. Just over one year later, the Debtors estimate that the balance of the Prepetition Secured Debt is approximately \$9.7 million, in part as a result of accelerated amortization and the shareholders contributing \$850,000 to pay down the debt.

While the Debtors' business maintained monthly operating costs that were generally predictable and consistent with projections (*e.g.*, employee wages, Unexpired Lease payment obligations, and inventory purchasing), the nature of the Debtors' business in the hyper-competitive restaurant industry, combined general economic conditions in the U.S. and shifting consumer preferences, began causing untenable liquidity issues in the months leading up to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases. Absent the filing of these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors' next principal and interest payment to First Horizon Bank of approximately \$500,000 would come due and be swept from the Debtors' accounts on October 1, 2025. In light of their increasingly dire financial circumstances, the Debtors could not afford to make this payment and continue servicing their Prepetition FHB Loan Debt. Faced with this reality, the Debtors worked diligently to maintain the value of their Assets, fund trade payables and conserve their remaining cash in preparation for filing these Chapter 11 Cases. Through these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors sought protection of the Bankruptcy Code's automatic stay while they endeavored to effectuate the Sale transactions

that would be necessary to reorganize their financial affairs, preserve numerous employee jobs, and ensure that Razzoo's would continue providing guests with the highest quality Cajun cuisine and hospitality.

H. Significant Events in the Chapter 11 Cases

1. The Petitions.

On the Petition Date of October 1, 2025, the Chapter 11 Cases were commenced when both Debtors filed voluntary petitions for relief with the Bankruptcy Court under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Debtor in Possession Financing.

In preparation for the filing of these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors commenced discussions with First Horizon Bank in the weeks leading up to the Petition Date. The Debtors stated their intent to run a comprehensive marketing and sale process in bankruptcy and sought to work cooperatively with the FHB in order to address the liquidity issues and working capital requirements needed to sustain operations and preserve value during the Chapter 11 Cases. Despite extensive efforts by the Debtors, the Debtors and FHB had a fundamental disagreement about the financial exigencies facing the Debtors, as well as the benefits and propriety of even filing the Chapter 11 Cases. As a result, FHB declined to provide the Debtors with any debtor-in-possession financing and, instead, attempted to steer Razzoo's into an out-of-court agreement. The Debtors, in their business judgment, and after consultation with their Professionals, determined the conceptual structure proposed by FHB was insufficient to adequately address the liquidity situation in a meaningful way, and that the costs of doing so continued to outweigh the short-term benefit of staving off bankruptcy. Thus, while FHB appeared willing to make limited protective advances, it declined to provide the requisite post-petition financing to meet the Debtors' continuing cash needs. Consequently, the Debtors were forced to seek third-party financing.

On October 1, 2025, the Debtors entered into that certain *Comprehensive DIP Term Sheet* with a third-party lender, TJF Financial, LLC, to obtain the necessary financing for the funding of these Chapter 11 Cases. Pursuant to the Term Sheet, TJF Financial agreed to provide up to \$4 million of new money financing to the Debtors upon commencing the Chapter 11 Cases in order to sustain their operations pending the Sale process. This DIP Facility was to consist of \$1.8 million interim financing, subject to entry of the Interim DIP Order, and an additional \$2.2 million, subject to entry of a Final DIP Order by the Bankruptcy Court.

On October 1, 2025, the Debtors filed their *Emergency Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Obtain Post-Petition Financing and (B) Utilize Cash Collateral; (II) Granting Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims; (III) Granting Adequate Protection; (IV) Modifying the Automatic Stay; (V) Scheduling a Final Hearing; and (VI) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 22].

First Horizon Bank objected to the motion and the proposed financing arrangement. *See* Docket No. 29. As part of its objection, FHB capitulated and offered to extend financing to the Debtors as a means of protecting the first priority of its Liens. At the emergency hearing held on October 3, 2025, the Debtors and FHB agreed to continue the hearing on the DIP motion to the

following week to afford the parties additional time to negotiate loan terms. *See* Docket No. 33 (Courtroom Minutes).

On October 7, 2025, the Debtors filed their *Notice of (I) Selecting of First Horizon Bank as DIP Lender; and (II) Filing Revised Proposed DIP Loan Documents* [Docket No. 48] to notify the Bankruptcy Court and parties in interest that the Debtors and First Horizon Bank had reached an agreement on debtor-in-possession financing as more fully set forth in the DIP Term Sheet. After the continued hearing that day, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Interim DIP Order. Docket No. 60. Among other things, the Interim DIP Order approved the Debtors' entry into the DIP Term Sheet and authorized the Debtors to obtain the DIP Facility and DIP New Money Loans from FHB to be used to fund the immediate working capital and liquidity needs of the Debtors pending a final hearing.

Prior to the final hearing, First Horizon Bank entered into that certain *Loan Sale Agreement* dated October 21, 2025 by and between FHB, as Assignor, and ThirtyThree97 LLC, as Assignee pursuant to which, FHB sold, assigned, transferred and conveyed all of its obligations, rights and interests in the Prepetition Loan Debt and DIP Obligations. As a result, ThirtyThree97 LLC became the DIP Lender in the Chapter 11 Cases.

On November 7, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered its Final DIP Order which, among other things, approved the DIP Facility and the roll up of the DIP Roll-Up Loan on a final basis, and authorized the Debtors to obtain the full amount of the DIP New Money Loans to fund the Chapter 11 Cases and sustain their operations as debtors in possession.

3. *Formation of the Committee*

On October 14, 2025, the UST filed its *Notice of Appointment of Committee of Unsecured Creditors* [Docket No. 73]. As set forth therein, the Committee consists of (i) My Tech Texas, LLC; (ii) South Loop Development, LLC; and (iii) Sabine 2016-1, LLC. The Committee promptly retained counsel in the Chapter 11 Cases.

The Committee, with the assistance of its Professionals, has been an active participant in the Chapter 11 Cases and has worked closely with the Debtors' Professionals to maximize value for the Estates. The Debtors have at all times cooperated with the Committee and its Professionals through informal discovery requests to assist in the Committee's investigation into the Debtors' prepetition financial history and transactions, including the Prepetition FHB Loan Documents.

4. *Schedules and Statements of Financial Affairs.*

The Debtors filed their various Schedules with the Bankruptcy Court on November 8, 2025. *See* Docket Nos. 140, 141, 142 and 143.

5. *Section 341 Meeting of Creditors.*

The meeting of creditors pursuant to section 341 of the Bankruptcy Code commenced and was completed on November 10, 2025.

6. Bar Dates.

The Bar Date for filing Proofs of Claim or Proofs of Interests in the Chapter 11 Cases was February 8, 2026. The Bar Date for Governmental Units to file Proofs of Claim in the Chapter 11 Cases is March 30, 2026. The Bankruptcy Court has not yet established a bar date for the filing of Administrative Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases, but it is expected that the Administrative Claim Bar Date set forth in this Plan will be approved and established pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

7. Retention of Professionals.

The Debtors retained Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC as their Claims and Noticing Agent in the Chapter 11 Cases. On October 1, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order Authorizing the Employment and Retention of Donlin, Recano & Company, LLC as Claims, Noticing and Solicitation Agent for the Debtors* [Docket No. 7].

The Debtors retained Stout Capital, LLC to provide investment banking services in the Chapter 11 Cases. On November 4, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order (I) Authorizing the Retention of Stout Capital, LLC as Investment Banker to the Debtors, Effective as of the Petition Date, and (II) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 128].

The Debtors retained Stout Risius Ross, LLC to provide financial advisory services in the Chapter 11 Cases. On November 13, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order Authorizing the Employment and Retention of Stout Risius Ross, LLC as Financial Advisor for the Debtors* [Docket No. 149].

The Debtors retained the law firm of Okin Adams Bartlett Curry LLP as their general bankruptcy counsel in the Chapter 11 Cases. On November 13, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order Authorizing the Employment and Retention of Okin Adams Bartlett Curry LLP as Counsel for the Debtors* [Docket No. 150].

The Committee retained Dykema Gossett PLLC as its general bankruptcy counsel in the Chapter 11 Cases. On December 15, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order Authorizing the Employment and Retention of Dykema Gossett PLLC as Attorneys for the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors Effective as of October 20, 2025* [Docket No. 183].

8. Sale of Substantially All of the Debtors' Assets.

In accordance with their obligations and milestones set forth in the Interim DIP Order and Final DIP Order, the Debtors began the process of marketing and selling substantially all of their Assets during the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code.

On October 13, 2025, the Debtors filed their *Motion for (I) Entry of an Order (A) Approving Bidding Procedures; (B) Assumption and Assignment Procedures; and (C) Stalking Horse Procedures and Bid Protections; (D) Scheduling Bid Deadline, Auction Date, and Sale Hearing Date; and (E) Approving Forms of Notice Thereof; (II) Entry of an Order After the Sale Hearing Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Sell Their Assets; and (B) Assume and Assign Certain Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases; and (III) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 69].

After a hearing held on November 4, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered an *Order (I) Approving (A) Bidding Procedures; (B) Assumption and Assignment Procedures, and (C) Stalking Horse Procedures and Bid Protections; (II) Scheduling Bid Deadline, Auction Date, and Sale Hearing Date; (III) Approving Forms of Notice Thereof; and (IV) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 130, which among other things, established the bidding procedures that governed the manner in which the Assets of the Debtors were to be marketed and sold during the Chapter 11 Cases.

On December 2, 2025, the Debtors filed their *Notice of Selection of Stalking Horse Purchaser* [Docket No. 166] and selected the Buyer to act as the Stalking Horse Purchaser for certain Purchased Assets pursuant to a credit bid of the full amount of the DIP Loan Claims pursuant to section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, plus the assumption of certain Assumed Liabilities.

Thereafter, the Debtors continued their efforts to market the Assets to other interested bidders. However, no other qualified bids were received. As a result, the Debtors, exercising their business judgment, and in consultation with the Committee, selected the DIP Lender as the Buyer and did not proceed with an auction. *See* Docket No. 178 (*Notice of Selection Winning Bidder*).

Pursuant to the APA, eleven (11) of the Debtors’ restaurant locations were identified as Continuing Restaurants included in the Purchased Assets, and the Unexpired Leases associated therewith were designated as Assigned Contracts. The remaining nine (9) restaurant locations were considered Excluded Restaurants and the Unexpired Leases associated therewith were deemed Excluded Contracts. The list of Continuing Restaurants and Excluded Restaurants identified by the APA is set forth below:

Continuing Restaurants	Excluded Restaurants
Alliance	Burleson
Arlington	College Station
Cedar Hill	Firewheel
Cityview	Irving
Concord	Keystone
Harker Heights	Lewisville
McKinney	Lubbock
Mesquite	Spring
Round Rock	Tyler
Stafford	
Sundance	

On December 23, 2025, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Sale Order approving the Sale of the Purchased Assets to Buyer as more fully set forth in the APA. The Closing occurred on December 29, 2025, and the Closing became effective at 12:01 a.m. on December 30, 2025. *See* Docket No. 209 (*Notice of Closing of Sale*). In connection with the Closing, the Buyer acquired those certain Purchased Assets pursuant to a credit bid under section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, plus the assumption of certain liabilities, with total consideration to the Estates of approximately \$18.8 million.

As a result of Closing, all outstanding DIP Loan Claims were fully satisfied; *provided, however*, that the Professional Fee Escrow established by the Debtors pursuant to the Final DIP Order to secure payment of the Carve Out remains subject to the DIP Liens to the extent necessary to preserve the Carve Out for its intended beneficiaries. *See* Sale Order, ¶ 9. Upon payment in full of all Professional Compensation Claims pursuant to this Plan which are subject to the Carve Out provided by the Final DIP Order, these remaining DIP Liens shall be released and, to the extent any excess funds remain in the Professional Fee Escrow, such funds shall be returned to the Liquidating Trust, as successor of the Debtors, free and clear of all Liens for the benefit of the Debtors' Estates and the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

Following the Closing, and in accordance with the APA and Sale Order, the Debtors agreed to continue providing certain transition services to the Buyer as more fully set forth in the Transition Services Agreement executed upon Closing. *See* Docket No. 209-7. The Service Term of the transition services is expected to conclude on the End Date of March 31, 2026. Thereafter, all of the Debtors' remaining obligations under the APA will have been satisfied.

I. Excluded Restaurants; Lease Rejection and Personal Property Abandonment

Pursuant to the Sale Order, the Unexpired Leases associated with the Excluded Restaurants were deemed rejected by the Debtors pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code on the Closing Date of the Sale. Further, the Purchased Assets set forth in the APA did not include any tangible personal property in the Excluded Restaurants. To the extent any leased equipment or tangible personal property belonged to Third-Party Owners, the Sale Order directed the landlord counterparties to reasonably cooperate with the Debtors and Third-Party Owners by providing reasonable access to the Excluded Restaurant locations for the turnover and removal of any leased equipment and tangible personal property by the respective Third-Party Owners thereof, and the automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code was modified to the extent necessary to permit the Third-Party Owners, at their sole expense, to retrieve such equipment and property from the Excluded Restaurant locations.

To the extent tangible personal property, if any, constituting Estate Property remains in the Excluded Restaurants, such Estate Property: (i) is of inconsequential value or benefit to the Debtors and would be overly burdensome to administer under this Plan; and (ii) may be subject to Liens by the applicable landlords or *ad valorem* tax Liens asserted by applicable Governmental Units. In accordance with section 554 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors propose to abandon any interest in such Estate Property pursuant to this Plan.

J. Best Interests of the Estate

As set forth herein, the Debtors propose to transfer all remaining Estate Property, including Cash, Retained Causes of Action, and any other Excluded Assets in the APA to the Liquidating Trust to be monetized and further distributed pursuant to a waterfall consistent with the priorities established under the Bankruptcy Code and this Plan. The Debtors' outstanding tax liabilities are currently unknown and there are a significant number of Claims as to which the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Debtors, may contest either as to their validity or amount. The Liquidating Trustee's resolution of these issues may have a significant impact upon Plan Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims. The illustrative waterfall set forth in the Debtors' Liquidation

Analysis attached hereto as **Exhibit A** shows the Debtors' best estimate for range of Claims and recoveries in these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors estimate that Plan Distributions from the collection and liquidation of all Liquidating Trust Assets could be in the range of seven to eight percent (7-8%) of total General Unsecured Claims against the Debtors' and their Estates. The Debtors believe this Plan contemplates the best method of generating the greatest recoveries to all Holders of Allowed Claims and is therefore in the best interests of the Estates.

K. Confirmation Requirements

1. Confirmation and Acceptance By All Impaired Classes.

At the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan if all of the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129 are met. Among the requirements for Confirmation are that the Plan be accepted by all Impaired Classes of Claims and Equity Interests, and satisfaction of the matters described below.

Feasibility. Section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that confirmation of a plan of reorganization is not likely to be followed by the liquidation, or the need for further financial reorganization of the debtor, or any successor to the debtor (unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed in such plan of reorganization). This Plan specifically provides for the liquidation and wind-down of the Debtors from and after the Effective Date. Accordingly, this requirement of Confirmation is not applicable.

Best Interests Standard. The Bankruptcy Code requires that the Plan meet the "best interest" test, which requires that members of a Class must receive or retain under the Plan, property having a value not less than the amount which the Class members would have received or retained if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7 on the same date. The Debtors believe that Plan Distributions to all Impaired Classes of Claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan would exceed the net distribution that would otherwise take place in Chapter 7. Therefore, the Debtors submit that the interests of creditors are best served by voting to accept the Plan.

2. Confirmation Without Acceptance By All Impaired Classes.

If one or more of the Impaired Classes of Claims or Interests does not accept the Plan, the Plan may nevertheless be confirmed and be binding upon the non-accepting Impaired Class under the "cramdown" provisions of the Bankruptcy Code if the Plan does not "discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" to the non-accepting Impaired Classes under the Plan.

Discriminate Unfairly. The Bankruptcy Code requirement that a plan not "discriminate unfairly" means that a dissenting class must be treated equally with respect to other classes of equal rank. The Debtors believe that the Plan does not "discriminate unfairly" with respect to any Class of Claims or Interests because no Class is afforded treatment which is disproportionate to the treatment afforded other Classes of equal rank.

Fair and Equitable Standard. With respect to the Impaired Classes of Unsecured Claims, Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b)(2)(B) provides that a plan is "fair and equitable" if it provides that: (i) each holder of a claim of such class receives or retains on account of such claim, property

of a value as of the effective date of the plan equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (ii) the holder of any claim or interest that is junior to the claims of such class will not receive or retain property under the plan on account of such junior claim or interest. The Debtors believe that the Plan meets these standards.

The Debtors believe that the requirements of Bankruptcy Code 1129(a) and (b) are met under the Plan. Accordingly, if necessary, the Debtors will seek Confirmation of the Plan under the “cramdown” provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and believe it meets the requirements for Confirmation by the Bankruptcy Court notwithstanding a potential non-acceptance by an Impaired Class of Claims.

L. Alternative Plans of Reorganization

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Debtors or, subject to further determination by the Bankruptcy Court as to extensions of exclusivity under the Bankruptcy Code, any other party in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases could attempt to formulate and propose a different plan or plans. Such plans might involve an attempted reorganization, an orderly liquidation of the Debtors’ remaining Assets, or a combination thereof, and in each case would be costly and time-consuming. The Debtors believe that their Plan, as proposed herein, would be superior to any potential alternative plan because this Plan will enable creditors to be paid the maximum amount possible for their Allowed Claims.

M. Liquidation Under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code

If the Plan (or any other plan) is not confirmed, the Chapter 11 Cases may be converted to liquidation cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. In a Chapter 7 case, a trustee would be appointed or elected to liquidate the remaining Estate Property of the Debtors. The proceeds of the liquidation would be distributed to Holders of Claims and Interests of the Debtors in accordance with the priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code.

In general, the Debtors believe that liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would result in a substantial diminution of the value of the interests of the creditors because of: (i) additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee and attorneys, accountants and other professionals to assist such trustee; (ii) additional expenses and claims, some of which might be entitled to priority, which would arise by reason of the liquidation; (iii) failure to timely and efficiently realize the full value of any remaining Assets, including potential Retained Causes of Action, in a liquidation; (iv) the inability to utilize the work product and knowledge of the Debtors and their Professionals; and (v) the additional delays, which may be significant, before creditors would receive any distribution on account of their Claims. Accordingly, the Debtors believe that this Plan is far superior to liquidation of the Debtors’ Assets under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

N. Summary and Conclusion of Disclosure Statement

The Plan establishes the framework for conducting an orderly and prompt liquidation of the Debtors’ remaining Estate Property. Thus, the Plan provides the best potential for making any meaningful distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims against the Debtors. The Debtors believe

that their efforts to maximize the return for Holders of Claims and Interests have been full and complete. The Debtors further believe that the Plan meets the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code and is in the best interests of all creditors.

ARTICLE III. ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY CLAIMS

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(1), Administrative Claims, Professional Compensation Claims, DIP Loan Claims, and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified for purposes of voting on, or receiving Plan Distributions under, the Plan, and, thus, are excluded from the Classes of Claims and Interests set forth in Article IV hereof.

A. Administrative Claims

Unless otherwise agreed to by the Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim and the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim (other than Holders of Professional Compensation Claims, the DIP Loan Claim, and Claims for fees and expenses pursuant to section 1930 of chapter 123 of title 28 of the United States Code) will receive in full and final satisfaction of its Administrative Claim an amount of Cash equal to the amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim in accordance with the following: (i) if an Administrative Claim is Allowed on or prior to the Effective Date, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter; or (ii) if such Administrative claim is not Allowed as of the Effective Date, no later than ten (10) Business Days after the date on which an order allowing such Administrative Claim becomes a Final Order, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter. For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent a Holder of an Administrative Claim is not being paid by the Debtors in the ordinary course, such Holder must file a request for payment of such Administrative Claim by the Administrative Claim Bar Date as set forth below.

Except for Professional Compensation Claims, and unless previously filed, requests for payment of Administrative Claims must be filed no later than the Administrative Claim Bar Date. Objections to such requests must be filed and served on the Liquidating Trustee and the requesting party on or before twenty-one (21) days after: (i) the filing of the request for payment of the Administrative Claim; or (ii) the Administrative Claim Bar Date, whichever occurs first. After notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and any applicable Bankruptcy Court orders, the Allowed amounts, if any, of Administrative Claims shall be determined by, and satisfied in accordance with a Final Order of, the Bankruptcy Court.

Holders of Administrative Claims that are required to file and serve a request for payment of Administrative Claims that do not file and serve such request by the Administrative Claim Bar Date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Administrative Claims against the Debtors or their property or against the Liquidating Trustee or the Liquidating Trust Assets, and such Administrative Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date without the need for any objection from the Liquidating Trustee or any action by the Bankruptcy Court.

B. DIP Loan Claims

As more fully set forth above in the Plan, and subject to the Consummation of the Plan and payment in full of Allowed Professional Compensation Claims, all of the Debtors' outstanding DIP Obligations pursuant to the DIP Term Sheet and Final DIP Order, including the DIP Liens on the Professional Fee Escrow retained by the DIP Lender, will have been fully credited by the DIP Lender, as Buyer, in connection with the Sale pursuant to the Sale Order and APA. As a result, all Liens and DIP Loan Claims of the DIP Lender will be released and discharged in their entirety or otherwise deemed paid in full, and the DIP Lender shall have no further Claims against the Debtors, their Estates or the Liquidating Trust.

C. Professional Compensation Claims

All requests for payment of Professional Compensation Claims for services rendered and reimbursement of expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date must be filed no later than the Professional Compensation Claim Bar Date. Objections to Professional Compensation Claims must be filed and served on the Liquidating Trustee and the Professional to whose application the objections are addressed no later than the Professional Compensation Claim Objection Deadline. The Bankruptcy Court shall determine the Allowed amounts of such Professional Compensation Claims after notice and hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Court, including those certain compensation procedures set forth and defined in the Bankruptcy Court's *Order Establishing Procedures for the Interim Compensation and Reimbursement of Expenses of Professionals* [Docket No. 136]. Allowed Professional Compensation Claims shall be paid by the Liquidating Trustee in Cash within ten (10) Business Days of the entry of a Final Order allowing such Claims.

D. Priority Tax Claims

Except (a) to the extent that the Holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims have already been paid, satisfied or otherwise released prior to the Effective Date, and (b) to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, then in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of, and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive on the later of: (i) the Effective Date; (ii) the date such Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; (iii) the date on which such Allowed Priority Tax Claim first becomes due and payable; or (iv) as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, an amount in Cash equal to the unpaid amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim; *provided, however*, that the Liquidating Trustee shall have the right to pay any Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or the remaining balance of such Claim, in full in Cash at any time on or after the Effective Date, without premium or penalty.

**ARTICLE IV.
CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS**

A. Classification in General

Except for the Claims addressed in Article III of the Plan, all Claims and Interests are classified in the Classes set forth below in accordance with sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the

Bankruptcy Code. A Claim or an Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of that Class and is classified in other Classes to the extent that any portion of the Claim or Interest qualifies within the description of such other Classes. A Claim or an Interest also is classified in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving Plan Distributions only to the extent that such Claim or Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest in that Class and has not been paid, released, or otherwise satisfied.

B. Summary of Classification of Claims and Interests

The classification of Claims against, and Interests in, the Debtors pursuant to the Plan is as follows:

Class	Claims and Interests	Status	Voting Rights
Class 1	Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired	No
Class 2	Allowed Other Secured Claims	Unimpaired	No
Class 3	Allowed General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 4	Allowed Subordinated Claims	Impaired	Yes
Class 5	Allowed Equity Interests	Impaired	Presumed to Reject

C. Treatment of Claims and Interests

1. Class 1 – Class 1 shall consist of Holders of Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims, if any. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim shall be entitled to receive, on or after the Effective Date, in full and final satisfaction of, and in exchange for each Priority Non-Tax Claim: (i) payment in full in Cash of its Allowed Class 1 Claim; or (ii) such other treatment as is consistent with the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9).

Class 1 is Unimpaired under the Plan. Holders of Allowed Claims in Class 1 are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan, and solicitation of acceptances with respect to such Class is not required.

2. Class 2 – Class 2 shall consist of all Holders of Allowed Other Secured Claims against the Debtors, including Secured Tax Claims and miscellaneous Secured Claims, if any. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, then, on or after the Effective Date, in full and final satisfaction of, and in exchange for such Allowed Class 2 Claim:

(i) solely to the extent the Holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim asserts a Lien on the Debtors’ Cash that has been determined by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court to be valid, properly perfected, and unavoidable, such Holder shall be entitled to receive payment in full in Cash of its Allowed Class 2 Claim;

(ii) solely to the extent the Holder of an Allowed Other Secured Claim asserts a Lien on any tangible personal Estate Property in an Excluded Restaurant, such Holder shall be entitled to:

(a) retain the applicable Lien on the Estate Property being abandoned by the Debtors pursuant to this Plan and in accordance with all rights and priorities established by applicable state law, which are expressly preserved; and

(b) receive an Allowed General Unsecured Claim in Class 3 solely to the extent of any deficiency in the value of the collateral subject to the Lien and the amount of the Allowed Other Secured Claim.

Class 2 is Unimpaired under the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Solicitation of acceptances with respect to such Class is not required.

3. Class 3 – Class 3 shall consist of all Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims against either of the Debtors. On the Effective Date, and except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, Holders of Allowed Class 3 Claims shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of, and in exchange for each Class 3 Claim, an interest in the Liquidating Trust to be paid in Cash, subject to the priorities established above, from any Plan Distributions until such Allowed Class 3 Claim is paid in full.

Class 3 is Impaired under the Plan and is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. To the extent a Holder of Class 3 Claims holds Claims against either, or both, Debtors, such Holder's votes shall be classified collectively within Class 3 for purposes of voting, Confirmation, and Plan Distributions. All Holders of Allowed Class 3 Claims shall be entitled to Plan Distributions on a Pro Rata basis from the Liquidating Trust on account of the Allowed Claims.

4. Class 4 – Class 4 shall consist of all Allowed Subordinated Claims against the Debtors, if any. On the Effective Date, and except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Subordinated Claim agrees to a less favorable treatment, Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of, and in exchange for each Class 4 Claim, an interest in the Liquidating Trust to be paid in Cash, subject to the priorities established above, from any Plan Distributions until such Allowed Class 4 Claim is paid in full.

Class 4 is Impaired under the Plan and is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. To the extent a Holder of Class 4 Claims holds Claims against either, or both, Debtors, such Holder's votes shall also be classified collectively within Class 4 for purposes of voting, Confirmation, and Plan Distributions. All Holders of Allowed Class 4 Claims shall be entitled to Plan Distributions on a Pro Rata basis from the Liquidating Trust on account of the Allowed Claims.

5. Class 5 – All Equity Interests in Debtor Razzoo's, Inc. are wholly owned by Debtor Razzoo's Holdings, Inc., and therefore constitute Intercompany Interests which are not classified in the Plan. Accordingly, Class 5 shall consist solely of the Equity Interests of Debtor Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. On the Effective Date, all Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be cancelled. Holders of Allowed Equity Interests in the Debtor shall receive an interest in the Liquidating Trust to be

paid in Cash, subject to the priorities established above, from any Plan Distributions until such Allowed Class 5 Interest is paid in full.

The Debtors do not anticipate Holders of Allowed Equity Interests in Debtor Razzoo's Holdings, Inc. will receive any Plan Distributions from the Liquidating Trust. Accordingly, Class 5 is deemed to have rejected the Plan and is not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

D. Special Provision Governing Unimpaired Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, nothing under the Plan shall affect the Debtors' rights with respect to any Unimpaired Claims, including, all rights in respect of legal and equitable defenses to, or setoffs or recoupments against, any such Unimpaired Claims.

E. Elimination of Vacant Classes

Any Class of Claims or Interests that does not have a Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest or a Claim or Interests temporarily Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court as of the date of the Confirmation Hearing shall be deemed eliminated from the Plan for purposes of voting and Confirmation; *provided, however*, that nothing in this Section shall prejudice the rights of the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee to subsequently re-classify into a previously vacant Class any Allowed Claim or any Disputed Claim that is subsequently Allowed by agreement or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

F. Voting Classes

Classes 3 and 4 are Impaired and are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. To the extent a Holder of a Claim in a Voting Class holds Claims against both Debtors, the Claims shall be tabulated for voting and Confirmation purposes as votes in a single consolidated Class.

G. Controversy Concerning Impairment

If any controversy arises as to whether any Claims or Interests, or any Class of Claims or Interests, are Impaired, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and hearing, determine such controversy concerning Impairment on or before the Confirmation Date. Failure to timely file an objection in the Chapter 11 Cases shall result in such Person or Entity waiving any objection to the Impairment classifications set forth in the Plan.

H. Subordinated Claims

The allowance, classification, and treatment of all Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests and the respective Plan Distributions and treatments under the Plan take into account and conform to the relative priority and rights of the Claims and Interests in each Class in connection with any contractual, legal, and equitable subordination rights relating thereto, whether arising under general principles of equitable subordination, section 510(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise. Pursuant to section 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors and Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, reserve the right to re-classify into Class 4, by agreement or pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, any Allowed Claim or Interest, or any Disputed Claim, in accordance with any contractual, legal, or equitable subordination relating thereto.

I. Cramdown

If any Class is deemed to reject the Plan or is entitled to vote on the Plan and does not vote to accept the Plan, the Debtors may: (i) seek Confirmation of the Plan under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (ii) amend or modify the Plan in accordance with the terms hereof and the Bankruptcy Code.

J. No Waiver

Nothing contained in the Plan shall be construed to waive the Debtors' (prior to the Effective Date) or the Liquidating Trustee's (following the Effective Date) rights to object on any basis to any Claim or Interest.

**ARTICLE V.
MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN**

A. Vesting of Assets in the Liquidating Trust

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust shall be deemed duly formed and the Debtors shall be deemed to have irrevocably transferred and assigned (in accordance with any applicable tax laws) to the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trust Assets, to hold in trust for the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries pursuant to the terms of this Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement attached hereto as **Exhibit B**. Except as otherwise provided by this Plan, upon the Effective Date, title to the Liquidating Trust Assets shall pass to the Liquidating Trust free and clear of all Claims and Interests, in accordance with section 1141 of Bankruptcy Code.

B. Abandonment of Estate Property at Excluded Restaurants

On the Effective Date, all tangible personal Estate Property, if any, remaining in any Excluded Restaurants shall be deemed abandoned by the Liquidating Debtors pursuant to section 554 of the Bankruptcy Code. For the avoidance of doubt, such Estate Property shall not constitute Liquidating Trust Assets being transferred to the Liquidating Trust. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's findings and conclusions that such Estate Property, if any, is of inconsequential value or benefit to the Liquidating Debtors and would be overly burdensome for the Liquidating Trustee to administer under this Plan. To the extent such Estate Property is subject to valid and perfected Liens by the applicable landlords or *ad valorem* tax Liens asserted by applicable Governmental Units, the rights and priorities of all Persons and Entities established under applicable state law with respect to the collateral, if any, are expressly preserved.

C. Dissolution of Committee

On the Effective Date, the Committee shall dissolve automatically and all members thereof (solely in their capacities as such) shall be released and discharged from all rights, duties and responsibilities arising from, or related to, the Chapter 11 Cases; *provided, however*, that the Committee shall continue to exist, and its Professionals shall continue to be retained and entitled to reasonable and documented compensation, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, with respect to: (a) the preparation and prosecution of any Professional Compensation Claims of the

Committee's Professionals, and (b) prosecuting or participating in any appeal of the Confirmation Order or any request for reconsideration thereof. Upon the resolution of (a) and (b), the Committee shall be immediately dissolved, released and discharged.

D. The Liquidating Debtors

1. Continued Corporate Existence. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Debtors shall continue to exist after the Effective Date as the Liquidating Debtors in accordance with the applicable laws of the respective jurisdictions in which they are incorporated or organized, including in accordance with their applicable organizational documents. After the Effective Date, and pursuant to this Plan, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the sole authority to manage the remaining affairs of the Liquidating Debtors without any further approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules. The Liquidating Debtors shall operate solely to the extent required to liquidate the remaining Assets and Estate Property being transferred to the Liquidating Trust.

2. Winddown of the Debtors. At such time as the collection and liquidation of all available Estate Property and Liquidating Trust Assets is completed and satisfied, if applicable, the Liquidating Debtors may be dissolved. The Liquidating Trustee shall have all power to wind up the affairs of the Liquidating Debtors under applicable state laws in addition to all the rights, powers, and responsibilities conferred by the Bankruptcy Code, this Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, and may, but shall not be required to dissolve the Liquidating Debtors under applicable state law.

3. Corporate Action. Upon the Effective Date, all actions contemplated by this Plan shall be deemed authorized and approved in all respects. All matters provided for in this Plan involving the corporate structure of the Liquidating Debtors, and any corporate action required by the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors in connection with this Plan shall be deemed to have occurred and shall be in effect, without any requirement of further action by the Current Directors and Officers or the Interest Holders of the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors.

Before and after the Effective Date, the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall be authorized and directed to issue, execute, and deliver the agreements, documents, securities, and instruments contemplated by this Plan (or necessary or desirable to effect any transactions expressly contemplated by this Plan). The authorizations and approvals contemplated herein shall be effective notwithstanding any requirements under non-bankruptcy law.

E. The Liquidating Trust

The following provisions of this Section are intended to summarize the material terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, which shall control the formation, operations and dissolution of the Liquidating Trust. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Section and the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall govern.

1. Formation of the Liquidating Trust. On or before the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall be executed by the Liquidating Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee, and all other necessary steps shall be taken to establish the Liquidating Trust. For the

avoidance of doubt, entry the Confirmation Order shall constitute a finding that the Liquidating Trust exists and is a valid Entity for purposes of all non-bankruptcy law.

2. Purpose of Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trust shall be established only for the purposes of liquidating the Liquidating Trust Assets, including, but not limited to, prosecuting and resolving objections to Disputed Claims and Disputed Interests against the Debtors, with no objective to continue or engage in the pursuit of a trade or business. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, it is the express intent that the Liquidating Trust shall survive until such purpose is either achieved or determined to be impracticable or impossible.

3. Authority of Liquidating Trustee. Subject only to the limitations contained in this Plan, the Confirmation Order, or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trustee shall have, by way of illustration and not limitation, the following duties, responsibilities, authorities, and powers: (i) the power and authority to hold, manage, sell, and distribute the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan; (ii) the power and authority to prosecute and resolve all Retained Causes of Action; (iii) the power and authority to prosecute and resolve objections to Disputed Claims and Interests against or in the Debtors; and (iv) the power and authority to perform such other functions as are provided in the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement.

4. Priority of Distribution of Liquidating Trust Assets. The Liquidating Trust, through the Liquidating Trustee, shall be responsible for making Plan Distributions from the Liquidating Trust Assets, or the proceeds thereof, on account of the following Claims or Interests in the order of priority shown: (i) to satisfy outstanding Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims, if any; then (ii) to satisfy Allowed Other Secured Claims on the Debtors' Cash, if any; then (iii) to satisfy outstanding Allowed General Unsecured Claims on a Pro Rata basis; then (iv) to satisfy Allowed Subordinated Claims, if any, on a Pro Rata basis; and finally, (v) to satisfy Allowed Equity Interests in accordance with such preferences or priorities as provided in this Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, all expenses of the Liquidating Trust that are directly related to the administration of the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be taxed against the gross proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets and shall be satisfied prior to any subsequent Plan Distributions. Other than the enumerated Claims, no other Claims against the Debtors or their Bankruptcy Estates shall be charged against the Liquidating Trust.

5. Procedure for Distribution of Liquidating Trust Assets. The Liquidating Trustee shall make Plan Distributions in Cash in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, beginning on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable, from the Liquidating Trust Assets on hand (including any Cash received from the Debtors on the Effective Date), except such amounts: (i) as would be distributable to a Holder of a Disputed Claim if such Disputed Claim had been Allowed, prior to the time of such Plan Distribution (but only until such Claim is resolved); (ii) as are reasonably necessary to meet contingent liabilities and to maintain the value of the Liquidating Trust Assets during litigation; (iii) to pay reasonable expenses (including, but not limited to, any taxes imposed on the Liquidating Trust or in respect of the Liquidating Trust Assets); and (iv) to satisfy other liabilities incurred by the Liquidating Trust in accordance with this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

6. Compensation of the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee shall be entitled to reasonable compensation as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

7. Retention of Professionals by the Liquidating Trustee. The Liquidating Trustee may retain and reasonably compensate counsel and other professionals to assist in his or her duties as Liquidating Trustee on such terms as the Liquidating Trustee deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval. The Liquidating Trustee may retain any Professional who represented parties in interest in these Chapter 11 Cases.

8. Tax Returns. The Liquidating Trustee shall file all necessary tax returns and other filings with Governmental Units on behalf of the Liquidating Debtors, the Liquidating Trust, and the Liquidating Trust Assets held therein pursuant to the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

9. Tax Treatment. For federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust be classified as a liquidating trust under section 301.7701-4 of the Treasury regulations and that such trust be owned by its Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries. Accordingly, for federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries be treated as if they had received a distribution from the Debtors' Estates of an undivided interest in each of the Liquidating Trust Assets (to the extent of the value of their respective shares in the applicable Liquidating Trust Assets) and then contributed such interests to the Liquidating Trust, and the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries will be treated as grantors and owners thereof.

10. Preservation of Right to Investigate. The preservation for the Liquidating Trust of any and all rights to conduct investigations pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 is necessary and relevant to the liquidation and administration of the Liquidating Trust Assets. Accordingly, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the same rights as the Debtors to conduct investigations pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 as those held by the Debtors prior to the Effective Date to the maximum extent provided by applicable law. Such powers of investigation pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004, to the maximum extent provided by applicable law, shall vest with the Liquidating Trustee and shall continue until dissolution of the Liquidating Trust.

11. Termination and Dissolution. The Liquidating Trust shall terminate upon the date on which all of the Termination Conditions (as defined in the Liquidating Trust Agreement) have occurred: (i) the dissolution of the Liquidating Debtors pursuant to Article V, Section D of this Plan; (ii) the Liquidating Trust Assets, including Causes of Action transferred and assigned to the Liquidating Trust, are fully resolved, abandoned or liquidated in accordance with the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement; (iii) all Cash has been completely distributed in accordance with the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement; (iv) all tax returns and any other filings or reports, to the extent necessary or applicable, have been filed with the appropriate state or federal regulatory authorities; and (v) the order closing the Chapter 11 Cases is a Final Order. Upon the occurrence of each of the foregoing events, the duties, responsibilities and powers of the Liquidating Trustee shall terminate, and the Liquidating Trustee shall be discharged. Except in the circumstances set forth below, the Liquidating Trustee shall dissolve the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the provisions of this section no later than five (5) years after the Effective Date in accordance with applicable IRS revenue procedures.

The Bankruptcy Court may extend the term of the Liquidating Trust one or more times (not to exceed a total of four extensions, unless the Liquidating Trustee receives a favorable ruling from the IRS that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust for federal income tax purposes) for a finite period upon a showing of good cause and based on the particular circumstance at issue. Each such extension must be approved by the Bankruptcy Court with notice thereof to all unpaid Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

Notwithstanding any other section of this Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, it is the express intent that the Liquidating Trust shall survive until each of the Termination Conditions have either occurred or determined to be impracticable or impossible. To the extent that the Liquidating Trust shall be deemed terminated pursuant to applicable law at any time prior to the occurrence of each Termination Condition, the Liquidating Trustee shall not be discharged, but shall have such “wind-up” powers, both express and implied, as are necessary to achieve all outstanding Termination Conditions, including, but, not limited to the authority to: (i) continue prosecuting any Causes of Action belonging to the Liquidating Trust; (ii) continue Claim administration responsibilities set forth in Article VII of the Plan; and (iii) distribute the Cash proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets in a manner consistent with the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, as applicable. In no event shall the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries be entitled to receive in-kind distributions of the Liquidating Trust Assets.

ARTICLE VI. TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

A. Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or Plan Documents, all Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases that currently exist between the Debtors and another Person or Entity, shall be deemed rejected by the Debtors unless they were previously assumed or rejected by the Debtors pursuant to the Sale Order and APA, or other Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. For the avoidance of doubt, all Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases being maintained by the Debtors for the benefit of Buyer pursuant to Schedule B of the Transition Services Agreement shall be deemed rejected by the Debtors as of the earlier to occur of (i) the End Date of the Service Term set forth in the TSA; or (ii) March 31, 2026.

B. Insurance Policies

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or Plan Documents, all of the Debtors’ insurance policies and any agreements, documents, or instruments relating thereto, to the extent not previously assumed and assigned to Buyer pursuant to the Sale Order and APA, are expressly rejected by the Debtors as of the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of any Cause of Action that the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust may hold against any Person or Entity related thereto.

C. Claims Based on Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

Except as otherwise provided by the Sale Order or other Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, all Proofs of Claim, with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts

or Unexpired Leases, pursuant to the Plan or the Confirmation Order, if any, must be filed within thirty (30) calendar days after the later of: (i) the date of entry of any order of the Bankruptcy Court (including the Confirmation Order) approving such rejection; (ii) the effective date of such rejection; (iii) the Effective Date; or (iv) the date after the Effective Date that the applicable Schedules are altered, amended, modified, or supplemented, but only with respect to any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease thereby affected. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease not filed within such time will be automatically disallowed, forever barred from assertion, and shall not be enforceable against the Debtors, the Bankruptcy Estates, the Liquidating Trustee, or their property (including the Liquidating Trust Assets) without the need for any objection by the Liquidating Trustee or further notice to, or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other Entity, and any Claim arising out of the rejection of the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be deemed fully satisfied, released, and discharged, notwithstanding anything in the Schedules or a Proof of Claim to the contrary. Subject to the Liquidating Trustee's right to object to such Claims in accordance with this Plan, all Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of the Debtors' Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases shall be classified as General Unsecured Claims in Class 3.

D. Preexisting Obligations to the Debtors

Notwithstanding any non-bankruptcy law to the contrary, the rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to the Plan, Sale Order, Confirmation Order, or otherwise, shall not constitute a termination of preexisting obligations owed to the Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, under such Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases.

E. Reservation of Rights

Neither the exclusion nor inclusion of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease on the Debtors' Schedules nor anything contained in the Plan shall constitute an admission by the Debtors that any such contract or lease is in fact an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease or that the Debtors or Liquidating Trust have any liability thereunder. If there is a dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or unexpired at the time of assumption or rejection, the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall have thirty (30) days following entry of a Final Order resolving such dispute to alter the treatment of such contract or lease under the Plan.

ARTICLE VII.

**CLAIM/INTEREST OBJECTION PROCEDURES; TREATMENT OF
DISPUTED CLAIMS/INTERESTS; AND PROCEDURE FOR ASSERTING CLAIMS**

A. Objection Process

Except insofar as a Claim is Allowed under the Plan, only the Liquidating Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall be entitled to object to Claims. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, and notwithstanding any requirements that may be imposed pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019, after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the exclusive authority: (i) to file, withdraw, or litigate to judgment objections to Claims; (ii) to settle

or compromise any Disputed Claim without any further notice to or action, order, or approval by the Bankruptcy Court; and (iii) to administer and adjust the Claims Register to reflect any such settlements or compromises without any further notice to or action, order, or approval by the Bankruptcy Court.

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, all objections to Claims and Equity Interests shall be filed and served no later than: (i) one hundred eighty (180) days after the later of (a) the Effective Date; or (b) the date on which a Proof of Claim, Proof of Interest or request for payment is filed with the Bankruptcy Court; or (ii) such other date as may be approved by the Bankruptcy Court after notice and hearing.

B. Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

1. *Record Date for Distribution.* As of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, the transfer registers for each of the Classes of Claims or Interests as maintained by the Debtors or their respective agents shall be closed, and neither the Debtors, the Liquidating Trustee nor their respective agents shall be required to make any further changes in the record Holders of any of the Claims or Interests. The Debtors and Liquidating Trustee shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of the Claims or Interests occurring on or after the Distribution Record Date. The Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes hereunder only with those record Holders stated on the transfer ledgers as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, to the extent applicable.

2. *Delivery of Distributions in General.* Except as otherwise provided herein, the Liquidating Trustee shall make Plan Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests (as applicable) as of the Distribution Record Date at the address for each such Holder as indicated on the Debtors' records as of the date of any such Plan Distribution; *provided, however*, that the manner of such Plan Distributions shall be determined at the discretion of the Liquidating Trustee; *provided further, however*, that the address for each Holder of an Allowed Claim shall be deemed to be the address set forth in any Proof of Claim or Proof of Interest filed by that Holder.

3. *Minimum Distributions.* To the extent Cash is distributed under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, no Plan Distribution of less than \$50.00 shall be made to a Holder on account of any Allowed Claim or Interest, and such amounts shall be retained by the Liquidating Trustee and shall revert to the Liquidating Trust and be deemed to constitute a Liquidating Trust Asset.

4. *Request for Tax Forms; Undeliverable Distributions; and Unclaimed Property.* Prior to making any Plan Distributions required under the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trustee may request that Holders provide an executed Form W-9 or Form W-8 as appropriate. In the event that any Holder fails to execute and return such tax form within a reasonable time or if a tax form is returned as undeliverable (and the Liquidating Trustee is unable after reasonable efforts to determine the then-current address of such Holder), such Plan Distributions shall be deemed unclaimed property.

Further, if a Plan Distribution is returned as undeliverable, no further Plan Distributions to such Holder will be made unless and until the Liquidating Trustee is notified in writing of such Holder's then current address.

The Liquidating Trustee shall file a *Notice of Distribution* within ten (10) Business Days of the date on which Plan Distributions are made under the Plan, which notice shall also identify any Holders having failed to return an executed Request for Tax Form. All Claims for undelivered or undeliverable Plan Distributions must be made no later than sixty (60) days following the date that the *Notice of Distribution* is filed. After such date, all unclaimed Plan Distributions will revert to the Liquidating Trust for distribution in accordance with this Plan and the Claim or Equity Interest of any Holder with respect to such Plan Distribution will be discharged and forever barred. Checks issued in respect of Allowed Claims or Equity Interests will be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof.

C. Distributions to Holders of Disputed Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Plan Distributions on account of Disputed Claims shall be withheld by the Liquidating Trustee until such Claims have been either Allowed or disallowed by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. To the extent a Disputed Claim becomes Allowed, any Plan Distribution reserved for such Claim shall be distributed to the Holder thereof. To the extent a Disputed Claim becomes disallowed, the Plan Distribution reserved for such Claim shall revert to the Liquidating Trust automatically and without need for further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

D. Setoffs and Recoupment

Except as expressly provided in the Plan, or otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the Liquidating Trustee may, pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, withhold, set off and/or recoup against any Plan Distributions to be made on account of any Allowed Claim or Interest, any and all claims, rights, and Causes of Action, including contingent or unliquidated claims, that the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust may hold against the Holder of such Allowed Claim or Interest; *provided, however*, that neither the failure to effectuate a setoff or recoupment nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Liquidating Trust or its successor of any and all claims, rights, and Causes of Action that the Debtors, the Liquidating Trust, or their successor(s) may possess against the applicable Holder. In no event shall any Holder of Claims against, or Interests in, the Debtors be entitled to recoup any such Claim or Interest against any claim, right, or Cause of Action of the Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trust, as applicable, unless such Holder has actually performed such recoupment and provided notice thereof in writing to the Debtors in accordance with the notice provisions in Article XII, Section E of the Plan on or before the Effective Date, notwithstanding any indication in any Proof of Claim or otherwise that such Holder asserts, has, or intends to preserve any right of recoupment.

E. Claims Paid or Payable by Third Parties

1. *Claims Paid by Third Parties.* The Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall reduce in full a Claim, and such Claim shall be disallowed without a Claim objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the Holder of such Claim receives payment in full on account of such Claim from a party that is not the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee, including, for the avoidance of doubt any payment from the proceeds of any insurance policy purchased by or for the benefit of the Debtors or the Debtors' officers and directors, if any. Subject to the last sentence of this paragraph, to the extent a Holder of a Claim receives a Plan Distribution on account of such Claim and receives payment from a party that is not the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee, such Holder shall, within fourteen (14) days of receipt thereof, repay or return any Plan Distribution received from the Liquidating Trustee to the extent the Holder's total recovery exceeds the amount such Holder was entitled to receive under the Plan on account of the Claim. The failure of such Holder to timely repay or return such Plan Distribution shall result in the Holder owing the Liquidating Trustee annualized interest at the Federal Judgment Rate on such amount owed for each Business Day after the fourteen (14) day grace period specified above until the amount is repaid.

2. *Claims Payable by Third Parties.* No Plan Distributions under the Plan shall be made on account of an Allowed Claim that is payable under any insurance policy purchased by or for the benefit of the Debtors or the Debtors' officers and directors, if any, until the Holder of such Allowed Claim has exhausted all remedies with respect to such insurance policy. To the extent that one or more of the Debtors' insurers agrees to satisfy in full or in part a Claim (if and to the extent the underlying claim forming the basis of the Claim against the Debtors is adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such insurers' agreement to satisfy all or part of the Claim, the applicable portion of such Claim against the Debtors shall be deemed expunged without a Claims objection having to be filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

3. *Application of Insurance Policies.* Nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute or be deemed a waiver of any Cause of Action that the Debtors or any Entity may hold against any other Entity, including insurers under any policies of insurance, nor shall anything contained herein constitute or be deemed a waiver by such insurers of any defenses, including coverage defenses, held by such insurers.

F. Estimation of Claims and Interests

Before or after the Effective Date, the Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as the case may be, may (but are not required to) at any time request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any Disputed Claim or Interest that is contingent or unliquidated pursuant to section 502(c) of the Bankruptcy Code for any reason, regardless of whether any party previously objected to such Claim or Interest or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction to estimate any such Claim or Interest, including during the litigation of any objection to any Claim or Interest during the appeal relating to such objection.

Notwithstanding any provision otherwise in the Plan, a Claim or Interest that has been expunged from the Claims Register, but that either is subject to appeal or has not been the subject of a Final Order, shall be deemed to be estimated at zero dollars (\$0.00) unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court estimates any contingent or unliquidated Claim or Interest, that estimated amount shall constitute a maximum limitation on such Claim or Interest for all purposes under the Plan (including for purposes of Plan Distributions), and the Liquidating Trustee may elect to pursue any supplemental proceedings to object to any ultimate Plan Distribution on such Claim or Interest.

G. Adjustment to Claims or Interests Without Objection

Any duplicate Claim or Interest that has been paid or satisfied, or any Claim or Interest that has been amended or superseded, may be adjusted or expunged on the Claims Register by the Liquidating Debtors or Liquidating Trustee without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

H. Disallowance of Claims or Interests

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, any Claims or Interests held by Entities from which property is recoverable under sections 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, or that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under sections 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be deemed disallowed pursuant to section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, and Holders of such Claims or Interests may not receive any Plan Distributions on account of such Claims until such time as any objection to those Claims or Interests have been settled or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court with respect thereto has been entered.

Except as provided herein or otherwise agreed by the Debtors or Liquidating Trustee, any and all Proofs of Claim or Proofs of Interest filed after the Bar Date shall be deemed disallowed and expunged as of the Effective Date without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, and Holders of such Claims may not receive any Plan Distributions on account of such Claims or Interests, unless on or before the Confirmation Hearing such late Claim or Interest has been deemed timely filed by a Final Order.

I. Amendments to Claims or Interests

On or after the Effective Date, a Claim or Interest may not be filed or amended without the prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or the Liquidating Trustee and any such new or amended Claim or Interest filed without such authorization shall be deemed disallowed in full and expunged without any further action.

**ARTICLE VIII.
EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION**

A. Compromise and Settlement of Claims, Interests, and Controversies

Pursuant to section 1123(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and in consideration for the Plan Distributions and other benefits provided pursuant to the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall constitute a good faith compromise of Claims, Interests, and controversies relating to the contractual, legal, and subordination rights that a Holder of a Claim or Interest may have with respect to any Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest or any Plan Distribution to be made on account of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the compromise or settlement of all such Allowed Claims, Allowed Interests, and controversies, as well as a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such compromise or settlement is in the best interests of the Debtors, their Bankruptcy Estates, and Holders of such Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests, and is fair, equitable, and reasonable.

B. Legally Binding Effect

The provisions of this Plan shall bind: (i) all Holders of Claims and Interests (whether or not they vote, or are entitled to vote, to accept this Plan), (ii) the Debtors, (iii) the Liquidating Debtors, (iv) the Liquidating Trust, and (v) the DIP Lender and Buyer. On and after the Effective Date, all Holders of Claims shall be precluded and enjoined from asserting: (a) any Claim against the Liquidating Debtors or their remaining Estate Property or and Liquidating Trust Assets based on any transaction or other activity of any kind that occurred prior to the Confirmation Date; and (b) any derivative claims, including claims against third parties asserting alter ego claims, fraudulent transfer claims or any other type of successor liability.

C. Release of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, or any contract, instrument, release, or other Plan Document created pursuant to the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable Plan Distributions made pursuant to the Plan and, in the case of a Secured Claim on the Debtors' Cash, satisfaction in full of the portion of the Secured Claim that is Allowed as of the Effective Date, all mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or other security interests against any Estate Property shall be fully released and discharged, and all of the right, title, and interest of any Holder of such mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or other security interests shall revert to the Liquidating Trust and its successors and assigns. On and after the Effective Date, any Holder of such Allowed Other Secured Claim on the Debtors' Cash (and the applicable agents for such Holder), at such Holder's expense, shall be authorized and directed to release any collateral or other property of the Liquidating Debtors (including any Cash collateral and possessory collateral) held by such Holder (and the applicable agents for such Holder), and to take such actions as may be reasonably requested by the Liquidating Trustee to evidence the release of such Lien, including the execution, delivery, and filing or recording of such releases. The presentation or filing of the Confirmation Order to or with any federal, state, provincial, or local agency or department shall constitute good and sufficient evidence of, but shall not be required to effect, the termination of such Liens. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section shall not apply to those certain Liens held by

any Governmental Unit for Allowed Secured Tax Claims owed by the Debtors, including, but not limited to, *ad valorem* property taxes.

D. Injunction and Continuation of Automatic Stay

The Confirmation Order will operate as a general resolution with prejudice, as of the Effective Date, of all pending legal proceedings, if any, against the Debtors and their Assets and properties and any proceedings not yet instituted against the Debtors or their Assets and remaining Estate Property. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, all Persons and Entities who have held, hold, or may hold Claims against the Debtors are enjoined on and after the Effective Date from: (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind against the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, or their property, with respect to any such Claim; (ii) the enforcement, attachment, collection or recovery by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree or order with respect to any such Claim against the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, or their property; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind against the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, or their property, with respect to such Claim; (iv) asserting any right of subrogation of any kind against any obligation due to the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust, or the property of the Debtors, the Estates or the Liquidating Trust with respect to any such Claim; or (v) asserting any right of setoff or recoupment against the Debtors, the Estates or the Liquidating Trust; *provided, however*, that any right of setoff or recoupment may be asserted defensively only. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, all injunctions or automatic stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 105, if any, or section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date will remain in full force and effect until entry of a Final Decree in these Chapter 11 Cases at which time all such injunctions and automatic stays shall no longer be in effect.

E. Exculpation

TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EXCEPT FOR THE RIGHTS THAT REMAIN IN EFFECT FROM AND AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE TO ENFORCE THE PLAN, THE CONFIRMATION ORDER AND THE OBLIGATIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THE PLAN DOCUMENTS OR PLAN SUPPLEMENT, NO EXCULPATED PARTY WILL HAVE OR INCUR, AND EACH EXCULPATED PARTY WILL BE RELEASED AND EXCULPATED FROM, ANY CLAIM, OBLIGATION, SUIT, JUDGMENT, DAMAGE, DEMAND, DEBT, RIGHT, REMEDY LOSS, LIABILITY AND CAUSE OF ACTION IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CHAPTER 11 CASES; THE NEGOTIATION AND PURSUIT OF DEFINITIVE DOCUMENTS, THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THE PLAN (INCLUDING THE PLAN SUPPLEMENT), AND ALL DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE FOREGOING, OR THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES FOR, OR CONFIRMATION OF, THE PLAN; THE FUNDING OF THE PLAN; THE OCCURRENCE OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE; THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN OR THE PROPERTY TO BE DISTRIBUTED UNDER THE PLAN; THE ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES UNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PLAN; OR THE TRANSACTIONS IN FURTHERANCE OF ANY OF THE FOREGOING; OTHER THAN CLAIMS OR CAUSES OF ACTION ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO ANY ACT OR OMISSION OF AN EXCULPATED PARTY THAT

CONSTITUTES INTENTIONAL FRAUD, WILLFUL MISCONDUCT, OR GROSS NEGLIGENCE AS DETERMINED BY A FINAL ORDER, BUT IN ALL RESPECTS SUCH PERSONS WILL BE ENTITLED TO REASONABLY RELY UPON THE ADVICE OF COUNSEL WITH RESPECT TO THEIR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES PURSUANT TO THE PLAN. THE EXCULPATED PARTIES HAVE ACTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE WITH REGARD TO THE SOLICITATION OF THE PLAN AND, THEREFORE, ARE NOT, AND ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH DISTRIBUTIONS WILL NOT BE, LIABLE AT ANY TIME FOR THE VIOLATION OF ANY APPLICABLE LAW, RULE, OR REGULATION GOVERNING THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS OF THE PLAN OR SUCH DISTRIBUTIONS MADE PURSUANT TO THE PLAN. THE EXCULPATION WILL BE IN ADDITION TO, AND NOT IN LIMITATION OF, ALL OTHER RELEASES, INDEMNITIES, EXCULPATIONS, AND ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LAW OR RULES PROTECTING SUCH EXCULPATED PARTIES FROM LIABILITY.

F. Preservation of Debtors' Claims and Causes of Action

Confirmation of this Plan effects no settlement, compromise, waiver or release of any Cause of Action or claim for relief of the Debtors' Estates unless this Plan or the Confirmation Order specifically and unambiguously so provides. **Exhibit C** of this Plan describes: (i) those Causes of Action or claims for relief collectively constituting the Retained Causes of Action currently known to the Debtors; and (ii) circumstances currently known to the Debtors that may give rise to a Retained Cause of Action or other claim for relief. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Retained Causes of Action set forth on **Exhibit C** are not being released, are expressly preserved, and constitute Liquidating Trust Assets that will be transferred to the Liquidating Trust. The non-disclosure or non-discussion of any particular Cause of Action or claim for relief as a Retained Cause of Action in **Exhibit C** is not, and shall not be construed as, a settlement, compromise, waiver, or release of any such Cause of Action or claim for relief.

Except as expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, Confirmation Order, or other Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors and the Liquidating Trustee of the Liquidating Trust reserve any and all claims and rights against any and all third parties, whether such claims and rights arose before, on or after the Petition Date, the Confirmation Date, the Effective Date, the Distribution Record Date or any Plan Distribution date, including, without limitation, any and all Causes of Action, and/or claims for relief that the Debtors or the Liquidating Trust may have against: (i) any party described or related to the events described in **Exhibit C** hereto; and (ii) any insurer and/or insurance policies in which either the Debtors have an insurable or other interest in or right to make a claim against, any other of the Debtors' insurers. The entry of the Confirmation Order shall not constitute *res judicata* or otherwise bar, estop or inhibit any actions by the Liquidating Trustee, in his or her capacity as trustee for the Liquidating Trust, relating to any claims or Causes of Action referred to in this Plan, or otherwise. The Liquidating Trustee shall constitute the representative of the Debtors for purposes of retaining, asserting and/or enforcing Retained Causes of Action under section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be substituted as a party of record in all pending litigation brought by or against any Debtor without need for further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE IX.
CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO
CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

A. Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness

The following conditions precedent shall be satisfied or waived in writing, in accordance with Article IX, Section B hereof, prior to the occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan:

1. The Bankruptcy Court shall have entered the Confirmation Order in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, and the Confirmation Order shall not: (i) have been reversed or vacated; (ii) be subject to a then-effective stay; or (iii) have been modified or amended;
2. The Plan, including any amendments, modifications, or supplements thereto, and inclusive of any amendments, modifications, or supplements made after the Confirmation Date but before the Effective Date, shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtors; and,
3. The Liquidating Trust Agreement, in a form and substance acceptable to the Debtors, shall be fully executed.

B. Waiver of Conditions

The conditions to Confirmation and the Effective Date set forth in this Article may be waived only with the prior written consent of the Debtors without notice, leave, or order of the Bankruptcy Court or any formal action other than proceedings to confirm or consummate the Plan.

C. Effect of Failure of Conditions

If Consummation does not occur, the Plan shall be null and void in all respects and nothing contained in the Plan shall: (i) constitute a waiver or release of Claims by the Debtors; (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors, any Holders of Claims or Interests, or any other Person or Entity; or (iii) constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer, or undertaking by the Debtors, any Holders of Claims or Interests, or any other Person or Entity.

ARTICLE X.
MODIFICATION, REVOCATION, OR WITHDRAWAL OF THE PLAN

A. Modifications and Amendments

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, the Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan whether such modification is material or immaterial and seek Confirmation consistent with the Bankruptcy Code. Subject to those restrictions on modifications set forth in the Plan and the requirements of section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 3019, and, to the extent applicable, sections 1122, 1123 and 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors expressly reserve their rights to revoke or withdraw, or, to alter, amend, or modify the Plan, one or more times, after Confirmation, and, to the extent necessary may initiate proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court to so alter, amend, or modify the Plan, or remedy any defect or omission, or

reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan, or the Confirmation Order, in such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of the Plan.

B. Effect of Confirmation on Modifications

Entry of the Confirmation Order shall mean that all modifications or amendments to the Plan made pursuant to Article X, Section A, above, are approved pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) and do not require additional disclosure under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

C. Revocation or Withdrawal of Plan

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent plans. If the Debtors revoke or withdraw the Plan, or if Confirmation or Consummation does not occur, then: (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain of any Claim or Interests or Class of Claims or Interests), assumption or rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases effected under the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void; and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims or Interests, (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtors or any other Entity, or (c) constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer, or undertaking of any sort by the Debtors or any other Person or Entity.

**ARTICLE XI.
RETENTION OF JURISDICTION**

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, on and after the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, or relating to, the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan pursuant to sections 105(a) and 1142 of the Bankruptcy Code, including jurisdiction to:

1. Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority, secured or unsecured status, or amount of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any requests for payment of any Administrative Claim and the resolution of any objections to the secured or unsecured status, priority, amount, or allowance of Claims or Interests;
2. Decide and resolve all matters related to the granting and denying, in whole or in part, any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses to Professionals authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan;
3. Resolve any matters related to: (i) the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which the Debtors are or were a party or with respect to which the Debtors may be liable and to hear, determine, and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom; (ii) any potential contractual obligation under any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that is or was assumed; and (iii) any dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or expired;

4. Ensure that Plan Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Allowed Interests (as applicable) are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
5. Adjudicate, decide, or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtors that may be pending on the Effective Date;
6. Adjudicate, decide, or resolve all matters related to section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code;
7. Enter and implement such orders as may be necessary to execute, implement, or consummate the provisions of the Plan, and all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan;
8. Enter and enforce any order for the sale of Estate Property or Liquidating Trust Assets pursuant to sections 363, 1123, or 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code;
9. Resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any Person or Entity's obligations incurred in connection with the Plan;
10. Issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders, or take such other actions as may be necessary to restrain interference by any Person or Entity with respect to Consummation or enforcement of the Plan;
11. Resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes or Causes of Action with respect to the exculpation, injunctions, and other provisions contained in Article VIII hereof and enter such orders as may be necessary to implement or enforce such exculpation, injunctions and other provisions;
12. Resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action with respect to the repayment or return of Plan Distributions and the recovery of additional amounts owed by the Holder of a Claim or Interest for amounts not timely repaid pursuant to Article VII hereof;
13. Enter and implement such orders as are necessary if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated;
14. Determine any other matters that may arise in connection with or related to the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or any contract, instrument, release, indenture, or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan;
15. Enter an order concluding or closing, on a temporary or final basis, the Chapter 11 Cases;
16. Adjudicate any and all disputes arising from or relating to Plan Distributions;
17. Consider any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or omission, or to reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, including the Confirmation Order;

18. Determine requests for the payment of Claims and Interests entitled to priority pursuant to section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code;

19. Hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order, including disputes arising under agreements, documents, or instruments executed in connection with the Plan;

20. Hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with sections 363, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code;

21. Hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature, scope, or enforcement of any exculpations, discharges and injunctions granted in the Plan, including under Article VIII hereof, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;

22. Enforce all Final Orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and

23. Hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE XII. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors may file with the Bankruptcy Court such agreements and other documents as may be necessary to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan. The Debtors or the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, and all Holders of Claims or Interests receiving Plan Distributions pursuant to the Plan and all other parties in interest shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan.

B. Payment of Statutory Fees

All Statutory Fees payable pursuant to section 1930(a) of the Judicial Code, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at a hearing pursuant to section 1128 of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be paid by the Liquidating Trustee for each quarter (including any fraction thereof) until the Chapter 11 Cases are converted, dismissed, or closed – whichever occurs first.

C. Reservation of Rights

Except as expressly set forth in the Plan, the Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court shall enter the Confirmation Order, and the Confirmation Order shall have no force or effect if the Effective Date does not occur. None of the filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan, or the taking of an action by the Debtors with respect to the Plan

shall be, or shall be deemed to be, an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtors with respect to the Holders of Claims or Interests prior to the Effective Date.

D. Successors & Assigns

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign, Affiliate, officer, director, agent, representative, attorney, beneficiaries, or guardian, if any, of each Entity.

E. Notices

All notices, requests, and demands to or upon the Debtors to be effective shall be in writing (including any facsimile transmission) and, unless otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered, or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

OKIN ADAMS BARTLETT CURRY LLP

Matthew S. Okin
Ryan A. O'Connor
1113 Vine St., Suite 240
Houston, Texas 77002
Tel: 713.228.4100
Fax: 346.247.7158
mokin@okinadams.com
roconnor@okinadams.com

F. Entire Agreement

Except as otherwise indicated, the Plan (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Plan Documents) supersedes all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings, and representations on such subjects, all of which are deemed merged and integrated into the Plan.

G. Exhibits

All Exhibits attached to the Plan or filed in the Chapter 11 Cases in connection with the Plan are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full in the Plan. After the Exhibits and documents are filed, copies of such Exhibits and documents shall be available upon written request to the Debtors' counsel at the address above or by downloading such Exhibits and documents from the Bankruptcy Court's CM/ECF system. To the extent any Exhibit or document is inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the non-exhibit or non-document portion of the Plan shall control.

H. Nonseverability of Plan Provisions

If, prior to Confirmation, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan will remain in full force and effect and will in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is: (i) valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms; (ii) integral to the Plan and may not be deleted or modified without the Debtors' consent; and (iii) nonseverable and mutually dependent.

I. Plan Proposed in Good Faith

Upon entry of the Confirmation Order, the Debtors will be deemed to have proposed the Plan in good faith and in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code, and pursuant to section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors, the Current Directors and Officers, the members of the Board of Directors, and the Debtors' Professionals will be deemed to have participated in good faith and in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code, and, therefore, none of the foregoing Persons or Entities will have any liability for the violation of any applicable law, rule, or regulation governing the proposal of the Plan or participation in the Chapter 11 Cases.

J. Closing the Chapter 11 Cases

After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized, but not directed, to submit an order to the Bankruptcy Court under certification of counsel that is in form and substance acceptable to the UST that closes and issues a Final Decree for each of the Chapter 11 Cases. Further, the Liquidating Trustee shall, promptly after the administration of the Chapter 11 Cases, file with the Bankruptcy Court all documents required by Bankruptcy Rule 3022 and any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court to close the Chapter 11 Cases.

K. Waiver or Estoppel

Each Holder of a Claim or an Interest shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert any arguments, including the right to argue that its Claim or Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured or not subordinated by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtors, or its counsel, or any other Entity, if such agreement was not expressly disclosed in the Plan or Plan Documents with the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date.

L. Controlling Document

In the event of an inconsistency between the Confirmation Order and the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall control.

Respectfully submitted on the 11th day of March, 2026.

RAZZOO'S, INC., et al.

By: /s/ Philip Parsons
Philip Parsons
Authorized Representative

OKIN ADAMS BARTLETT CURRY LLP

By: /s/ Matthew S. Okin
Matthew S. Okin
Texas Bar No. 00784695
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ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEBTORS

Exhibit A

Liquidation Analysis

Ch. 7 Liquidation Analysis

	Net Book Value		Estimated Value 4/30/2026	Recovery Estimate (%)		Recovery Estimate (\$)	
	2/22/2026	Adjustment		Low	High	Low	High
Current Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,261,617	(368,754)	892,863	100.0%	100.0%	892,863	892,863
Accounts Receivable (net of allowance)	-	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Prepays & Deposits	104,000	-	104,000	5.0%	10.0%	5,200	10,400
Total Current Assets	1,365,617	(368,754)	996,863	90.1%	90.6%	898,063	903,263
Other Assets							
Right-of-Use Assets, Operating	17,470,276	-	17,470,276	0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Ch. 5 Causes of Action	8,925,230	-	8,925,230	0.0%	1.0%	-	89,252
Total Other Assets	26,395,506	-	26,395,506	0.0%	0.3%	-	89,252
Total Assets	27,761,123	(368,754)	27,392,369	3.3%	3.6%	898,063	992,515
Less Liquidation/Administrative Costs							
Ch. 11 Administrative Costs						147,448	147,448
Ch. 11 US Trustee Fees						25,537	25,537
Ch. 7 Trustee Fees						50,192	53,025
Ch. 7 Professional Fees						200,000	200,000
Liquidating Trust / Wind-Down Costs						-	-
Total Liquidation/Administrative Costs						423,178	426,011
Net Proceeds Available for Distribution						474,885	566,504
Claims Waterfall:		Claim Estimate (\$)		Recovery Estimate (%)		Recovery Estimate (\$)	
Senior Secured Superpriority DIP Facility		-		0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Secured Claims		-		0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Priority Unsecured Claims		113,428		100.0%	100.0%	113,428	113,428
General Unsecured Claims		7,440,614		4.9%	6.1%	361,457	453,076
Subordinated Unsecured Claims		-		0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Equity Interest Claims		-		0.0%	0.0%	-	-
Total Estimated Claims & Recoveries		7,554,042		6.3%	7.5%	474,885	566,504

Ch. 11 Plan

Recovery Estimate (%)		Recovery Estimate (\$)	
Low	High	Low	High
100.0%	100.0%	892,863	892,863
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
5.0%	10.0%	5,200	10,400
90.1%	90.6%	898,063	903,263
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
0.0%	1.0%	-	89,252
0.0%	0.3%	-	89,252
3.3%	3.6%	898,063	992,515
		147,448	147,448
		25,537	25,537
		-	-
		-	-
		200,000	200,000
		372,986	372,986
		525,077	619,529
Recovery Estimate (%)		Recovery Estimate (\$)	
Low	High	Low	High
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
100.0%	100.0%	113,428	113,428
5.5%	6.8%	411,649	506,101
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
0.0%	0.0%	-	-
7.0%	8.2%	525,077	619,529

LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS

Global Notes to Liquidation Analysis

1. Best Interests Test

Under the “best interests” of creditors test set forth in section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court may not confirm a Chapter 11 plan unless each holder of a claim or interest either (i) accepts the plan, or (ii) receives or retains under the plan property of a value, as of the effective date, that is not less than the value such holder would receive or retain if the debtor were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on the effective date. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(7). Accordingly, to demonstrate that the Plan satisfies the “best interests” of creditors test, Stout Risius Ross, with the assistance of the Debtors’ management and other advisors, have prepared the following hypothetical liquidation analysis (the “Liquidation Analysis”) based upon certain assumptions in the accompanying notes to the Liquidation Analysis (the “Notes”).

The Liquidation Analysis estimates potential Plan Distributions from Cash to Holders of Claims and Interests in a hypothetical Chapter 7 liquidation of the Debtors’ remaining assets (the “Assets”). Asset values discussed in the Liquidation Analysis may differ materially from values referred to in the Plan and Disclosure Statement.

The Debtors believe that their creditors will receive at least as much, and likely more, under the Plan than they would receive in a Chapter 7 liquidation of the Assets for the following reasons, among others: (i) the additional administrative expenses involved in the appointment of a trustee and attorneys, accountants and other professionals to assist such trustee; (ii) additional expenses and claims, some of which might be entitled to priority, which would arise by reason of the liquidation; (iii) failure to timely and efficiently realize the full value of any remaining Assets, including potential Retained Causes of Action, in a liquidation; (iv) the inability to utilize the work product and knowledge of the Debtors and their Professionals; and (v) the additional delays, which may be significant, before creditors would receive any distribution on account of their Claims.

2. Approach and Purpose of the Liquidation Analysis

The determination of the costs of, and proceeds from, the hypothetical liquidation of the Assets in a Chapter 7 case is an uncertain process involving significant estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by the Debtors and their advisors, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond the control of the Debtors. The Liquidation Analysis is also based on the Debtors’ best judgment of how numerous decisions in the liquidation process would be resolved. Inevitably, some assumptions in the Liquidation Analysis would not materialize in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation, and unanticipated events and circumstances could materially affect the ultimate results in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation. In addition, the Debtors’ management and advisors cannot judge with any degree of certainty the recovery that may result in a Chapter 7 liquidation. The Liquidation Analysis was prepared for the sole purpose of generating a reasonably good faith estimate of the proceeds that would be generated if the Debtors were liquidated in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Liquidation Analysis is not intended, and should not be used, for any other purpose. All of the limitations and risk factors set forth in the combined Plan and Disclosure Statement are applicable to this Liquidation Analysis and are incorporated by reference herein. In particular, the underlying financial information in the Liquidation Analysis was not compiled or examined by any independent accountants in

accordance with the standards promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. No independent appraisals were conducted in preparing the Liquidation Analysis. NEITHER THE DEBTORS NOR THEIR ADVISORS MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES THAT THE ACTUAL RESULTS WOULD OR WOULD NOT APPROXIMATE THE ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS REPRESENTED IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS. ACTUAL RESULTS COULD VARY MATERIALLY.

In preparing the Liquidation Analysis, the Debtors estimated Allowed Claims based upon the Debtors' latest review of liabilities in the Debtors' books and records. The Liquidation Analysis includes estimates for Claims that could be asserted and Allowed in a Chapter 7 liquidation, including Administrative Expense Claims, wind-down costs, and trustee and professional fees required to facilitate disposition of remaining Assets in a value maximizing manner. The Debtors' estimate of Allowed Claims set forth in the Liquidation Analysis should not be relied upon for any other purpose, including determining the value of any Plan Distribution to be made on account of Allowed Claims under the Plan. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS IS INTENDED TO BE, OR CONSTITUTES, A CONCESSION, ADMISSION, OR ALLOWANCE OF ANY CLAIM BY THE DEBTOR. THE ACTUAL AMOUNT OR PRIORITY OF ALLOWED CLAIMS IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES COULD MATERIALLY DIFFER FROM THE ESTIMATED AMOUNTS SET FORTH AND USED IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS.

3. Liquidation Analysis Notes

A. Conversion Date and Appointment of a Chapter 7 Trustee

The Liquidation Analysis assumes a hypothetical conversion of the Debtors' Chapter 11 Cases to cases under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on or about April 30, 2026 (the "Conversion Date"). On the Conversion Date, it is assumed that the Bankruptcy Court would appoint one Chapter 7 trustee (the "Trustee") to oversee the liquidation of the Debtors' Estates. Should more than one Trustee be appointed to administer the Estates, lower recoveries and higher administrative costs could result and distributions to creditors could be delayed. In addition, distributions under Chapter 7 would likely take a longer period of time to be made and would likely be made in one final distribution at the end of the case. Under Chapter 11 and the Plan proposed by the Debtors, there may be one or more interim Plan Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims within a shorter period of time following the Effective Date, and subsequent final distributions after all remaining Liquidating Trust Assets are monetized.

B. Claims Estimates

Claims are estimated at the Conversion Date based on the Debtors' analysis and reconciliation of the claims register.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents represent actual book cash in the Debtors' operating bank account of ~\$1.26 million as of February 22, 2026. On the Conversion Date, the estimated value of Cash and Cash Equivalents is ~\$0.89 million.

D. Account Receivable (net of allowance)

There are no accounts receivable currently on the Debtors' books and records, and operations ceased following Closing of the Sale on December 29, 2025.

E. Other Assets

Other Liquidating Trust Assets primarily include Retained Causes of Action and the Chapter 5 Causes of Action included therein. It is assumed these Liquidating Trust Assets will have minimal recovery.

Specific Notes to the Liability Assumptions Contained in the Liquidation Analysis

The Liquidation Analysis assumes that the proceeds available for distribution (the “Liquidation Proceeds”) will be available to the Trustee. The Liquidation Analysis sets forth an allocation of the Liquidation Proceeds to creditors in accordance with the priorities set forth in section 726 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Liquidation Analysis provides for high and low recovery percentages for Claims upon the Trustee’s application of the Liquidation Proceeds. The high and low recovery ranges reflect a high and low range of estimated Liquidation Proceeds from the Trustee’s ability to recover the Assets.

Liquidation Proceeds

Under section 704 of the Bankruptcy Code, a Trustee must, among other duties, collect and convert property of the Estates as expeditiously as is compatible with the best interests of parties in interest, which could result in potentially distressed recoveries. The Liquidation Analysis assumes that the actual liquidation the Debtors’ remaining Assets is predominately completed as of the Conversion Date.

F. Chapter 11 Administrative Costs

Chapter 11 Administrative Costs represent all estimated unpaid post-petition liabilities due prior to the Chapter 7 conversion, including pre-Closing, post-petition payables. Additionally, TJF Financial, LLC shall receive an Allowed Administrative Claim in the amount of \$40,000 in full and final satisfaction of its asserted Administrative Claim during the Chapter 11 Cases.

G. Chapter 11 U.S. Trustee Fees

Chapter 11 U.S. Trustee Fees represent the estimated unpaid quarterly fees due under the U.S. Trustee fee program.

H. Chapter 7 Trustee Fees

Chapter 7 Trustee fees are necessary to facilitate the liquidation of the Debtors’ remaining Assets. These fees were calculated in accordance with section 326 of the Bankruptcy Code at 25% of the first \$5,000 liquidation proceeds, 10% of any proceeds greater than \$5,000 but less than \$50,000, 5% of any proceeds greater than \$50,000 but less than \$1 million, and 3% of any proceeds greater than \$1 million.

I. Chapter 7 Professional Fees

Chapter 7 Professional Fees consist of the costs of the professionals the Trustee will employ to assist with the liquidation process, including attorneys, and other advisors. The Liquidation Analysis assumes that the Trustee’s primary legal, accounting, consulting, and other support would be provided by new professionals. As such, fees and expenses incurred by the Trustee’s legal and professional counsel during a short liquidation are estimated to be \$200,000.

J. Liquidating Trust / Wind-Down Costs

The Liquidating Trust and Wind Down Costs include the costs considered likely to be incurred during the liquidation period. Significant liquidation activities would include but are not limited to: (i) closing of books and records, (ii) preparation of final tax filings, (iii) corporate maintenance and dissolution filings, and (iv)

other administrative expenses associated with closing the estates. It is assumed that the Liquidating Trustee and its professionals would be responsible for the wind-down activities during the liquidation period. Total Liquidating Trust and Wind-Down Costs are estimated to be approximately \$200,000.

K. Secured Claims

The Debtors are not aware of any Secured Claims with Liens on the Debtors' Cash. To the extent of any Allowed Secured Tax Claims secured by any Estate Property at the Excluded Restaurants, the Plan proposes to abandon any interest in such Estate Property in accordance with section 544 of the Bankruptcy Code with such Holders retaining the applicable Lien on the Estate Property being abandoned by the Debtors in accordance with all rights and priorities established by applicable state law. Accordingly, the Debtors do not believe any Allowed Secured Claims will be paid from the Cash being transferred to the Liquidating Trust.

L. Priority Unsecured Claims

Priority Claims represent estimated accrued and unpaid payroll and tax liabilities based on the current status of claims and certain payments made during the Chapter 11 Cases.

M. General Unsecured Claims

General Unsecured Claims reflect the Debtors' updated estimate of unsecured claims based on the current status of claims and certain payments, including critical vendor payments, and remain subject to further reconciliation and allowance.

N. Subordinated Unsecured Claims

The Liquidation Analysis does not account for any Subordinated Claims and in any event, the distribution waterfall is not expected to satisfy in full the Allowed Claims which are senior in priority to Subordinated Claims, if any.

O. Equity Interests Claims

All Equity Interests in Debtor Razzoo's, Inc. are wholly owned by Debtor Razzoo's Holdings, Inc., and therefore constitute Intercompany Interests. Both will be treated the same in a Chapter 7 Liquidation, the value of which is estimated to be \$0.

Exhibit B

Liquidating Trust Agreement

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION**

In re:

RAZZOO'S, INC., *et al.*,

Debtors.¹

Chapter 11

Case No. 25-90522 (ARP)

(Jointly Administered)

LIQUIDATING TRUST AGREEMENT

This Liquidating Trust Agreement (this “Agreement”), is made this [●] day of April, 2026 (the “Effective Date”), by and among Razzoo’s, Inc. and Razzoo’s Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the “Debtors”), as debtors in the above-captioned bankruptcy cases (the “Chapter 11 Cases”) pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division (the “Bankruptcy Court”), and Douglas J. Brickley, as Liquidating Trustee (in such capacity as Liquidating Trustee of the Liquidating Trust, the “Liquidating Trustee” or “Trustee”), for the benefit of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries (as defined in the Bankruptcy Court’s *Order Confirming Joint Chapter 11 Plan* [Docket No. ●] (the “Confirmation Order”) and the Debtors’ *Joint Combined Chapter 11 Plan and Disclosure Statement* (the “Plan”) attached thereto) entitled to proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets (as defined in the Plan).

RECITALS

A. Entry of the Confirmation Order (as defined in the Plan) shall constitute a finding that the Liquidating Trust exists and is a valid entity for purposes of all non-bankruptcy law.

B. This Cajun Café Liquidating Trust (the “Trust” or the “Liquidating Trust”) is established, pursuant to the Plan, as a liquidating trust for the sole purpose of liquidating the Liquidating Trust Assets, with no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business except to the extent reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of this Trust and the terms of the Plan.

C. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement and not defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan, or if not defined in the Plan, the meanings ascribed to them in the Bankruptcy Code.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements contained herein, and in the Plan; the Debtors and the Trustee agree as follows:

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: Razzoo’s, Inc. (9753) and Razzoo’s Holdings, Inc. (9608).

ARTICLE I
PURPOSE OF THE TRUST

The Liquidating Trust shall be established, in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d), only for the purposes of liquidating and distributing the Liquidating Trust Assets, including, but not limited to prosecuting and resolving objections to Disputed Claims against the Debtors, with no objective to continue or engage in the pursuit of a trade or business; *provided, however*, that the Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take all actions necessary and appropriate to pursue, collect and liquidate any Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Plan. Notwithstanding any other section of the Plan or this Agreement, it is the express intent that the Liquidating Trust shall survive until such purpose is either achieved or determined to be impracticable or impossible.

ARTICLE II
ESTABLISHMENT OF THE TRUST

A. Name of the Trust

The name of the Trust shall be the Cajun Café Liquidating Trust.

B. Transfer of Liquidating Trust Assets to the Trust

Except as otherwise provided by the Plan or this Agreement, on the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be deemed transferred to the Trust free and clear of all Claims and Interests, in accordance with section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code.

C. Title to the Liquidating Trust Assets

The Trustee shall hold title to the Liquidating Trust Assets for the benefit of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, subject to the terms of the Plan and this Agreement. The Liquidating Trust Assets will be treated for tax purposes as being transferred by the Debtors to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, and then by such Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries to the Trust in exchange for interests (the "Liquidating Trust Beneficial Interests") for the benefit of such Holders in accordance with the Plan. Accordingly, the Holders of the Liquidating Trust Beneficial Interests as of the Effective Date shall be treated for federal income tax purposes as the grantors and owners of their respective shares of the Trust. The foregoing treatment shall also apply, to the extent permitted by applicable law, for state and local and tax purposes.

D. Appointment of the Trustee

Pursuant to the Confirmation Order, Douglas J. Brickley has been designated to serve as the Trustee, and the Trustee hereby accepts such appointment and agrees to serve in such capacity, as of the Effective Date. The Trustee shall be deemed to be appointed pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(3)(B).

E. Rights of Debtors

On the Effective Date, the Trustee shall succeed to all of the Debtors' right, title and interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets, but subject to the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, and the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors, as applicable, will have no further interest in or with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets or this Trust. The Trustee shall be vested with all rights and discretion regarding the Liquidating Trust Assets. In no event shall any part of the Liquidating Trust Assets revert to or be distributed to the Debtors or Liquidating Debtors.

F. Grantors

Pursuant to the Plan, the Debtors have agreed to contribute certain property to the Trust and have agreed to the terms of this Agreement solely in their capacity as Grantors.

G. Nontransferability

The Liquidating Trust Beneficial Interests shall be nontransferable, except upon the Trustee's written consent, which may be withheld for any reason in the Trustee's sole and absolute discretion.

ARTICLE III
THE TRUSTEE

A. Authority of the Trustee

The Trustee is hereby empowered to, subject to the limitations set forth in this Agreement, take any and all actions to effectuate the purpose of the Trust. Without limiting the generality of the previous sentence, the Trustee shall have the power to, for the benefit of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries:

(i) receive, hold, manage, sell, prosecute, resolve, invest, supervise, protect and liquidate the Liquidating Trust Assets;

(ii) withdraw, make Plan Distributions, and pay taxes and other obligations owed by Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, or the Trust from the Cash held as Liquidating Trust Assets or otherwise received by the Trust in accordance with the Plan or applicable law;

(iii) execute, deliver, file, and record contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, certificates, and other agreements or documents, and take such actions, as it may deem reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate and implement the terms and conditions thereof or of the Plan;

(iv) calculate and implement Plan Distributions to Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries and other Holders of Allowed Claims out of the Liquidating Trust Assets or other Cash received and held by the Trust in accordance with the Plan;

(v) protect, preserve, and enforce the rights to, the Liquidating Trust Assets by any method deemed appropriate, including by judicial proceeding before the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction;

(vi) compromise, adjust, arbitrate, sue on or defend, abandon, or otherwise resolve or settle, in accordance with the terms hereof, Claims in favor of, or against, the Debtors, Liquidating Debtors, or the Trust;

(vii) determine and satisfy any and all liabilities created, incurred, or assumed by the Liquidating Debtors or the Trust;

(viii) pay all expenses of the Trust and make other payments relating to the Liquidating Trust Assets;

(iv) obtain and maintain insurance coverage with respect to the liabilities and obligations of the Trustee and the Trust (in the form of an errors and omissions policy, fiduciary policy, or otherwise);

(x) obtain and maintain insurance coverage with respect to real and personal property which may become Liquidating Trust Assets, if any;

(xi) retain and pay such third parties, including, one or more paying agents or counsel, as the Trustee may deem necessary or appropriate in its sole and reasonable discretion to assist the Trustee in carrying out its powers and duties to the Trust under this Agreement;

(xii) exercise such other powers as may be vested in or assumed by the Liquidating Debtors, the Trust or the Trustee pursuant to the Plan, Confirmation Order, or Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, or as may be necessary, proper and appropriate to carry out the provisions of the Plan;

(xiii) prosecute and resolve objections to Disputed Claims against the Debtors that are payable from the Liquidating Trust Assets; and

(xiv) file all necessary tax returns and other filings with Governmental Units on behalf of the Liquidating Debtors, the Trust and the Liquidating Trust Assets held therein pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

B. Limitations on Trustee's Authority

(i) The Trustee is not authorized to engage in any trade or business with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets, and shall engage only in activity reasonably necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of the Trust. All actions taken by the Trustee shall be consistent with the expeditious but orderly liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets as is required by applicable law and consistent with the treatment of the Trust as a liquidating trust under Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d).

(ii) In all circumstances, the Trustee shall act in the best interests of all Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries and in furtherance of the purpose of the Trust.

(iii) The Trustee shall liquidate and convert to Cash the Liquidating Trust Assets in an expeditious but orderly manner, make timely Plan Distributions, and not unduly prolong the duration of the Trust.

(iv) Any investments of the Cash portion of the Liquidating Trust Assets by the Trustee must be permitted investments for a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d), or under applicable Internal Revenue Service guidelines, rulings, or other controlling authority.

C. Discretion

Subject to express provisions of this Agreement and the Plan, the Trustee shall have absolute discretion to pursue, or not pursue, any and all claims, rights, or Causes of Action, as it determines is in the best interests of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries and consistent with the purposes of the Trust, and shall not have liability for the outcome of his decisions. The Trustee may incur any reasonable and necessary expenses in liquidating and converting the Liquidating Trust Assets to Cash.

D. Retention of Professionals

The Trustee may retain and reasonably compensate counsel and other professionals to assist in his duties as Trustee on such terms as the Trustee deems appropriate without Bankruptcy Court approval. The Trustee may retain any professional who represented parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases. The Trustee shall be entitled to rely, in good faith, on the advice of his or her retained professionals.

E. Liability of Trustee and His or Her Agents

Neither the Trustee, nor the employees, professionals, agents, and representatives of the Trust or the Trustee (collectively the "Covered Persons"), shall be held liable for actions taken or omitted in its capacity as, or on behalf of, the Trust or Trustee, except to the extent that such actions taken or not taken after the Effective Date by the Covered Persons are determined by Final Order to be solely due to such Covered Person's gross negligence, fraud, or willful misconduct. All Persons or Entities dealing with the Trustee shall look only to the Liquidating Trust Assets to satisfy any liability incurred by the Trustee in carrying out the terms of this Agreement, and, subject to the preceding portions of this section, none of the Covered Persons shall have any personal obligation to satisfy any such liability.

F. Compensation of the Trustee and Other Employees

Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall be compensated on an hourly basis at the Trustee's standard hourly rate, to be paid each month until the Chapter 11 Cases are dismissed or closed, and shall be entitled to reimbursement of all reasonable expenses incurred by the Trustee in discharging his duties hereunder. The Trustee may pay his or her compensation and other costs, expenses and repayment obligations of the Trust before approving or making any Plan Distributions to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

G. Exculpation; Indemnification

All of the Covered Persons shall be, and hereby are, exculpated by all Persons and Entities, including the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, from any and all claims, Causes of Action and other assertions of liability arising out of the discharge of the powers and duties conferred upon them by the Plan, this Agreement, or any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court entered pursuant to, or in furtherance of, the Plan, or by applicable law, except for actions or omissions that are determined by a Final Order to have arisen out of its or their own willful misconduct, fraud, or gross negligence. No Person or Entity shall have, or be permitted to pursue, any claim or Cause of Action against any of the Covered Persons for making payments in accordance with the Plan, or for implementing any other provision of the Plan. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Trust shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Covered Persons from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees, disbursements, and related expenses that the Covered Persons may incur or to which the Covered Persons may become subject in connection with any actions or inactions in their capacity as such, except for actions or inactions involving willful misconduct, fraud, or gross negligence. The Covered Persons shall be entitled to obtain advances from the Trust to cover their reasonable fees and expenses incurred in defending any such actions or inactions. The foregoing indemnity in respect of any Covered Person shall survive the termination of such Covered Person from the capacity for which they are indemnified.

H. Termination

The duties, responsibilities and powers of the Trustee shall terminate on the date the Trust is dissolved; *provided, however*, that Article III, Sections E - G shall survive such termination and dissolution.

I. Resignation, Death, or Removal

The Trustee or any successor trustee may resign upon thirty (30) days' notice by an instrument in writing signed by the Trustee and filed with the Bankruptcy Court. The Trustee or any successor may be removed at any time with or without cause by the Bankruptcy Court. Any party in interest may apply to the Bankruptcy Court for an order removing the Trustee for cause, with the determination of cause left to the reasonable discretion of the Bankruptcy Court. In the event of the removal of the Trustee, the Trustee shall be entitled to immediate payment of all compensation earned through and including the effective date of such removal.

J. Successor Trustee

In the event of resignation, death, or removal, as provided herein, any party in interest, any professional for the Trustee, the Trustee, or the United States Trustee may seek to designate a successor trustee and the Bankruptcy Court shall appoint a successor trustee to perform the duties, functions, and obligations, and to exercise the rights and authority of Liquidating Trustee, as described in the Plan. Any successor to the initial Trustee shall execute an instrument accepting such appointment and shall file such acceptance with the Trust records and with the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE IV **DISTRIBUTIONS**

A. Plan Distributions to Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries

The Trustee shall distribute Cash in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, beginning on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is practicable, from the Liquidating Trust Assets on hand (including any Cash received from the Debtors on the Effective Date), except such amounts (i) as would be distributable to a holder of a Disputed Claim if such Disputed Claim had been Allowed, prior to the time of such Plan Distribution (but only until such Claim is resolved), (ii) as are reasonably necessary to meet contingent liabilities and to maintain the value of the Liquidating Trust Assets during litigation, (iii) to pay reasonable expenses (including, but not limited to, any taxes imposed on the Trust or in respect of the Liquidating Trust Assets), and (iv) to satisfy other liabilities incurred by the Trust in accordance with the Plan or this Agreement. The timing and amount of each Plan Distribution by the Trustee shall be determined by the Trustee and shall be consistent with the terms set forth in the Plan, any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court, and this Agreement.

B. Priority of Distribution of Liquidating Trust Assets

The Liquidating Trust, through the Liquidating Trustee, shall be responsible for distributing Liquidating Trust Assets, or the proceeds thereof, on account of the following Claims or Interests in the order of priority shown: (i) to satisfy outstanding Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims, if any; then (ii) to satisfy outstanding Other Secured Claims on the Debtors' Cash, if any; then (iii) to satisfy Allowed General Unsecured Claims on a Pro Rata basis; then (iv) to satisfy Allowed Subordinated Claims, if any, on a Pro Rata basis; and finally, (v) to satisfy Allowed Equity Interests in accordance with such preferences or priorities as provided in the Plan. For the avoidance of doubt, all expenses of the Liquidating Trust that are directly related to the administration of the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be taxed against the gross proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets and shall be satisfied prior to any subsequent Plan Distributions. Other than the enumerated Claims, no other Claims against the Debtors or their Estates shall be charged against the Liquidating Trust.

C. Administration of Distributions

(i) Manner of Payment. At the option of the Trustee, any Cash payment to be made hereunder may be made by a check or wire transfer.

(ii) No Fractional Payments. Whenever a payment of a fraction of a dollar would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding down to the nearest whole dollar.

(iii) De Minimis Distributions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan or this Agreement, the Trustee shall not be required to distribute Cash to a Liquidating Trust Beneficiary if the amount of Cash to be distributed on account of such Claim is less than \$50. Any Holder of an Allowed Claim on account of which the amount of Cash to be distributed is less than \$50 shall have such Claim discharged and shall be forever barred from asserting any such Claim against the Liquidating Debtors, the Trust, or their respective property. Any Cash not

distributed pursuant to this provision shall be the property of the trust, free of any restrictions thereon. The Trustee may, in his or her sole discretion, remit any Cash not distributed or otherwise utilized by the Trust pursuant to this section of Agreement to the State of Texas and/or pay such Cash into the registry of the Bankruptcy Court.

(iv) Setoffs. The Trustee may set off against any Plan Distributions to be made to a Liquidating Trust Beneficiary hereunder, claims, rights and Causes of Action of any nature that the Trustee may at any time hold against such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary; *provided, however*, that neither the failure to effect such a setoff nor the allowance of any Claim under or in accordance with the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release by the Trustee of any such claim, right and Causes of Action that the Trustee may at any time possess against such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary.

(v) Disputed Payments. If any dispute arises as to the identity of a Liquidating Trust Beneficiary who is to receive any Plan Distribution, the Trustee may, in lieu of making such Plan Distribution to such Person, make reserve for such Plan Distribution. Such Plan Distribution shall be held in reserve until the disposition thereof shall be determined by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction or by written agreement among the interested parties to such dispute.

(vi) Unclaimed Distributions. In the event any Plan Distribution to any Liquidating Trust Beneficiary is returned as undeliverable, the Trustee shall use commercially reasonable efforts to determine the current address of such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary. No additional Plan Distribution shall be made to such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary until the Trustee has notified in writing of such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary's then-current address, at which time the Plan Distribution shall be made to such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary. The Trustee shall file a *Notice of Distribution* within ten (10) Business Days of the date on which Plan Distributions are made under the Plan, which notice shall also identify any Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries having failed to return an executed Request for Tax Form. All Claims for undelivered or undeliverable Plan Distributions must be made no later than sixty (60) days following the date that the *Notice of Distribution* is filed. After such date, all unclaimed Plan Distributions will revert to the Trust for distribution in accordance with this the Plan and this Agreement, and the Claim or Equity Interest of any Liquidating Trust Beneficiary with respect to such Plan Distribution will be discharged and forever barred. Checks issued in respect of Allowed Claims or Equity Interests will be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance thereof.

(vii) Abandonment. The Trustee may abandon, in any commercially reasonable manner, any property that the Trustee reasonably concludes is of no benefit to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

ARTICLE V
DISSOLUTION OF TRUST

A. Dissolution

The Trust shall terminate upon the date on which all of the following events (each, a “Termination Condition,” and, collectively, the “Termination Conditions”) have occurred: (i) the dissolution of the Liquidating Debtors pursuant to the Plan; (ii) the Liquidating Trust Assets, including Retained Causes of Action transferred and assigned to the Trust, are fully resolved, abandoned or liquidated in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement; (iii) all Cash has been completely distributed in accordance with the Plan, Settlement Term Sheet, and this Agreement; (iv) all tax returns and any other filings or reports have been filed with the appropriate state or federal regulatory authorities; and (v) the order closing the Chapter 11 Cases is a Final Order. Upon the occurrence of each of the foregoing events, the duties, responsibilities and powers of the Trustee shall terminate, and the Trustee shall be discharged. Except in the circumstances set forth below, the Trustee shall dissolve the Trust in accordance with the provisions of this section no later than five (5) years after the Effective Date in accordance with applicable IRS revenue procedures.

The Bankruptcy Court may extend the term of the Trust one or more times (not to exceed a total of four (4) extensions, unless the Trustee receives a favorable ruling from the IRS that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Trust as a liquidating trust for federal income tax purposes) for a finite period upon a showing of good cause and based on the particular circumstance at issue. Each such extension must be approved by the Bankruptcy Court with notice thereof to all unpaid Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

Notwithstanding any other section of the Plan or this Agreement, it is the express intent that the Trust shall survive until each of the Termination Conditions have either occurred or be determined to be impracticable or impossible. To the extent that the Trust shall be deemed terminated pursuant to applicable law at any time prior to the occurrence of each Termination Condition, the Trustee shall not be discharged, but shall have such “wind-up” powers, both express and implied, as are necessary to achieve all outstanding Termination Conditions, including, but, not limited to the authority to: (i) continue prosecuting any Causes of Action belonging to the Trust; (ii) continue Claim administration responsibilities set forth in the Plan; and (iii) distribute the Cash proceeds of the Liquidating Trust Assets in a manner consistent with this Agreement. In no event shall the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries be entitled to receive in-kind distributions of the Liquidating Trust Assets.

B. Post-Dissolution

Upon liquidation and distribution of all the Liquidating Trust Assets, the Trustee shall retain the books, records and files that shall have been created by the Trustee; *provided, however*, that at his or her sole discretion, all of such records and documents may be destroyed at any time following the date of final distribution of Liquidating Trust Assets as the Trustee deems appropriate (unless the records and documents are necessary to fulfill the Trustee’s obligations pursuant to this Agreement).

ARTICLE VI
AMENDMENT AND WAIVER

A. Amendment; Waiver

The Trustee may amend, supplement, or waive any non-substantive provision of this Agreement, without notice to or the consent of any Liquidating Trust Beneficiary or the approval of the Bankruptcy Court, in order to: (i) cure any nonmaterial or non-substantive ambiguity, omission, defect, or inconsistency in this Agreement, provided that such amendments, supplements or waivers shall not adversely affect (a) the Plan Distributions to any of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, or (b) the U.S. federal income status of the Trust as a “liquidating trust”; (ii) comply with any requirements in connection with the U.S. federal income tax status of the Trust as a “liquidating trust”; or (iii) expand, add to, or modify the original stated purpose of the Trust. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, any amendments, supplements, or waivers of the provisions of this Agreement shall not be inconsistent with the purpose and intention of the Trust to liquidate in an expeditious but orderly manner the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 301.7701-4(d).

ARTICLE VII
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Intention to Establish Grantor Trust

This Agreement is intended to create a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes and, to the extent provided by applicable law, shall be governed and construed in all respects as such a trust. Any ambiguity herein shall be construed consistent with that intent and, if necessary, this Agreement may be amended to comply with such federal income tax laws, which amendments may apply retroactively.

B. Laws as to Construction

Except as to formation of the Trust, which shall be deemed effective upon the Effective Date, this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without giving effect to the rules governing the conflict of law which would require the application of the law of another jurisdiction.

C. Severability

If any provision of this Agreement or application thereof to any Person, Entity, or circumstance shall be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable to any extent, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to Persons, Entities, or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby, and such provision of this Agreement shall be valid and enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law.

D. Notices

Any notice of other communication hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given, for all purposes, if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office box, or transmitted by telex, facsimile or other telegraphic means, or sent by a nationally recognized overnight delivery service, addressed to the person for whom such notice is intended at the appropriate address set forth below, or such other address as may be provided to the other parties in writing.

If to the Trustee:

Cajun Café Liquidating Trust
Attn: Douglas J. Brickley
dbrickley@stout.com

E. Notices if to a Beneficiary

Subject to any transfer recognized by the Trustee as set forth in Article I, Section G of this Agreement, any notice or other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given, for all purposes, if deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office box, or transmitted by telex, facsimile or other telegraphic means, or sent by a nationally recognized overnight delivery service, addressed to the person for whom such notice is intended to the name and address set forth in the case of a Liquidating Trust Beneficiary, on such Liquidating Trust Beneficiary's Proof of Claim, or if no Proof of Claim is filed, the address listed on the Debtors' Schedules or as listed in any other notice filed with the Bankruptcy Court and, if applicable, the Trust or such other means reasonably calculated to apprise the Liquidating Trust Beneficiary.

F. Headings

The section headings contained herein are solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement or any term or provision hereof.

G. Plan

The terms of this Agreement are intended to supplement the terms provided by the Plan and the Confirmation Order. However, in the event of any direct conflict or inconsistency between any provision of this Agreement, on the one hand, and the provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order, on the other hand, the provisions this Agreement shall govern and control.

H. Entire Agreement

This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the parties and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements or understanding between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof.

I. Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument. A facsimile or electronic mail signature of any party shall be considered to have the same binding legal effect as an original signature.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have either executed and acknowledged this Agreement or caused it to be executed and acknowledged on their behalf by their duly authorized officers all as of the date first written above.

Razzoo's, Inc., et al.

Signature: _____

Name: Philip Parsons

Title: Authorized Representative

Cajun Café Liquidating Trust

Signature: _____

Name: Douglas J. Brickley

Title: Liquidating Trustee

Exhibit C

Schedule of Retained Causes of Action

Schedule of Retained Causes of Action

Pursuant to the *Joint Combined Chapter 11 Plan and Disclosure Statement* (as may be further amended, modified, or supplemented, the “Plan”),¹ the Liquidating Trust is being established as a grantor trust for the purpose of liquidating and distributing the Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries in accordance with the Plan. Liquidating Trust Assets is defined in the Plan to include, among other things, all Retained Causes of Action, Avoidance Actions (to the extent designated as Excluded Claims as defined in the Sale Order and accompanying APA), and the proceeds thereof.

The Retained Causes of Action set forth below are not being released, are expressly preserved, and constitute Liquidating Trust Assets that will be transferred to the Liquidating Trust. In addition, unless a Cause of Action that is not otherwise listed below as a Retained Cause of Action has previously been expressly waived, relinquished, released, compromised or settled in the Plan, Confirmation Order, or any other Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtors expressly reserve such Causes of Action (including any counterclaims) as Retained Causes of Action for later adjudication by the Liquidating Trustee on behalf of the Liquidating Trust. Therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, waiver, estoppel (judicial, equitable or otherwise) or laches shall apply to such Retained Causes of Action (including counterclaims) on or after the Confirmation Date. All Retained Causes of Action shall be preserved for the benefit of the Liquidating Debtors, collectively and individually, and the Liquidating Trust, as appropriate, whether or not brought by the Debtor(s) prior to the Effective Date of the Plan.

Without limiting the generality of Article VIII, Section F of the Plan, the following shall constitute Retained Causes of Action:

1. Causes of Action Designated as “Excluded Actions” in the Sale Order and APA

Retained Causes of Action shall include all Causes of Action defined as Excluded Claims and designated as Excluded Assets pursuant to the Sale Order and APA.

2. Causes of Action Related to Avoidance Actions

Retained Causes of Action shall include, to the extent included as Excluded Assets as defined in the Sale Order and APA, all Causes of Action in which property is recoverable under sections 542, 543, 550, or 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, and/or a transfer is avoidable under sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Such Causes of Action, specifically include, but are not limited to, any and all potential preference claims under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code related to transfers made within the ninety (90) days before the Debtors’ Petition Date on account of an antecedent debt owed by the respective Debtor as identified by the Debtors in their respective Statement of Financial Affairs.²

¹ Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Plan.

² Reference to documents in the record of the Chapter 11 Cases shall mean that such documents referenced are incorporated herein as if copied *in extenso*.

Further, Retained Causes of Action specifically include, but are not limited to, any and all potential Insider preference claims under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code related to transfers to an Insider made between the ninety (90) days and one (1) year before the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases on account of an antecedent debt owed by any Debtor as identified by the Debtors in their respective Statement of Financial Affairs.

Further, such Causes of Action specifically include, but are not limited to, any and all potential fraudulent transfer claims as may be asserted under Bankruptcy Code sections 544 and 548, and the applicable state law fraudulent transfer statutes, to transfers made within the applicable lookback time period applicable to the particular fraudulent transfer statute, including any and all transfers identified by the Debtors in their respective Statement of Financial Affairs (specifically including all transfers previously identified in this paragraph) and any transfers made to Insiders.

3. Causes of Action Related to Current or Former Insiders and/or Related Entities

Retained Causes of Action shall include, to the extent included as Excluded Assets as defined in the Sale Order and APA, all Causes of Action against or related to all current or former Insiders (including directors and/or officers) and/or related Entities, including claims or actions, litigation, arbitration, or any other type of adversarial proceeding or dispute resolution proceeding, whether formal or informal, judicial or non-judicial. Such Causes of Action specifically include, but are not limited to: (i) any claims against such parties for mismanagement and/or the breach of any fiduciary duty arising under applicable law, including without limitation, the duties of loyalty and care; and (ii) any and all potential claims related to transfers made within the four (4) year period before the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, specifically including those transfers identified by the Debtors in their respective Statement of Financial Affairs.

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